PRESCRIPTION
DRUG STORE
D. E. CAMPBELL,
PROPRIETOR.

The Daily Colonist.

WE NEVER SLEEP, ALWAYS OPEN
CHAS. E. JONES.
PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRESCRIPTION PHARMACY. 36 Government Street.

VOL. LXVIII.---NO 35. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA SUNDAY JULY 24, 1892. THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR.

LOTS FOR SALE.
A Bargain on Liberal Terms.
FOR $750 LESS THAN THE CITY ASSESSOR'S VALUATION.

9 Lots on Spring Ridge, adjacent to the residences of Mr. Henry Saunders and Mr. Wm. Dalby.

PRICE $4 000, ASSESSED AT $4,750

TERMS—One-third cash, one-third in six months, balance in 12 months. Interest on deferred payments at 7 per cent. per annum.
Also for sale 44 lots on Cadboro Bay Road for $3,000 less than the City Assessor's valuation. Liberal terms.

W. & J. WILSON, - - - 83 Government Street.
je21

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN
REAL ESTATE,
Fire, Life, and Financial Agents.

$150,000 TO LOAN
In sums of $1,000 to $25,000, on approved securities at current rates of interest.

NO. 28 FORT STREET, - FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

BOURCHIER & CO.
SYNDICATE
—AND—
ESTATE - BROKERS,
Fort Street.

THE PHŒNIX
LAGER BEER.
The Finest Brewed and a Credit to Victoria. Try it! Orders No. 1 Trounce Ave., P. O. Box 184, Telephones 12 and 97.
jy16

It is Money we Want!

AS WE HAVE a large stock of goods which MUST be cleared off before the end of August, we are rushing them off at prices away below the regular figures. Try us and see.
DAVIDSON BROS.,
Five Sisters' Block, 59 Government Street.

The Manufacturing Jewellers.

ASK FOR
OGILVIE'S
HUNGARIAN FLOUR
The Largest Individual Milling Business in the World.
Total Capacity 8,000 Barrels per day.
POSITIVELY THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
For sale by all dealers and grocers.
G. M. LEISHMAN, AGENT FOR B. C. jul8

Ex. Barque Irvine, now Landing.
Norwegian and English Lager Beer
BASS' ALE, Bottled by Foster.
GUINNESS' STOUT, Bottled by Foster.
The Celebrated Four Crown Scotch Whisky
Brown's Old Irish Whisky.
Green and Red Gin.
Lime Juice Cordial.
TURNER, BEETON & CO
fe9

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LADY and Gentlemen agents in all cities and towns to sell the Howard Combination Sign. See business men only; $10 to $25 per day. Address with stamp, The Howard Sign Manufacturing Co., Sedalia, Mo. jy24

ESTATE OF M. W. WAITT, DECEASED.

ALL claims against the late firm of M W. Waitt & Co. must be sent to the undersigned, duly certified, on or before the first of September, 1892 and all persons indebted to the above late firm, must pay their accounts by that date, otherwise they will be placed in the hands of a lawyer for collection.
From this date, until further notice, no credit will be given at the Book and Music Stores of the late firm, except to firms of good standing. All transactions to be strictly cash.
H. KENT,
Victoria, B. C., July 23, 1892. jy24 Executor.

FOR THE NORTH
STEAMER
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
—WILL SAIL ON—
TUESDAY, JULY 26,
At 7 p. m., from Porter's Wharf, for
Fort Simpson, Naas & Way Ports.
For Freight or passage apply to
J. D. WARREN,
jy24 22 Trounce Ave.

C. P. N. CO., L D.
STEAMER
Princess Louise
(Capt. McCulloch)
Will leave from Rithet's Inner Wharf for
Skidegate and Way Landings
On TUESDAY, JULY 26th, at 6 o'clock p.m.
For freight and passage, apply at the office of the Company, Wharf street.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING,
jy24 Manager.

Vancouver and Lulu Island
RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE.
Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon on Monday, 8th August, 1892, for the
Clearing, Close-Cutting, Grubbing and Grading
Of this railway between the CITY BOUNDARY and the NORTH ARM of the Fraser River.
Plan and profile can be seen, and specification and form of tender obtained at the office of Mr. H. J. Cambie, Resident Engineer, Canadian Pacific Railway, on and after Tuesday, the 26th instant.
The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
J. D. TOWNLEY,
Secretary.
Vancouver, B. C., 21st July, 1892 jy24

Tsouhalim, - Quamichan!
VANCOUVER ISLAND.
Messrs. FORBES & SCOTT have been favored with instructions from SIMEON LEATHER, Esq., who is leaving the neighborhood to offer by Public Auction, on
Friday and Saturday, Aug. 5 and 6
On the above named premises.
(Unless previously disposed of as a whole by private treaty) the following valuable property, Stock and Furniture:
LOT I. A valuable and attractive Freehold Estate of 100 acres, situated 3 miles from Duncan's Station, 1 mile from English Church and Tennis Club, and under 2 miles from store and post office; the house stands in a beautiful valley looking on Cowichan Bay, with a south by west aspect, and is completely sheltered from the east and north by the Tsouhailim Mountain. There are 15 acres cleared, 2 acres in garden and orchard, most productive of the choicest fruit. 35 acres more would well repay clearing, suitable for fruit or grazing. The vegetation is never injured by spring frosts. Accommodation—2 entertaining rooms, 20 feet square, front hall, 14 x 20 feet; verandah, 68x9; 6 bedrooms, bath room, dairy, store room, pantry, lavatory, (hot and cold water), kitchen, (hot and cold water supply), wood shed, 4 stall stable loose box, harness room, coach house and laundry, hay loft with living room over barn and tieing for 19 cattle, and Chinaman's cottage. There is a continuous supply of water from a spring on the mountain.
LOT II. A three year old filley out of a Hambletonian mare, pair of ponies, (aged), two milch cows, pair horse buggy harness, and a quantity of agricultural and stable implements and dairy utensils
LOT III. All the elegant household furniture and effects comprised in the above premises, including a fine English piano, and a valuable library of 500 volumes.
The residence is one of the best situated on the Island, and commands picturesque and extensive views of the surrounding country. The temperature is ten degrees warmer in winter, and cooler in summer than Duncans.
The sale will commence each day at 11 o'clock, and a cold collation will be provided. Complete catalogue will be ready in a few days, and together with particulars and conditions of sale, can be obtained from MR. DALY, Quamichan Hotel, Duncans; S. LEATHER, Esq., Quamichan, or of the Auctioneers,
FORESTER & SCOTT.
jy21 Nanaimo, B. C.

Victoria Building Society
THE semi-annual general meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad street, opposite View, on Friday, the 29th of July, 1892, at 8 p.m., to receive the Secretary's half yearly statement and balance sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting, after which will be held the 27th drawing for an appropriation. See that your shares are in good standing.
By Order,
A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.
A few shares on hand which can be taken up by applying to the Secretary at his office, 46 Fort street. jy23

Reduced Rates.

The fare on the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays will be $1 50 from Victoria to Shawnigan Lake and return, and 75 cents from Victoria to Goldstream and return. *

HOMESTEAD'S TRAGEDY.

Another Striking Scene in the Absorbing Drama of "Capital and Labor."

Murderous Assault Upon Mr. Fricke, Manager of the Carnegie Works.

The Miners Repudiate the Outrage and Express Their Sympathy With the Victim.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 23.—Henry C. Fricke, head chief and practically the absolute dictator of the great Carnegie Iron and Steel enterprise, the controller of the Coke industries of the western part of the State, and the possessor of a fortune variously estimated at from five to ten million dollars, was shot and, perhaps, fatally wounded at 1:45 this afternoon in his private office on the sixth floor of the Chronicle-Telegraph building on 5th avenue. A moment before the tragedy a young man neatly dressed, entered the elevator car on the first floor and asked to be let out at the office of the chairman of the company. The elevator man, while the car was ascending, noticed that his passenger acted rather nervously and had a wild look in his eyes, but, accustomed as he has been, during the past few days, to seeing all sorts and conditions of men, he did not give the matter a second thought. Leaving the car, the stranger proceeded across the hall and entered Mr. Fricke's outer office and requested the usher to take him to Mr. Fricke. The boy, who recognized his visitor as a man who called yesterday and was refused an audience, complied with the request, and immediately after the voice of Mr. Fricke was heard in the outside office saying "Let him come in." The man stepped briskly into the private office. What brief conversation passed between the two men is not known; but it was hardly more than a minute before there was a noise like a scuffle, and then a shot rang out on the air. Before the startled clerks in the other office could rush to the scene there were three more shots. The first man to enter the room found Mr Fricke hanging on to his assailant while blood was streaming from his wounds.

At the sight of the clerk the would-be assassin shook himself loose from his victim and dashed out of the door, but instead of taking to the stairs he made a bound into the elevator car, which was standing there with the door open at the time. The elevator man had sufficient presence of mind to hold him in the car until the arrival of Officers McRoberts and Crossin, who placed him under arrest. In the meantime an immense crowd had began to gather in the streets, and when the officers appeared with their prisoner, who was pale and trembling, with his clothing spattered with blood, there were hundreds of groans and howls, intermingled with cries of "shoot him," "lynch the murderer." It was with difficulty that the officers succeeded in conveying the man in safety to the patrol box, at the corner of Wood street and 5th avenue, from which the patrol was summoned. He was roughly pushed into the vehicle and taken to the central station, where he gave the name of Alexander Berkman, and said that he resided on Forty-second street, New York. He was, he said, a Russian Jew, had been in America six years and in Pittsburg two days. He has been stopping at the Merchants' hotel, on Water street. When questioned regarding his occupation, he said he had been a compositor on a New York paper but declined to give its name. When being searched, a number of 38 calibre cartridges were found in his coat pocket. During the process of searching he became wildly excited and deathly pale. It was the general impression of all who saw him at this juncture that he was undoubtedly demented. Before being locked up he was asked if he knew Mr. Fricke, and replied in the affirmative. "Why did you shoot him?" was asked, and with a half hysterical gurgle, he replied, "I guess you know that."

Immediately after the tragedy, all the physicians in the neighborhood were summoned to Mr. Fricke's office. Mr. Fricke, though suffering great pain, retained consciousness. The medical aspect of the case was summed up, to-night, by Dr. Murdock, one of the attending surgeons and a practitioner of international repute, in this form: "I am of opinion that Mr. Fricke's wounds are serious, although not necessarily dangerous. One of the balls entered the left side of his neck and was taken out on the right side. This ball passed through the base of the skull. The other ball entered the right side of the neck, near the base of the skull, took a downward course and lodged under the left shoulder blade. Both these balls have been extracted. He also received two knife wounds, one in the left side of the stomach and another in the left hip. The wounds in the neck are the most serious, but I do not think any of them will prove fatal." The coolness of Mr. Fricke during and subsequent to the attack upon him was almost incredible. Mr. Leishman, vice-Chairman of the Carnegie company, was the first to rush into the office when the shots were fired. The crazy Russian turned a revolver upon him, whereupon Mr. Fricke, though blood was flowing from his wounds, arose, knocked the Russian's arm up, and seizing him, forced him to the floor. It was then the fellow inflicted the knife wounds. Burkman then freed himself and made his rush for the elevator. Mr. Frick maintained his self-possession while the surgeons operated upon him, and refused to be put under the influence of chloroform. When they were through he called for some letters which were to have been mailed this evening, and, being propped up, affixed his signature to the documents. Then he was placed on a couch and fell into a sound sleep. When he awoke he summoned the heads of departments, and gave instructions regarding matters to be attended to on Monday. He was then removed in an ambulance to his home. He said he would be back on Monday. A crowd of over 2 000 witnessed his departure, and there were many exclamations of pity and sorrow as the unfortunate man was being carried across the sidewalk. While at the office Mr. Fricke requested that his wife, who is in delicate health, should not be brought to the office. Mrs. Fricke, only eight or ten days ago, became the mother of a little boy.

At midnight Mr. Fricke was resting comfortably.

Burkman, after his arrest, was locked up, and when searched later by the Superintendent of Police McMar, he refused to open his mouth. It was forced open, and beneath his tongue was found a dynamite cartridge, which was subsequently ascertained to be identical with the cartridge used by Louis Ling, the Chicago Anarchist, when he committed suicide while awaiting execution for complicity in the Haymarket massacre. It was remembered that Burkman had since been working his jaws considerably, and it is supposed some imperfection prevented the explosion of the bomb and thus frustrated his suicidal intentions. Repeated ineffectual efforts were made to-night to persuade the prisoner to talk. He would not say what had brought him to Pittsburg, whether he had been sent or whether he came of his own accord.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Nothing is apparently known by the officers of the Typographical Union here regarding the identity of the murderer of Mr. Fricke. A member of the union says to-night that he had known a man named Burkman, who was a hanger-around in Chicago about the time of the Haymarket trouble at the printing office of John Most's Freeheit. It was said that over a year ago a young man named Burkman worked there as a sort of apprentice, and that he was an Anarchist of the most violent type. He did not get along with his associates. His name appeared on the pay roll, the last time, on July 4, 1891.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 23.---Amongst the strikers at the Union mines at Duquesne and Braddock, the news of the shooting of Fricke was received with general expressions of regret. At Homestead many workmen did not conceal their satisfaction, and such expressions were heard as: "A pity it did not kill the damned rascal," "That's good news." One old man shouted, "Glory to God!"

YOUNGSTOWN, Pa., July 23.—Ten thousand iron workers from this vicinity held a mass meeting here to-day to show their sympathy for the Homestead strikers, and adopted resolutions asking for the arrest of Carnegie, Fricke and others on the charge of murder. While it was in session the word was received that Fricke was shot, and the greatest excitement prevailed. Some cheered, but a majority regretted that the crime had been committed, and were overjoyed to learn that the assailant was not a locked out workman. Several speakers from Homestead were present, among them big Burgess McLuckie, who is under a $10,000 bond for murder. The feature of McLuckie's speech was a criticism of the McKinley Bill. He also said, when referring to Fricke. "I cannot say I am sorry he was shot."

HOMESTEAD, Pa., July 23.—At a regular meeting of the advisory board of Homestead held to-night, resolutions were passed deploring the act of the individual, "Not connected with our trouble or association, and condemning the unlawful act of the wounding of Henry Clay Fricke, and tendering our sympathy thereby."

MANITOBA ELECTIONS.

The Greenway Government Sustained at the Polls by a Fair Majority.

Two Cabinet Ministers and the Leader of the Opposition Rejected by Constituencies.

(Special to The COLONIST).

WINNIPEG, July 23.—The Manitoba elections, to-day, resulted in a victory for the Greenway Government. Up to midnight, the returns show the election of 22 Government, 15 Opposition and 1 Independent, two seats remaining to hear from. In Winnipeg, the Government carried three seats by a sweeping majority, but lost Brandon by fourteen majority. Two cabinet ministers were beaten, Smart, in Brandon, and McLean, in Dennis, while Roblin, the leader of the Opposition, was defeated in Morden. The returns are as follows:

Constituency.	*Government.*	*Opposition.*
Avondale		S. M. Hartney.
Beautiful Plains		J. A. Davidson.
Birtle	C. J. Mickle	
Brandon City		W A. Macdonald
Carillon		M. Jerome
Cypress	W. Doig	
Dennis		J. F. Frame
Deloraine		T. H. Kellett
Dauphin		
Emerson		Dr. McFadden
Killarney	F. M. Young	
Kildonan		N. F. Hagel
Lakeside	Dr. Rutherford	
Lansdowne	E. J. Dickson	
La Verandye		W. Lagimodiere
Lorne		R. G. O'Malley
Manitou	R. Ironside	
Minnedosa	R H. Myers	
Morden	J. Duncan	
Morris		A. F. Martin
Mountain	T. Greenway	
Norfolk		R. F. Lyons
N. Brandon	C Sifton	
Pipela Prairie	R. Watson	
Rockwood	S. J. Jackson	
Rosenfeld	F. Winkler	
Rhineland	V. Winkler	
Russell		J. Fisher (Ind.)
Saskatchew'n	D. McNaught	
St. Andrew's		
St. Boniface		Marion
Souris	A M. Campbell	
S Brandon	H. C. Grahame	
Springfield	T. Smith	
Turtle M'nt'n		Dr. Shaffner
Westbourne	Martin	
C. Winnipeg	D. H. McMillan	
N. Winnipeg	P. C. McIntyre	
S. Winnipeg	J. D. Cameron	
Woodlands		H. Armstrong

The following are some of the majorities: Winnipeg South, Cameron, 150 majority; Centre Winnipeg, McMillan, Government, 624 majority; North Winnipeg, McIntyre, Government, 319 majority; Portage la Prairie, Watson, Government, 100 majority: Brandon City, MacDonald, Opposition, 12 majority over Smart, cabinet minister. Mr. Greenway has 33 majority in his constituency, with one strong point to hear from.

A Positive Fact.

Lange & Co. are selling their choice stock of jewellery at cost. Ill-health obliges them to retire from business as quickly as possible. Any one wishing to make bargains in their line should call early, ere they dispose of the entire stock to some one in the trade. All work done by them during their stay in business will be guaranteed, as usual. The guarantee will hold good after retiring from business. tf

The purest Jams are O'Kell & Morris'.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Capture of Bouchard, the Smuggler, and Discovery of Contraband.

Kennedy F. Burns, M.P., to be Lieut.-Governor of New Brunswick.

Changes in Customs Returns Particularly Affecting British Columbia.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, July 23.—It is reported, this evening, that a detachment of "B" battery captured Bouchard the famous smuggler and his schooner at Isle aux Coudres. Near Bouchard's house, thirty barrels of whisky were discovered. Bouchard was brought to Quebec, and will be tried for resisting the lawful authorities.

Commencing this month, the trade returns of British Columbia will be included in the monthly Department statement. Collectors are required to forward returns here early.

It is reported that Kennedy Burns, M.P. for Gloucester, will be the new Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick. Mr. Burns was born at Thomastown, Tipperary, Ireland, 8th Jan., 1842. Educated at Halifax and St. John. He is a merchant and mill-owner, served in the Vol. Militia Force for a number of years, and retired with the rank of captain, in 1874. He sat for Gloucester in the Legislative Assembly, N.B., from 1874 to 1878. First returned to the Commons at general election 1882 and re-elected at last general election.

CANADA AT BISLEY.

Dominion Riflemen Carry Off Ten Prizes in Alexandra Cup Competition.

Other Successful Competitors From This Important Colony.

LONDON, July 23.—Staff-Sergeant Simpson, of the Twelfth Battalion, won first place in the Tid-Bits competition, at Bisley.

The Canadian team won ten prizes in the match for Alexandra cup competition.

Four of the Canadian team have won places in the second stage of the Queen's prize. Lieut. Revell, of the Twenty-second Battalion, came in fifth for the Prince of Wales' prize, and Lieut. McAdam, of the Third Battalion, seventh.

In the International rifle match at Bisley, to-day, the quick-firing competition for teams of ten was won by the team from Scotland by a score of 91. The Jersey team scored 89, the Canadian team 79, the English team 71, and the Irish team 48.

CANADIAN NEWS.

An Ontario Cyclone.

TORONTO, July 23.—Western Ontario was visited by a severe cyclone and wind storm, yesterday. Barns were burned, telegraph poles splintered, fences and trees blown down and standing grain prostrated. Mrs. Jeremiah Rushton, of Rushton's Corners, was killed by lightning while at the telephone enquiring of a neighbor as to the safety of her children. Among those who lost their barns and contents are: Arthur Morgan, Howard Road, and Edward Guyatt. The fruit and grain were completely destroyed at some points.

Fears to be Compromised.

MONTREAL, July 23.—It is announced that Hon. W. Laurier has declined an invitation to speak before the Laurier club in Worcester, Mass.

N. W. Legislative Assembly.

REGINA, N.W.T., July 23.—The Legislative assembly has been called to meet August 2.

Successful Libel Suit.

DORCHESTER, N.B., July 23.—Professor Weldon, M.P., for Albert, has received $50 damages from John F. Hawk, publisher of the Moncton Transcript, for libel.

New French Paper.

MONTREAL, July 23.—Le Franc Parleur is the name of a new paper which is to appear in Montreal for the first time early in August. It will be Conservative in politics, but with entire independence of the chiefs of the party.

CARNEGIE'S WORKERS.

They Appeal to the Public—Their Presentation of the Case.

HOMESTEAD, July 22.—The strikers' advisory board issued an address to its men and the public generally, this morning. The address calls attention to the tendency to concentrate business in the hands of a few men, giving them despotic power over their employes, who constitute the great mass of the people, and instead of it being the "right of employers to manage their own business," it is coming to mean to manage the country by force.

The employes of the Carnegie Company at Homestead have built up the town; have worked faithfully with the company many years in the business of the mill; have invested thousands of dollars of their savings in the mill in the expectation that they could work there as long as they were able to work. The Government taxes the country to foster this business, and the State of Pennsylvania is spending large sums to protect the mills. Therefore, the belief is expressed that the employes and the public have equitable rights in these mills, and that the employes have the right to continuous employment without regard to religious, political or trade union affiliation; that the position of the company is unconstitutional, anarchistic, revolutionary and in contempt of public and private interest, and adds:—

"The committee wishes it known that we will prosecute the said public and private interests in the courts of law and equity, and we demand of Congress and the State Legislature a distinct assertion of the principle that the public has an interest in such concerns as that at Homestead, and that the State has as its duty to judge the affairs of such concerns when the occasion may require." The appeal closes with the pledge to abstain from all violence and rest on the courts for a remedy. All the old employes occupying places owned by the company were served with eviction notices this morning. Under the contract with the company they are obliged to deliver possession in 10 days.

CARNEGIE CRITICISED.

Severe Strictures Upon the "Philanthropic" Pennsylvania Ironmaster.

LONDON, July 23.—The labor troubles at Homestead excite increasing interest here. Now that mail accounts have been received of the struggle at that place, the newspapers are flooded with articles and letters upon the issue between the Carnegie Company and its employes, and intense feeling is expressed against Carnegie in the towns which have accepted gifts from him. The local newspapers are denouncing Carnegie and expressing regret that the gifts were ever accepted. It is pointed out that in England a popular majority in Parliament could speedily remedy any attempt to coerce workingmen, either by the use of Pinkerton mercenaries or of the military, and that the U. S. does not really enjoy as much liberty as England owing to the position occupied by capital and the comparative disadvantages at which labor is placed. One writer asserts that the common people of the United States will yet demand and secure a change of the American constitution so as to give labor some redress against such oppression as the Carnegie Company has exercised. Joseph Hatton in a letter to the Yorkshire Post, declares that Americans are fools to believe in such a man as Carnegie, who abuses labor in America to make money, and then endeavors to gain a reputation for philanthropy in Berlin by giving it away.

The Star gives a column of quotations from the speeches, the books and various alleged productions of Carnegie, which it dubs "the Theory of Carnegieism." In a parallel column, the Star gives an account of the battle with the Pinkertons, the refusal to recognize Unionism, etc., together with sketches of the mills as a fortress, and dubs this "The Practice of Carnegieism." Never has there been a more bitter feeling excited on any labor issue in Great Britain. The general opinion is that Mr. Carnegie will find it quite impossible, hereafter, to induce towns to accept any of his gifts.

CINCINNATI'S SENSATION.

Spring Refuses to Linger in the Lap of Winter—The Denouement.

CINCINNATI, July 22.—An investigation of the titles to realty has disclosed a genuine romance in upper circles here. Several years ago Dr. John Aldrich, a fashionable physician, left his wife much city realty, and a big bank account and several thousand acres of valuable land in Texas. Mrs Aldrich was well preserved and remained in society. A little over three years ago, Roland Moore, a boy of 19, came here from Tiffin, Ohio, to study at a medical college. He is of a good family, handsome and bright. He met Mrs. Aldrich, then a woman of 78, and she became infatuated with the youth, and a courtship that excited gossip sprang up. At last, on a distinct proposition to give him $50,000, Moore consented to marry the old lady. The license was issued in February, 1889, and the couple were married in March. The wife gave up her mansion, announced the coming of a nephew, and took apartments at the Kenilworth apartment house, furnishing them in great splendor. She set the boy-husband up in a handsome drug store. He belonged to the swell Second Presbyterian church, and passed as a single man. A few weeks ago Mrs. Moore refused to turn over the $50,000. Separation papers were drawn and Moore left for parts unknown with a far less sum.

OPERATIONS AT HOMESTEAD.

Non-Union Men at Work—The Town in Charge of Special Officers.

HOMESTEAD, July 23.—The steel works are being operated by non-union men, whose number is being gradually increased. Three Delaware, Lackawanna and Western passenger coaches, it is reported, were run into the works, last night, over the tracks of the Pennsylvania railroad, and a number of men are said to have been landed. There is no doubt of the truth of the statement that the Carnegie's have had hundreds of applications for positions in the Homestead mills from non-union men. These workers are being sent to the mills in small batches of from 10 to 50, and as the number increases more fires are started. The greatest fear that confronts the company in the operation of their plant, with the exception of possible damage to the mills by the strikers, is that the members of the amalgamated association may secure employment as steel workers or mechanics, to endeavor to cause dissension among the non-union men and retard the progress the company is making in operating the works. In addition to the militiamen numbering 600, the company has its own watchmen and a force of coal and iron police inside the works, while the borough of Homestead has on duty its regular policemen and sixty special officers. Clearys and sixteen deputy sheriffs have charge of Homestead to day, and the authority of the military has been minimized. Men on guard duty have been given to understand that the civil authorities and not military are in command, and that their orders must be obeyed.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 23.—After hearing all the evidence and arguments in the case of Hugh O'Donnell, charged with murder in connection with the Homestead riots, O'Donnell was remanded to jail until Monday. It is thought he will then be released on bail.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

The Vancouver Dignataries to Arrive in Victoria To-morrow Morning Very Early.

Vaccinating Indians—The Quarantine to be Raised—Westminster's Smallpox Hospital.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, July 23. — Messrs. Cope, Hamersley and Huntley will leave for the capital at 9 o'clock on Sunday evening. One more unfortunate, H. O. Snider, brewer, was placed in quarantine to-day. His first act was to send out for a fifteen gallon keg of beer for the boys.

Joe. Mariot, a Moodyvillite of 1873, arrived, yesterday, from San Jose to permanently locate here.

The remains of the late Miss Bertha Jay left on the Yosemite for Victoria, at 4:30, this afternoon. Expressions of sorrow and condolence with the bereaved relatives were expressed on all sides in this city.

Two resolutions were passed by the Board of Trade, last night—an expression of sorrow to Mrs. Robson on the death of her husband, and the following: "That this Board wish to express most strongly its disapproval of the remarks of Mr. Justice Crease from the Bench, believing that his position there gives him no license to insult men as honorable as himself, by referring to them as "insects" in comparison to others, whom he termed "lions," as appears by the published report of the case, C.P.N. Co. vs. the City of Vancouver, in the COLONIST of July 21st."

G. McL. Brown has been appointed general passenger agent of the C.P.R. for this division.

F. M. Black, of the Bank of B.C., has received promotion and is removed to the branch of the bank in San Francisco. He leaves on Sunday for Victoria.

Three sailors deserted from the Wilmington on account of not getting their wages. While they were lodging a complaint with the authorities, the steamer left port. They await her return.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 23.—Water, it is expected, will be turned into the water pipes system, next week, as the difficulties in connection with cutting through the quicksand on the main line have been overcome. The contractors finished, this evening.

The salmon catch, last night, was the most discouraging since the sockeyes commenced running. Some of the boats brought in as high as a dozen fish; but the average was not half that number, while a few boats were completely whitewashed.

The Indian agent continues to prosecute a vigorous vaccinating campaign among the Indians. On Thursday and Friday he operated on over a hundred arms, Northern Indians principally being the victims. Armed with a fresh supply of vaccine points Mr. McTiernan went down the river to-day to look up a number of unvaccinated Siwashes and oblige them to undergo the operation.

Travel has been growing lighter and lighter for the past ten days and is now nearly at a standstill. Hotel registers in few cases have contained names of new arrivals in the last 24 hours, and naturally proprietors are not over cheerful.

The Pacific express is bringing very few through passengers, and even the inter-city tramway service is doing a largely decreased business. The Vancouver quarantine and the quarantine of the whole province by Washington are chiefly responsible for this.

Mayor Townsend said, to-day, that it is very probable that the quarantine against Victoria will be raised in the early part of next week, provided the state of affairs at the capital continues favorable. Vancouver and Nanaimo will be consulted before any decided action is taken by this city, but the whole matter will, in all probability, be placed before the city council at its next meeting on Monday.

The new smallpox hospital was finished this evening, ready in case it is ever needed. Happily it will be vacant for the present, as there are no patients to put in it.

THE WADE-OTTAWAY DISPUTE.

TO THE EDITOR:—Have just been handed cuttings from the COLONIST, dated July 7th and 9th, the former headed "The Wade-Ottaway Dispute," the latter "The Wade vs Ottaway Case," both of which are entirely wrong, in so far as they relate to D.D.G.M. Bro. Wade, as the Grand Lodge fully sustained the District Master in his decision, *re* the suspension of the Ottaway Bros., and, more than this, they appointed him D.D.G. M., *pro tem*, and he is also authorized to hold a meeting of the British Columbia District, for the purpose of electing a new D.D.G.M. Bro. Wade *is in no way disqualified from filling the position again*, and if elected for another term will have the hearty support of the executive officers as well as all law abiding members of the order.

It may not be out of place for me to state that this is not a matter between the D. D. G. M. and the suspended members, and, so far as I know, and so far as the evidence goes to show, the suspension is entirely based on the testimony taken before the D. D. G. M. at the trial held in Victoria on March 9, 1892. and on which the Committee on Trials and Appeals decided the charges to have been fully proven. All correspondence in connection with this case received by me—no matter how slight its bearing on the case in point—was placed before the committee for their consideration, and the Ottaway Bros. can have no possible excuse for their conduct in connection with this trial. When a member joins our order he is made thoroughly aware of the teachings and practices of the institution, and it is palpably his own fault if he does not govern himself accordingly.

Another matter which I deem it advisable to acquaint the brethren of British Columbia with is this: I hinted to the Secretary of Pride of the West lodge, that if the Brothers Ottaway wished, it was their duty to appeal to the Grand Lodge against the decision of the D. D. G. M. (which I had no particular right to do, but which I did with the intention of giving them every possible chance to vindicate themselves), and I am sorry to say that they did not think it worth their while to do so. In view of these facts, I cannot possibly see any grounds for complaint on their part, and am fully satisfied that the verdict of the committee was a just one.

As the case now stands, the Bros., W. E. and V. E. Ottaway, are suspended for the space of six months, dating from the 15th of June, 1892, and, in addition to this, they are required to make ample apology to the Grand Master of the Order for their treatment of his mandates and advice, and unless they do so before the expiration of the time above mentioned, the Executive have it in their power to expel the said members forthwith.

I regret very much indeed that I am compelled, in view of the publication of articles above quoted, to disabuse the minds of the British Columbia brethren of the wrong that is being done our worthy Bro. Wade, through the publication of articles which have no foundation in fact, and which are calculated to prejudice the minds of the members of our Order against the brother named, and hope that I shall not be called upon again to take up the cudgels in defence of a brother who has so fully established his claims as an Oddfellow and a gentleman, and who has spent over half a century in earnest and able work in behalf of the Order, both in this country and Great Britain, and who is loved and respected wherever known throughout this vast Dominion. By giving the above as prominent a place in your valuable journal as you did the articles complained of, you will confer a favor on

Yours very truly,
R. FLEMING,
Grand Secretary.

Toronto, July 16, 1892.

NO CAUSE FOR MISCONCEPTION.

TO THE EDITOR: — Owing to the endeavor being made to misinterpret some remarks made by His Lordship, Mr. Justice Crease, the other day, on the motion to commit certain Vancouver officials for contempt of court, the following explanation or amplification of what was said may clear up any mist that may have gathered around the subject. The Judge, in speaking of the great value of the Provincial Health regulations recently published, described them as the result of the experience of the greatest Anglo-Saxon communities, and all the huge cities of the world; and comparing them with the sanitary views which Mr. Richards had given as those of Vancouver, remarked that the extent of the experience of Vancouver as compared with those enormous cities, would be as that of a village, and of Victoria and Vancouver (for both were mentioned together as I give them) would be as of an insect to a lion—a simile not wonderfully apposite—but a perfectly innocent remark so far as these two places were concerned. This explanation might have been made in the report or even a day or two ago, had I supposed any misconception could arise from the reference.

A. S. POTTS,
Reporter.

Victoria, July 24, 1892.

BRITISH LIBERTY.

How It Looks When Viewed Through the Bars of the Vancouver Quarantine Prison.

Mr. Jenns Comments Upon the Civilization of the Terminal City—Lurid Language Excusable.

The COLONIST'S Vancouver correspondent has been talking through the bars to the prisoners confined in the Vancouver quarantine lock-up, and charged with having come from Victoria. There are 20 of these unfortunates at present—18 mad men and two indignant ladies, Mr. Russell being the latest arrival. Since his incarceration he has sat in gloomy grandeur on a nail keg, refusing to be comforted, and denying converse even to his companions in exile.

Mr. (not Col., Major, or even Dr.) Bowack, who is a member of a wealthy varnish firm, travelling—or attempting to travel—for pleasure and health, like Josh Whitcomb Riley's celebrated character, "aint got nuthin' to say." He still paces up and down his prison nearly all day, fiercely chewing the end of a cigar. Although he and Mr. Jenns have only four days more to "serve," he will resume his fight in the courts to-morrow, on the principle involved—whether the people of Vancouver have the right to deprive a British subject of his liberty in defiance of British law.

Mr. Jenns is also a very angry man. He was on his way to Westminster on business in connection with an important real estate deal, when Nemesis, or Policeman O'Grady, overtook him. He says:

"I was given to understand that I could get through all right, and will, as soon as my 'time's out,' sue the city of Vancouver for damages, although I emphatically deny that that was my intention on coming here.

"The C.P.N. Co. have been very kind to me; when I was 'run in' they sent up a lawyer, and did all they could to get me out.

"The meals here have not been fit for a white man since the second day, and six of us have been ordering our own, and paying for them at the rate of 75 cents a meal. I couldn't eat the stuff the city supplies, and I am still curious in regard to the etiquette of the table in this city. The first day the food came in a bucket, and there were no knives, forks or plates. I presume, however, they are implements of a civilization not yet reached here.

"As for accommodation, there are four cots among the men, and fourteen of them sleep on mattresses on the floor—two on a mattress. There are no conveniences for civilized people—the Chilians, Scandinavians and Chinamen seem to thrive on the city's fare; but the British Columbians were knocked out the second day. It has been a pretty tough experience; the COLONIST might well call this place Vancouver's 'black hole.'

"Why cannot white people go back to Victoria if they want to, as well as Chinamen? Spinks and I both offered to go; would have been glad to get back out of the d—d hole, but we were flatly refused. We were informed to-day, on semi-official authority, that our time would be shortened, but it seems too good to be true.

"We were all speechless—mad, like Russell, at first; then we settled into a dull apathy, and are there yet. The reverend Lacey hasn't smiled once since he was "jugged"; I think he feels the barrenness of undecorated English, in a situation of this kind. Laing is awfully sick of his job; he's particularly sore to-day, over someone writing a poetic effusion in reference to "the trials of Freddy," and sending it to the Telegram with his initials attached. Spinks is the life of the crowd; if it wasn't for him I'm afraid we would be sorely tempted to murder the guard, burn down the station, and make a break for the tall timber."

A Handsome Present.

Richard Phillips, naval storehouseman, who was recently superannuated after 33 years service, 20 years of which were spent at the Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, was the recipient of a pleasant surprise, on Tuesday last. Mr. Innis, on behalf of his colleagues, presented Mr. Phillips with a handsome gold watch and chain. The watch is engraved with a suitable inscription, and is a nice momento of the old days of service.

32 Vol. Ed. Appleton's Encyclopædia for 100 at T. N. HIBBEN N Co's.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The Douglas Completes Her Cruise—Uncharted Rock Discovered in Bamfield Creek.

Trial Trip of the Joan, and Its Results—Return of the Borealis.

The Joan, recently launched from Turpel's ways, and supplied with her machinery at Spratt's wharf, had a trial trip, yesterday, under steam. Mr. A. Dunsmuir was on board, and the new craft was handled by Capt. Butler and the crew of the Isabel. The ropes were cast off a few minutes before 5 o'clock, and a few vigorous whistles had the bridge duly opened, and the Joan went through in good style. She went out to Beechy Head, making 13½ knots with 90 pounds of steam. This was the best speed attempted, although the boilers are built for 115 pounds, and a proportionately higher speed may be attained. There was a strong head wind, the breeze coming from the southwest. The fittings of the Joan have not as yet been completed, and it is not hoped that she will be placed on her regular service for same weeks to come.

The steamship Romulus, from San Francisco, is due at Nanaimo to-day.

The Dominion steamer Sir James Douglas arrived in port yesterday afternoon, looking quite smart and neat in her new paint. Whilst lying in Bamfield Creek, Barclay Sound, her crew were landed and made a fresh clearance of the trail leading from the head of Bamfield Creek to Cape Beale Lighthouse, a distance of four miles. This trail passes through a heavily wooded country, and is used for communicating with the lighthouse when landing is not possible at the Cape, on account of heavy weather. The carpenters taken up to the Cape have placed a new floor on the balcony of the lighthouse; this will now keep the tower thoroughly water-tight. Stores were landed here and at Carmanah, and the Agent of Marine, who went on the trip, inspected both stations, remaining at Cape Beale while the new work was in progress. Captain Walbran, during the vessel's stay in Bamfield Creek, made an examination of the anchorage and exactly located a rock not marked on the chart in his possession, having a depth upon it of six feet at low water. This rock is about midway between the entrance and the anchorage, and a little to the westward of mid channel. To ensure passing this danger in safety the eastern shore must be kept close inboard. A tracing of the harbor, showing the rock, and a notice for the British Columbia Pilot, on page 274, will be forwarded to the Department of Marine, Ottawa, so that the necessary information can be placed on chart 592, and in the sailing directions as soon as possible.

The sealer Borealis arrived, yesterday evening, with a catch of nearly 500 skins—so close to that number that Capt. Gillespie gives the "even." "How many skins have you on board?" asked a COLONIST reporter of the nautical Scotchman upon his arrival. "Four hundred and ninety-nine," replied the captain. "I did not go into Behring Sea, although I went to the gate. I never saw one of the ordering-off fleet, and my catch is a coast one. I did not see any of the schooners from which you have not heard, and of the Coquitlam seizure I heard nothing until a few days ago."

Steamer Badger brought a scow load of lumber in from Cowichan last evening.

Tug Lorne was tied up at the outer wharf yesterday, where she will remain until to-morrow, when she commences a big week's work. Early yesterday morning she towed the British ship Ben Nevis around from Esquimalt. The ship has a big amount of freight for Victoria which she will discharge at the outer wharf, leaving then for Vancouver. After landing her freight for that port she will proceed to New Westminster and finish discharging.

The bark City of Quebec, which has been in Royal Roads for the past few days will be towed over to New Westminster to-morrow or next day.

Steamer Alert brought in a scow load of bark yesterday for Mr. Norris' tannery.

Steamer Princess Louise will go over to New Westminster in place of the Rainbow this evening.

Steamer Falcon went around to Esquimalt yesterday with a scow load of empty barrels which she will have filled with lime, returning then to port.

Steamer Princess Louise and Boscowitz are both advertised to sail for the North on Tuesday.

Schooner Viva was alongside the wharf yesterday discharging her skins and preparing to lay up for the winter.

The American schooner Mattie T. Dyer was towed out of the harbor by the steamer Falcon yesterday morning. She is bound for San Francisco. While in port she paid off seven of her crew and landed her season's catch of seal skins.

Tug Hope, with a boom of logs in tow, arrived in from the North yesterday.

ENTERED.

Str. Yosemite.....from Vancouver
" North Pacific..... " Port Townsend.
" Rainbow..... " Westminster
" Hope..... " Valdez Island
" Isabel..... " Nanaimo
Schr. Borealis..... " W. P. O.

CLEARED.

Str. Yosemite.....for Vancouver
" North Pacific..... " Port Townsend
" Princess Louise..... " Westminster
Schr. Mattie T. Dyer.... " San Francisco

FOREST FIRES.

Great Damage Done at Cape Breton—Hard Work to Fight the Enemy.

HALIFAX, N.S., July 23.—There has been so little rain in Cape Breton for the last six weeks that forest fires have started and have been raging for the past ten days. Reports from Sydney say that Hawly's barn and mills on Lingham road were burned yesterday. The Connell house and barns, two miles out on the reserve road are now threatened, and a large party have gone out to assist in protecting the property. It is also reported that several houses were burned at Grand Mira yesterday. The people at the Reserve Mines have been fighting the fire there for three days. The sleepers of the Cape Breton and Louisburg Railroad are reported to be on fire in a number of places. Men are extinguishing it with buckets of water from the pools and streams along the line. At Glace Bay the fires are reported to be very bad and are threatening a number of barns, etc. At Cow Bay, C.B., no damage has been done so far, but the town is surrounded by fire.

Pipe Smokers.

You may be satisfied with the brands of tobaccos you have been using for years. Grant it; that you are satisfied. As there is always room for improvement, we ask you to try our OLD CHUM PLUG, or Cut smoking tobacco; we believe you will be BETTER satisfied. In any case, a trial won't hurt you. s-w-sat.

WANTS.

WANTED—Those having furniture for sale or exchange. Apply Economy Store, Douglas street. jy23

WANTED—A young man to work in a Grocery and drive cart. Apply at 63 Yates street, Brown Bros. jy23

WANTED—By a young man, work of any kind, city or country. Apply B. H. H., COLONIST. jy23

CAPITALIST wishes to loan money on mortgage in sums of $5,000 and upwards. Address with all particulars and rate of interest "X. Y. Z," COLONIST office. jy22

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at Mrs. Earle's, 131 Cadboro Bay Road. jy22

LADY desires situation as housekeeper or in position of trust. Good experience. References exchanged. Apply stating particulars to "P. A." COLONIST Office, Victoria. jy22

WANTED—A teacher for South Comox school, good disciplinarian State age and qualifications and oblige, yours truly, T. Beckensell, Secretary Board of Trustees. jy1

WANTED—A male teacher for the Lansdowne (Spallumcheen) school at the end of the summer holidays. Holders of third class certificates need not apply. Dr. G. Offerhaus, Secretary Board of Trustees, Spallumcheen P.O. jy16

WANTED—Teacher for Sahtlam (Assisted) School, near Duncan's Station. Salary $30. Apply to J. Jenkins, Secretary. jy15.

WANTED.—A monitor teacher for Beaver Creek school Alberni. Salary $40 per month. Apply to
G. A. HUFF, Sec. School Board,
jly15w Alberni.

WANTED—For light work for two months. Horse and Buggy. Keep for work, also saddle horse. B. R. O. W. N., COLONIST. jy14

WANTED—Boys to work in varnish room at COLONIST office. Apply to foreman of pressroom. jy13

AGENTS WANTED—On salary or commission, to handle the new Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The quickest and greatest selling novelty ever produced. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. No abrasion of paper. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent. profit. One agent's sales amounted to $629 in six days. Another $32 in two hours. Previous experience not necessary. For terms and full particulars, address The Munroe Eraser Mf'g Co., La Crosse, Wis.-x421 my24

SALESMEN—LOCAL AND TRAVELLING—wanted to sell nursery stock for the old established Fonthill Nurseries, comprising 700 acres; first-class hardy stock; now specialties; previous experience not essential; good pay; steady work; outfit free. Apply to British Columbia branch offices of STONE & WELLINGTON; J. Allen Clark, manager, 16 Broad St., Victoria, B. C. mc17-d&w

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Sunday last, a child's silver bracelet. Valuable only to the owner. Please leave at this office. jy22

LOST—Key ring containing two keys. Finder please leave at Colonist office. tf jy12

LOST—From Islander, brown carpet bag. Reward on returning to Colonist office. je26

LOST—A Grenadine knotted walking cane with native silver handle. Valued only as a keepsake Finder will oblige by leaving at Colonist office for "advertiser." ju23

FOR SALE—

AN INVESTMENT
OF $600
IN THE CITY
YIELDING 23 PER CENT.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Auditors and Mortgage Brokers,
ap27 70 Douglas Street.

FOR SALE—

70 acres on Saanich Inlet, about four miles from Shawnigan Station. About 8 acres cleared, 30 chains fencing. House of 5 rooms, open sheds, small and growing orchard.

Price, - - - - $1 000.
Apply to J. T. L. MEYER,
ju8 Room 6, Bank of B.C. Building.
Money to Loan on Mortgage Security.

TO LET—

Room house, 156 Yates street.

FOR SALE,

Very cheap lots facing Beacon Hill Park, $3,150.
90x145 ft., North Park street, with a new house, at a sacrifice.
J. A. LAWRENCE,
je1 56 Douglas St.

CARD OF THANKS.

J. H. BROWNLEE, District Manager Equitable Life Assurance Society, Victoria:

DEAR SIR,—I beg to acknowledge with thanks on behalf of Mrs. Marion M. Humber, the receipt of the Equitable Life Assurance Society's cheque to her for $5,000, being the amount of the late Frederick S. Humber's insurance in your Company.

This amount under existing circumstances is indeed acceptable, and the prompt manner in which the Company have paid the claim most satisfactory.

I am, yours truly,
jy21 J. ST. CLAIR BLACKETT,

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

British Barque
"BEN NEVIS,"
1,169 Tons, CAPT. GLIDELL,
From Glasgow.

Neither Capt. Glidell nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
jy22 (Limited Liability), Agents.

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. ob20

PR. HILLIGER,
Teacher of VIOLIN, PIANO AND GERMAN.
Apply 56 Pandora Street.
ap3-w&su-3m

LADIES who have to earn their living can make it easier by selling our
HYGEIA Electro-Magnetic Corsets than anything else. For terms apply to WESTERN CORSET CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.
mc6-su-13t

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Two single bed-rooms and one sitting and bed-room combined, near the sea and car line. Apply P Colonist office. jy5

TO LET—Corner Bay and Government streets, store and three rooms, use of large lot and stable. Rent $20 per month. Enquire on the premises. jy5

FOR RENT—Shop with fixtures, at 165½ Douglas street. Apply up stairs jy3

TO LET—Furnished rooms without board may be obtained at "Roccapella." References required. Apply 22 Victoria Crescent. je19

TO LET—At the Clarence, corner Yates and Douglas, well furnished rooms; central, clean and quiet. Special inducements to permanent guests. ju 3

TO LET—Corner store on Government street. Apply to R., at Fell & Co.'s, Fort street. my 14

TO RENT—Comfortably furnished front bedroom in a small family, near city hall. Address "M.M.," COLONIST office. ap23

TO LET—The third flat in the Lewis building, Yates street, containing seven fine rooms, suitable for offices. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mc6-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The furnishings of a commodious and desirable hotel. Apply to Weiler Bros., 55 Fort street. jy13

FOR SALE—Cheap—A beautiful pair of elk horns. Apply to T. H. Jenns, 15½ Yates St. jy9

FOR SALE—A jet black four year old mare, broken to saddle, used to children, very kind and gentle. Enquire corne Bay and Government streets. jy5

FOR SALE—A boat 25 feet long fitted with 2 horse power coal oil engine, and screw, sails, anchor, oars, etc., complete, in good working order; can be delivered June 20th. Apply to Edward Musgrave, Disrough, Duncan's. jy3

FOR SALE—A fruit, candy and cigar store, doing a good business. Must be sold; proprietor leaving town. Address P. O. box 659. je30

FOR SALE.—China Silk Poplins, 6x, 8 8 Batavia, at $6 per piece of 40 yards, also fine lawn grass cloth. Apply to C. F. Moore, corner Clarke and Taunton streets, (off Pembroke St.), Spring Ridge. Three minutes walk from tram car. je29

FOR SALE—Lot two, Block 12 for $1 500; Lot seven and eight, Block 37 for 1,000. All in original townsite, Port Angeles, Wash. One half cash, balance six months.
J. H. FAIRBROOK, Owner,
ju26 care of Y. M. C. A., Seattle, Wash.

FOR SALE.

Farms improved and unimproved on Island and Mainland.

Timber lands in large areas and small parcels.

COAL LANDS.

12 Houses to Let, Rents $10 to $30 per month.

MONEY TO LEND.

$ 500.00.
$ 700 00.
$ 1,000 00.
$ 2,000.00.
5,000.00.
$10,000,00.
$15,000.00.

On improved property at current rates.

HENRY CROFT,
REAL ESTATE, FINANCIAL & MINING BROKER,
72 Government Street, Victoria.
Branch Office: Nelson, B. C.
fa16

IS YOUR LIFE INSURED?

If not, don't you think it ought to be?

Provide in youth for mature years, or those dear to you in case of death.

The Nort American Life Assurance Co. have two patented plans which will well repay the closest examination. They are new, liberal and comprehensive, combining all requisites for good and sound investment with insurance.

The local agents, Messrs, Lee & Fraser, of 11 Trounce Avenue, will be pleased to furnish full particulars and a thorough explanation of these plans. my4

FOR SALE—

14 choice residential lots, between Battery Street and Dallas Road, closely adjacent to Beacon Hill Park.

Plan and price list at office of
JOHN J. AUSTIN,
my22 63 Government Street.

LAND FOR SALE.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of 353 acres (more or less) of land, the property of J. E. Edwards in the Municipality of Coquitlam, being lots 168 and 169, group 1, New Westminster District. For further particulars and conditions apply to the undersigned to whom tenders are to be sent. No tender will be necessarily accepted.

CHARLES E. POOLEY,
Solicitor,
47 Langley street, Victoria.
July 7th, 1892. jy8-d&w

TO LET.

House standing on lot 100 feet square, containing 10 rooms, near Dallas Road, with full sea view.

Apply to
J. GERHARD HARKS,
Architect.
ju29 39½ Government Street.

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, Rooms 3 and 8, Turner Block, corner Douglas and View Streets. ap18

COLE WOODALL, Architect and Superintendent Belmont Block, Yates Street, Victoria, B. ap15-1m

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

THOS. C. SORBY.
mc16 8 Bastion Square.

MR. E. MALLANDAINE,
Architect,
mc19 Room 4, Bank B. C. Building.

MR. R. ROSKELL BAYNE,
mb26 6m Mem. Ryl. Inst. British Architects, Rooms 7 and 8, Williams' Block

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY. M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 91 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MCLEAN & STEWART, CLOTHIERS & Outfitters, 31 Fort Street. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral, de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. f-1

DOCTORS.

DR. G. L. MILNE—OFFICE, 36 DOUGLAS street Office telephone No. 16; residence telephone No. 208. my31

DR. A. T. WATT, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON and Accoucheur. Office and residence 34½ Douglas street (near Fort) at Dr. Milne's old residence.

HOMOEOPATHY.—DR. JOHN HALL, 98 YATES st., over Cochrane & Munn's drug store, Chronic and Children's Diseases a specialty. Office hours from 1 to 4 p.m., only excepting Sundays and holidays. f1

DENTISTS.

A. R. BAKER, D.D.S. SPECIAL CARE given to all diseases of the teeth and mouth. Gold, crown and bridge work a specialty Office, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. mc10-6m

DRAUGHTSMEN

C. H. COOKSON, SUCCESSOR TO W. B. Woods, Draughting and Blue Prints, 108 Government street. je5

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS MAKING SCHOOL—My school will close in a few weeks. Ladies wishing to learn to make their own dresses will please call at once, bring material. French Tailor system of dressmaking taught. Have removed from Five Sisters Block to 98 Yates st., room 10. Miss Robbie Angel, teacher.

GUNMAKERS.

HENRY SHORT, GUNMAKER, IMPORTER of Sporting Goods, Turner Block, Douglas St., near Yates. Established 1862. f1

HOTELS.

COLONIAL METROPOLE—HAS BEEN entirely rebuilt, and refurnished with all modern improvements. Rates from $1 to $2 per day. Best moderate price hotel in city. 31 and 33 Johnson street. Thos. Tugwell f1

HARNESS MAKERS.

W. DUNCAN, MANUFACTURER AND dealer in saddles, harness, etc. English and domestic goods of the very best quality. Repairing promptly done. Doane Block, Douglas St., 3d door from Johnson St. mc10-6m

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS

P. J. LEECH,
my12 Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Room A, 6 Bastion Square.

GORE, BURNET & CO.
Rooms 1 to 3, Five Sisters' Block.
T. S. Gore. H. Burnet. J. H. McGregor
mc17

WM. E. DEVEREUX,
my11 Civil Engineer and Surveyor, 82 Government Street.

NURSE.

PRIVATE HOME FOR LADIES DURING Confinement. An experienced Nurse always in attendance. Charges moderate. 54 Pandora street. je2

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—DEALER IN PAINTS, OIL, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspinall's Enamel. 40 Fort street. mc17

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 PANDORA Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. f-1

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 22 f-1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger. 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., Cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes', 82 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

ROBERT HATCHER,
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Orders left at Joseph Gosnell's, 127 Douglas St.; Sam Clay's, 116 Johnson St.; Mickle & Grice's, 106 Fort St.; Wm. Thompson & Co's, corner Quadra and View Sts.; or T. Moody's, Amelia st., will be promptly attended to. Residence, 209 Douglas St. ap15

NOTICE.

FLEMING - BROS.,
Photographers and Kodak Agents,
HAVE REMOVED
To their new and elegantly fitted premises at
50½ GOVERNMENT ST.
Over Sommers' Picture Store. my17

TO LEASE.
FOR A TERM OF YEARS.
The New Telegraph Hotel, Store Street, (Brick) 3 Stories and Cellar. Containing Bar Room, Sitting-room 2 Dining Rooms, Kitchen, Pantry, Baggage Room, 38 Bedrooms, Bath Room, Linen Closets, Hot and Cold Water laid on and Sanitary Arrangements complete. Apply to the undersigned at 252 Yates Street, Victoria.
ju22 MRS. P. A. ASTRICO.

The RAGLAN BICYCLE
—IS A—
RECORD BREAKER.
LIGHT, STRONG, FAST & NEAT
The Machine of the Season.
AGENTS,
M. W. WAITT & CO.,
64 GOVERNMENT ST. mc6

DR. YEN KEE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
HAS cured many cases of smallpox. In China where there is smallpox every year, cures are easily effected at the commencement. Do not delay to consult me. Fisgard street, opposite the church. jy13

Louch's Celebrated

—AND—
BREAKFAST BACON
Cured with sugar, full flavored and tender.
If you want an article that will give pleasure in the eating, give these a trial.
HENRY SAUNDERS,
39 and 41 Johnson St.

Ladies' Hair Dressing Parlors
31 GOVERNMENT ST.
Ladies and children's hair cutting in the latest styles. Shampooing and all kinds of hair work done to order. Large stock of switches, front pieces, curling irons, etc.
WIGS FOR HIRE.
ju2 MRS. H. KOSCHE.

NOTICE.

All persons leaving the city by train or boat will have to produce a certificate of vaccination, for examination by Dr. Watt, Medical Inspector, or show the marks of recent vaccination, otherwise they will have to submit to vaccination before leaving or they will be treated as suspects.

J. C. DAVIE, M. D.,
jy21 Provincial Health Officer.

NOTICE.

The Corporation of the City of Victoria having adopted free vaccination, within the city, it becomes unnecessary for the Provincial Government to further assume the expense of vaccination, The Provincial notice of free vaccination is therefore cancelled.

J. C. DAVIE, M. D,
jy17 Provincial Health Officer.

VACCINATION

In order that vaccination may be carried out with dispatch, the medical men of the city have arranged with me to vaccinate all those who are unable to pay free of charge, and that those who can afford to pay, a charge of $1 will be made.

The public vaccinators of the city will vaccinate free all those who are in need of vaccinating.

A certificate of vaccination will be given in every case where the vaccination has been successful.

G. L. MILNE, M. D.,
jy19 Health Officer.

PROVINCIAL
Royal - Jubilee - Hospital.

ANY person, other than accident cases, seeking admission into this institution, must first have an order signed by either the members of the medical staff or consulting physicians. Visitors will not be permitted to see patients in the public wards until further orders. Any visitor wishing to see a pay patient must have an order signed by one of the members of the medical staff or one of the consulting physicians.

By order, H. M. YATES,
jy16 Secretary.

Special to the COLONIST.]

M. QUAD'S SKETCHES.

The Ghost Which Caused a Crew to Desert Their Vessel—Across the Ravine.

[Copyright, 1892, by Charles B. Lewis.]

We had been in Cape Town four days completing our loading for Liverpool after having been up the African coast as far as Zanzibar and return when an Irishwoman came aboard and asked for a passage home. Our craft was the English bark Fanny Lee, carrying a crew of fourteen men, and though we might have tried to make a woman comfortable had we picked her off a wreck in midocean the barque carried no passengers and had no accommodations for them. The woman gave her name as Molly McDavis. She was a single woman, twenty-four years old, and had made the voyage to the Cape in an emigrant ship to join and marry a lover. Like many another female she was disappointed. Pat had skipped the country when she arrived. She had been at work for several months, but could not pay her way home. Indeed she did not propose to. She was what might be called "a strapping young woman," being as tall as any sailor aboard and weighing about 150 pounds. She offered to go as cook, but as there was no vacancy she asked to be taken as a common sailor and allowed to work her passage home.

We felt a bit sorry for Miss McDavis, but we couldn't take her in any position. She was disappointed, but she had no tears to shed. On the contrary, she went away with a very determined look on her face, and an Irishman among the crew offered to bet his sou'wester against a plug of tobacco that she'd see Liverpool as soon as we did.

It was ten days from the time she came aboard before we left the Cape. I saw her aboard three or four times in the week, and once or twice she had other confabs with the captain. As we weighed anchor and stood out for our offing Molly McDavis was the last person in Cape Town to be suspected of bringing ill luck to our old bark. We had fine weather and favorable winds, and were well up with Cape Frio when the men came to me in a body during the morning watch to make a complaint. They were headed by the carpenter himself, who declared that for the past two nights the watches below had been disturbed by strange noises and could not sleep. The bark had the old fashioned fo'castle instead of the deck house, and the noises had seemed to come from behind the bulkhead dividing the fo'castle from the hold While any sailing craft carrying a miscellaneous cargo is always full of strange, queer noises, caused by friction and straining, there is always at least one man in a crew ready to shake his head and make mystery over something easily explained away. I listened to the complaint, promised to look into it, and then dropped the matter out of mind.

On the night of that day I came on watch at midnight. I found my men already on deck, and the second mate's watch, just relieved, hung about the scuttle instead of turning in. Demanding to know the reason of this singular action, I was told that the queer noises before referred to had been heard again and again, and the crew were as good as upset over them. Had the "old man" been on deck he would have seized a belaying pin and driven the watch below and cracked three or four heads. He had no patience with sailors' weaknesses. I was tempted to give them a bit of my mind, but all were so serious and earnest that it seemed only reasonable to investigate. I went into the fo'castle and spent fifteen minutes listening for sounds. The bark had all plain sail on her and was heeled to port, and for the first ten minutes I heard only the sounds of boxes and bales rubbing together. Then, of a sudden, I heard a voice singing. It was a faint, far away voice, and I had to listen closely, but it certainly was a human voice. It was impossible to locate it. It seemed to come from above as much as in any other direction, and I went on deck thinking some of the hands might be playing a joke.

"It will be anything but a joke for the man who's playing this if I can catch him at it!" I said as I gained the deck and found both watches grouped around the hatch and waiting for me.

"Mr. Merwin, did you hear aught down below?" asked the carpenter, speaking for all.

"Not down there, but I heard some one singing up here."

"No, sir! I pledge you my word and that of every man here that not a man of us uttered a whisper. It was singing you heard, sir?"

"Yes."

"And that's what the men complain of, sir—singing most of the time, but now and then something like praying and calling out."

"Well, singing and praying won't hurt any of you, even if it's that. It's in the cargo, however. We've got three or four old pianos aboard going to England to be fixed up, and it's the boxes rubbing together which makes the singing sound. It's free music and you ought to be glad of it. Go below the watch and let's hear no more of this."

The men hung back for a moment and then followed one another down into their sleeping quarters. I was honest in what I had said. As soon as I remembered the pianos I was sure that the singing noise came from them. It no doubt looked reasonable to the sailors, as nothing more was heard from them again that night. I was off at 4 and on again at 8 next morning. The breeze had died out and we were on an even keel and not making over two miles an hour. It had come 9 o'clock. The captain was overhauling some papers in the cabin, the men were all at work on jobs and I was pacing the quarter and keeping an eye on a bit of sail just showing to windward of us when a shout of terror rang through the ship.

A hand named Thomas Burns had been into the forepeak after something wanted on deck, and it was he who called out as he tumbled up and seemed for a moment to contemplate going overboard. The yell brought the captain on deck, and then the story of the strange noises came out. He was furious. Burns declared that a human voice had called to him while he was below and the rest of the crew stood by him with regard to the singing and praying, but the "old man" was made enough to kill some one. He drove them forward and then followed them up and cursed and berated them in Bristol fashion, and ended up by threatening to put any man in irons for the rest of the voyage who let it be known that he heard the singing again.

The captain of a ship knows very little of his men, as he never comes in contact with them. As the days and nights passed and our captain heard nothing further from the men he began to boast of how he had dissolved the mystery and put Jack's superstitions to flight. The second mate and I knew altogether better, however. The queer noises still continued, and the men had become so rattled that the watch below smoked their pipes and kept very wide awake. The discipline of the ship was being upset by a mystery, and I am free to confess that it was a mystery which also bothered me. On two other occasions I had entered the fo'castle and plainly heard the uncanny sounds, but was not able to locate them to my satisfaction. I was pretty sure, however, that they came from the forehold, and one afternoon I told the whole story to the captain and suggested that the forward hatch be removed and an investigation made. He flew mad at once, and began berating me for an old woman and a graveyard sailor, and then he went forward among the men and told them he'd run the bark ashore and be hanged to her before he'd pull off a hatch cover. He thought that settled it, but he was mistaken.

It was the captain's watch—always held by the second mate—from midnight to 4 o'clock next morning. It had become almost a dead calm when I left the deck. Every man of the second mate's watch was up before him, and I noticed that none of mine went below. What happened half an hour after I had turned in gave the captain the greatest surprise of his life. Mr. Groat, the second mate, was pacing the quarter when he was suddenly seized, gagged and bound, and a voice, which he recognized as the carpenter's, cautioned him to be quiet or he'd go overboard. All sailors are light sleepers, but officers especially so, and why it was that neither the captain nor I woke up during the events occurring on deck has always been a matter of surprise. The men brought the bark to the wind, got tackles aloft and hove out the longboat, and we slept right along without hearing a sound. They filled two breakers of water, took such provisions as the cook, who was in with them, could lay hands on, and by 1 o'clock they were away. The steward was the only one left behind with the officers. After the men left Mr. Groat made efforts to free himself, but without avail. He could not even roll along the deck, as he had been lashed to a ring bolt. At half past 3 o'clock the captain awoke and went on deck, and when the whole affair became plain to him he nearly fell down in a fit.

Our position was off St. Paul De Loando, fairly in the pathway of traffic, but yet we realized that we might knock about for a month without sighting a sail. Nothing could be seen of the longboat from aloft when daylight came, and the first thing we did was to reduce sail so that we might possibly manage the bark in case of heavy weather. The breeze freshened with the sun, and as it was fair for the coast, which was about 600 miles away, Mr. Groat and I supposed of course the captain would attempt to work her in. He had different ideas, however. He was very quiet and humble over the first shock. Then he let loose and did swearing enough to last ten shipmasters on ten long voyages. He declared he'd navigate the bark to Liverpool if it took five years to make the voyage and if he never got an hour's sleep.

We had just got her off on her course, and the old man himself was at the wheel and still swearing, when a strange figure emerged from the fo'castle and came aft as far as the mainmast. It was the figure of a woman, but her face was so white and pinched, her eyes so large and glassy, and she reeled about in such a manner that I, who was nearest her, was ten seconds in making sure she was even a human being. The minute I caught sight of her parched lips I ran to the scuttle butt and got her a panakin of water. It was only a drop to her, and she had swallowed fully two quarts before I choked her off. Then I signaled the steward, who was now acting as cook, and he brought her a big hunk of meat and a couple of biscuit. She ate like a wolf, and it was a good half hour before she spoke a word. Then it was to say:

"Ah! me bye, but Molly McDavis begins to feel like her old self once more!"

It was the Irishwoman we had refused to take abroad at Cape Town, and after thirst and hunger had been satisfied she told us her story. The last time she came aboard the men were at supper and the cargo nearly stowed. She had her plans all made, and she slipped down the afterhatch without being seen. She made her way over the cargo to the fo'castle bulkhead, and there took up quarters among the bales of dried cowskins we had stored there. She had brought with her four quarts of water and two loaves of bread, intending to let her presence be known before she suffered from hunger and thirst. She was dreadful sick when we got to sea and her groans and prayers and laments were heard in the fo'castle When she got better she sang to keep herself company. She made the bread and water last her a week. Then she tried to attract attention by rapping on the bulkhead, but the frightened sailors paid no attention. She had a pocketknife with her, and on the afternoon of the night they abandoned the ship she cut the bands of four bales of skins and moved them away, and then attacked the bulkhead. She was all night cutting through the stout planks, and when she appeared on deck she had been forty hours without food or water.

I expected the captain would give the stowaway woman a blessing. After she had finished her story he did start in to, but she could utter five words to his one and she soon tired him out. He sent her to the galley to act as cook, and I don't think he was as much put out as he pretended. Thus far, as you have seen, three very curious circumstances had occurred—the discovery of a spook in the fo'castle, the plight of the crew and the appearance of Miss McDavis. There was to be a fourth curious circumstance. On the second day of our shorthandedness we had half a gale and a tumbling sea all day and far into the night. We were under very short sail, but the bark swarmed along at a good rate of speed The captain meant to keep our course and speak the first sail we met and ask for two or three men and touch at Sierre Leone. At sunrise of the third day I went aloft to sweep the sea, and the very first object to catch my eye was our longboat. She was to the eastward and windward of us and bearing down across our course. She wasn't over three miles away, and with my glass I could identify every man.

Upon reporting the boat to the captain he swore by the big horn spoon that he'd not take a man aboard, but when the boat had come within hail he changed his mind, and her crew were seen tumbling over the rail and glad to get aboard. They had gone off intending to make the coast, but had forgotten to take a compass and been sailing almost at random. The "ghost" was there to welcome them on board, and when they got her story and realized how idiotic had been their action, no set of men were ever more disgusted with themselves or more anxious to atone for their doings. Molly McDavis was safely landed in Liverpool, and when we made up a purse for her that she might have time to turn around, I believe the captain put in as much as all the rest of us, though he waved her ashore and called after her that he'd have the law on her if she wasn't out of Liverpool inside of an hour.

ACROSS THE RAVINE.

I was prospecting to the south of Custer's peak, in the Black Hills, and at noon sat down with my back to a great bowlder to have a bit to eat. It was on the edge of a deep, dark ravine which had a width of 200 feet. The opposite bank of the ravine was much the highest, rising up from twenty-five to thirty feet high, and along its face was a trail. This perhaps had been made by deer and goat passing from their feeding grounds. Only about fifty feet of the trail, and that directly in front of me, was clear of brush and trees. I had my eyes on this open space when an Indian suddenly stepped into view from the east. At that date every Indian in that vicinity was hostile. This one was not in war paint, but I knew he'd shoot on sight. My first feeling was that of surprise because he had not yet seen me. I soon saw, however, that he had his head down and was apparently trailing something. He had passed almost out of sight to the west when he suddenly drew up his rifle and fired.

There was a shrill, savage scream, and as the Indian retreated a tawny mountain lion came into view. Just opposite me the Indian halted, while the lion crept up to within twenty feet of him and rested. I saw a bloody streak on the animal's shoulder, and as he turned and licked at it his growls were deep and menacing.

The redskin had only a single barreled rifle, and he made no attempt to reload. While the lion turned his head the Indian laid down his empty rifle and drew his knife. He was a tall, stalwart fellow, and he meant to fight for his life.

"Hist! Hist! Hist!"

I did it to attract his attention, and next instant he was looking into my eyes. He must have been a bit astonished, but he did not betray the fact. His eyes blazed up, he scowled in a malignant way and I knew that he was cursing his luck in being in such a fix.

"Hist! Hist! Hist!"

It was louder this time, so as to reach the ears of the lion as he licked at the blood. He started up with a savage growl, located me in a flash, and his eyes blazed and scintillated and almost burned. He glared at me for twenty seconds and then turned to the Indian.

"Not even a squaw would have gone out with only one bullet for her rifle!" I called to the redskin in the jargon we had picked up around the camp fires.

He understood. I was sure of it, because he took his eyes from the beast for five seconds to flash me such a look of hate as only a fiend is capable of. The lion was enraged over his wound, and yet the fierce and ready attitude of the Indian made him hesitate to attack. He crept forward a few feet, growled, lashed his tail and then retreated a little.

"You are hoping that he won't attack you," I shouted to the red skin, "but I will make him."

I rose up and picked up a small stone and threw it at the beast. It struck just behind him. When two dogs are standing growling at each other a missile striking near them will precipitate a conflict. The lion leaped a distance of five feet ahead and sunk down and growled more fiercely than before and lashed his tail.

"You see I have my rifle here," I called to the Indian as I lifted the weapon up to view. "I could kill the beast and save you, but I shall not do it."

He looked down on me again, and his face was so distorted with passion that I felt my flesh creep in spots. What would he not have given to had me bound fast to the stake, with no one to interfere with his devilish ingenuity of torture! As I held his eyes for five seconds I read in them forty years of intense hate for the men of my race.

"Ah! You are a coward!" I shouted at the lion as he turned his head and looked back up the trail. "You have only a squaw in front of you! One of your cubs a year old could claw him down. Why don't you finish him before he runs away to boast of his bravery!"

The beast switched his tail in a menacing way as he stared at me, while the Indian now spoke for the first time, saying:

"Before the night comes I will roast your heart at my fire and eat it!"

"Ah! Then you think the lion is a coward and dares not attack you! Let us see. If I can hit him with this stone he will spring upon you. Better throw away your knife and run for it. Squaws are fleet of foot, are they not?"

I held the missile in my hand while talking to him. Both Indian and beast were looking straight at me as I threw it. It struck the lion full in the side, and with a roar and a rush he was upon the savage. The trail did not look to me to be over three feet wide. The Indian was borne backward by the weight of the attack, but he was quickly on his knees, and I saw his knife flash as he kept stabbing. He did not shout, and the lion uttered no other noise except a sort of sobbing.

The fight seemed to last ten minutes, but I doubt if it lasted over three. On fair ground the Indian might have beaten the beast off or killed it. So, too, on more advantageous ground, the beast might have finished the Indian in a couple of minutes. Of a sudden, as the two were down on the path, they rolled over the brink. The Indian's knife was buried to the hilt in the lion's body, while the brute had its teeth fastened in his throat.

They vanished from sight in an instant, and as I stood looking over the brink of that dark chasm it seemed a quarter of a minute before a dull crash came up through the gloom which had hung there for ages to tell that they were lying dead down there on the rocky bottom.

M. QUAD.

The Only Remedy.

GENTLEMEN,—I have used Burdock Blood Bitters for my blood and for pimples, and two bottles made a complete cure of my case. It is the only remedy I could find to help me.
MISS JULIA VIGER, Trenton, Ont.

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Marechal Neil, Gloire de Dijon and Wm. A. Richardson Roses, and Jackman and other Climatis.

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Now ready for planting out:

Bedding Plants, such as Stocks, Asters, Balsams, etc.

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SHEEP FARM,

2,000 acres, more or less 30 acres; 1,000 acres grazing, 3 houses, barns, Orchard of 350 trees, pigsties, poultry houses, 2 horses, 2 oxen, 1 cow, 30 pigs, 250 sheep (about), wagon, cart and farm implements, £1 2. 0, per acre, including everything; over 3-5 of purchase money can be left on the property for 4 years at 7 per cent per annum. 135-1

AN IMPROVED ESTATE—480 acres more or less; 250 acres cleared; 250 acres alluvial deposit, with clay subsoil; 80 acres alder, maple, cedar and balsam, vegetable deposit, clay subsoil; 150 acres lever park-like land, some pine woods, etc.; water power Sawmill in full running order; Houses, Barns, Blacksmith's shop, Poultry Houses, Orchards, etc. 0-3

Corner lot on Tramway line, Victoria West, $1,200. 133 1

151 acres, Alberni, sawmill and water power, dwelling, stables, 20 acres plowed, opposite Anderson & Co's townsite, a fine speculation, $6,500. 130-4

Building Lot, Niagara st., half cash, half time, $650.

15 acres, City Property, suitable for sub-division, easy terms. 130-3

98 acres, 30 cropped, 25 chopped, log house, 2 barns, stable and outbuildings, half mile from school, near railway, $3,000.

House and 2 lots, Pembroke st., easy terms, $1,000. 110-1

30 acres and improvements, within City limits, long sea frontage, suitable for subdivision, 10 minutes drive from Post Office. 128-3

5 room house, 2 lots, stables, woodshed and improvements, $2,000. 128-3

324 acres farm land, about 70 acres in clover and timothy, small house, well, good spring, etc., 0-

4 building lots, Cedar Hill Road, near the gold mines, $1,500. 135-2

47 acres, with water power, near Shawnigan Lake, 5 minutes' walk from station, $10 per acre. 134-3

7-room house, conservatory, out-houses, modern conveniences, etc., ¼ acre of land; facing the sea; beautiful view of Straits and Olympians, $6,000—terms. 137-1

6-room house, bath, etc.; corner lot, Henry and Turner streets, $3,500. 136-4

9 lots—to close a deal—for sale; a bargain; close to residences of Messrs. H. Saunders and W. Dalby; $5,250 for the whole; assessed for a Larger amount. 136-3

5,900 acres timber land—22 GRANTS—Estimate, 30 M per acre, principally cedar, with hemlock, spruce and balsam. 144-4

320 acres, Alberni; 100 cleared; house, barn, ditching, etc. Cheap, $6,500, on terms. 144-3

Building lot, Victoria West, 50x90, $500. 142-2

97 acres, South Saanich; dwelling, barns, stable, out-houses, etc. $4,200. 142-3

40 acres, South Saanich. $1,400. 142-4

Building lot, 60 feet by 132 feet, Chatham street, near Blanchard. $1,650. 141-2

10 acres; house, stables, sheds, etc.; all fenced; near the junction; good orchard land. $3,000. 140-2

30 acres; house, 17 acres ploughed, 100 cords of wood cut; stables, etc. $3000. 140-1

7-Room House and double lot; a bargain. $1,400. 139-1

237 acres, Somenos Lake. 138-5

8-Room House and lot; easy terms. $2,000. 138-4

6-Room House and lot, Spring Ridge.—1,250. 133-3

3-Story House, 12 Rooms, bath room, hot and cold water; all modern improvements, beautifully finished; lot 177 x 102 ft. 8 in.; unsurpassed view of the straits and beautiful scenery; 20 minutes' walk from post office; cars pass the property. 148-1

80 acres, Alberni, 2½ miles from the townsite. $20 per acre. 147-1

80 acres, Alberni, 2½ miles from the townsite. $15 per acre. 147-2

4-Room House, and lot, Front street, Victoria West. $1,250. 146-2

40 acres, Lake District. $10 per acre. 145-1

3 Building Lots, Sylvia street, each $1,050. 145-2

20 acres, Alberni; 2-room house, 24 x 16; frame barn and lean-to; 4 acres ploughed and fenced; 15 acres chopped; crop, timothy and clover. $600. 145-3

Building Lot, Avalon street, close to the Park. $1,500. 145-4

TO LET.

HOUSES.

6 Room House, 115 North Park street, at $14 per month. 1

7 Room House Mason street, at $13 per month. 3

4 Room House and Bath, etc., Cook street, at $14 per month. 4

7 Room House, John street, (New) at $17 per month. 5

5 Room House and Furniture for sale very cheep, Jackson street, at $15 per month. 6

2 Houses, each 7 rooms, Humbolt street, at $25 per month. 10.11

5 Rooms and Bath, hot and cold water, etc., Erie street, at $20 per month. 15

6 Room House, Garden, Lawn, Stable, etc., Yonge street, at $25 per month. 22

3 Room House, North Park street, at $8 per month. 25

9 Room House, New, Oak Bay Avenue, at $17.50 per month. 27

9 Room House, New, Oak Bay Avenue, at $17.50 per month. 28

10 Room House, New, and all improvements, corner Boyd and Sylvia streets $37.50 per month. 29

3 Room House, Cook street, at $8 per month. 32

6 Room House, Pandora street, at $19 per month. 33

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Corner Store, Government street—Special Terms to a suitable tenant. 42

Store, Government street, between Fort and Broughton, moderate rent. 44

2 Offices, Government street, between Fort and Broughton, cheap to approved tenant. 13

1 Office, near Post Office, Government street, at $7.50 per month. 19

Handsome Centrally Situated Store on Government street, one of the best business positions on the street. 16.

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J. HUTCHESON & CO., J. PARTRIDGE, DAVID SPENCER.
W. WILSON & CO. HENRY YOUNG & CO.
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ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

KOOTENAY - INVESTMENTS.

E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
Information given on Mines, Claims, and Real Estate in Nelson, Ainsworth and Slocan (Slocan especially).
Correspondence solicited. Confidential enquiries answered promptly. Address—P. O. Nelson, Kootenay, B. C. fe28-tf

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Refund of Tax on Improvements for 1891.

Cheques are now ready at the Treasurer's Office, City Hall.

All parties are requested to bring their receipts with them for the year ending 31st December, 1891.

CHARLES KENT,
Treasurer.
ju23

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JULY 24, 1892.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY

BY

W. H. ELLIS, A. G. SARGISON, } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

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Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

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THE SITUATION.

There is not a single case of Smallpox in Victoria city proper. There have been but four new cases during the last ten days, and every patient in the two hospitals is either convalescent or on a fair way to recovery.

GROSS IGNORANCE.

The ignorance of the business men who attended the meeting at Vancouver, presided over by Mr. F. C. Cotton, M. P. P., is indeed something phenomenal. Men of ordinary intelligence know that the Minister of Justice has no power to interfere with the ordinary course of law. Sir John Thompson has no more power arbitrarily to suspend the order of the Court than has Mr. F. C. Cotton himself. The Minister of Justice may advise the Governor-General to pardon a prisoner after the Court has done with him, for it is one of the prerogatives of the Crown to pardon, but the Queen herself cannot interfere with the proceedings of the Courts of Justice. In making an application to the Minister of Justice to suspend the order of the Court the "business men" and their chairman only showed their ignorance of British law and the rights of British subjects. Sir John Thompson is the sagacious adviser of a constitutional ruler and not the Grand Vizier of a despot.

A GOOD BEGINNING.

Our readers will be pleased to learn that the Canada Western is now well on the way to become, within a measurable time, an accomplished fact. The representatives of the Chicago syndicate are here and have concluded their negotiations with the Canada Western Company. The papers are being prepared and will in a day or two be executed. The survey, both on the Island and Mainland, will soon be commenced, the construction company formed, and matters will be put in train for the practical commencement of the great work.

There is, of course, much to be done, but the undertaking is in the hands of good men who understand their business, and who have the ability and the courage to carry it to a successful conclusion.

The city of Victoria and the province generally are to be congratulated on such a good beginning being made. Much credit is due to Mr. R. P. Rithet and other local gentlemen, who have been untiring in their efforts to get the project well under way. The Government of the Province are evidently impressed with the importance of the work. They have done all that could be expected of them, consistent with their duty to the people, to make the way smooth for the company, and their hearty co-operation may be depended upon to carry it out. The prospect is, therefore, good both at home and abroad, and we hope before long to be able to give a good account of the progress that has been made.

AN UNREASONABLE CLAIM.

The chairman of the Vancouver indignation meeting, Mr. Templeton, said what was altogether untrue when he asserted that Victoria attempted to force "her unfortunate malady" on Vancouver. In the first place, Victoria has no "unfortunate malady" peculiar to herself. The malady he alluded to was in Vancouver before it was in Victoria, and has been in the former city ever since it was introduced.

What Victoria wants is the honest and impartial enforcement of the law of the land with respect to contagious diseases. She asks no favors of Vancouver. She simply denies Vancouver's right to close the door of the Dominion to her citizens, and to those who sojourn within her borders.

We are quite sure that sensible people in Vancouver must see that it is most unreasonable that the Corporation of that city should arrogate to themselves the power to prevent persons from Victoria landing on the Vancouver dock for the purpose of taking the cars for the East, provided those persons have complied with the laws of the Dominion and the health regulations of the Province of British Columbia. No one questions the right of the city authorities of Vancouver to exercise their power over those who reside in the town, either temporarily or permanently, but exception is taken to their restricting the liberty of those who are not and do not intend to be under their jurisdiction.

To Victorians it does seem unfair and unreasonable that the corporation of Vancouver, or of any other city on the great routes of travel, should have the power to put a stop to all traffic, both in goods and passengers. We do not wish to say one word in disparagement of the gentlemen who form the corporation of Vancouver. They are, doubtless, as regards intelligence and ability, neither better nor worse than the men who compose the corporations of cities of the same size, in other parts of the continent. We do not think that they will contend that they are better qualified to draw up regulations for the preservation of the health, not only of their own city, but of the Dominion, than were the men who framed the Dominion Quarantine Regulations, and the Health Regulations of the Province. It is not to be supposed, for one moment, that they are competent to condemn, as imperfect and insufficient, the laws and regulations which men of learning, medical skill and wide experience have drawn up for the preservation of the health of not one town, or one province, but of all the provinces and all the towns they contain. We put it to themselves: would it not be most unreasonable if the Corporation of Calgary were invested with the power of putting a stop to all traffic west of itself, and to drag every passenger off the cars and to imprison them for fourteen days because they may have caught the smallpox in Vancouver, or by being in contact with passengers from Vancouver. This, absurd as it is, is precisely the power which the Corporation of Vancouver claims that it possesses, and which it undertakes to exercise. We do not profess to be learned in the law, but we will undertake to say this, that if the Corporation of Vancouver, or the corporation of any other city, has the power to override the laws of the Dominion and the Province, it is against the general good that it should possess that power, and that the sooner it is deprived of it the better for the whole Dominion, including the city of Vancouver itself.

BAD EXAMPLES.

The meeting held in Vancouver on Saturday evening was a very extraordinary one from every point of view. It was convened to express the indignation of the citizens because a judge of the Supreme Court, in the exercise of his duty, found himself obliged to come to a decision which was displeasing to them. This is certainly not how good citizens should act. They should respect both the law and the administrators of the law. If a decision of a Court is erroneous, there is generally a peaceable and constitutional way of correcting the mistake that has been made; and if there is not, a good citizen will submit to what he believes to be an injustice rather than do anything or say anything that is calculated to lessen men's respect for the law of the land and the judges of the Courts.

We were a great deal more than surprised to find that among the foremost of the denouncers of the judge and the defamers of the citizens of Victoria, was a Minister of the Gospel. It is generally presumed that a clergyman is intelligent, that he is law-abiding, that he is careful to speak evil of no man, and that he does what he can to preserve peace and promote good feeling in the community in which he labors. If the Rev. Mr. Maxwell had been as intelligent as he might be expected to be, he would have seen that the excitement in Victoria is exceedingly foolish. He would have known that, as far as danger from the smallpox is concerned, the resident of Victoria is really safer than the resident of Vancouver, and that Victoria now runs a greater risk of getting smallpox from Vancouver than Vancouver does from Victoria. He would, if he had thought coolly over the matter, have come to the conclusion that the laws of the Dominion and of the province are as good for Vancouver as they are for Montreal, Toronto, Halifax, St. John and the other cities of the Dominion. He would have observed, too, that Nanaimo, which is in constant communication with Victoria, relying upon those laws alone, has been able to keep itself clear of the smallpox.

If the reverend gentleman had been law-abiding, he would have respected the decision of the judge and counselled others to respect it. He, as a man of intelligence, would have considered that he who knows nothing of the law is not in a position to pronounce upon the decision of a judge who has made the law the study of his life time. It would have occurred to him that in condemning a judge off-hand respecting the interpretation and the bearing of a statute he was acting both foolishly and presumptuously.

If Mr. Maxwell had been a lover of peace he would not only not have spoken evil of dignitaries, but he would have made every exertion to persuade the excited citizens to be calm and to refrain from making hasty speeches and taking hasty action. Instead of pursuing the course becoming a man of his standing and profession he was the very first to make an inflammatory speech and to do what he could to increase the foolish and pernicious excitement that prevailed. We trust that Mr. Maxwell will live long enough to be heartily ashamed of the course he pursued on Friday evening.

That Mr. McLagan embraced the opportunity which the meeting afforded to blow his own trumpet and to make a fool of himself generally, is not to be wondered at. He is one of that rather numerous class who, in times of excitement, act first and think afterwards. His paper has, throughout the whole of this unfortunate business, acted a despicable part with regard to Victoria. That paper has been the receptacle of every lie that has been invented about the smallpox in Victoria, and its editor has done all in his power to injure this city from the beginning of the outbreak. It is not surprising, then, that Mr. McLagan did what he could to extend and intensify the existing ill-feeling and to lower the judges of the Supreme Court in the estimation of the people. As for the crowd, it acted upon impulse, as crowds generally do. Those who composed it did not think and did not want to think. They will see by and by how foolish they were and, when they do, they will not have a very high opinion of the clergyman and the editor who encouraged and incited them to act foolishly.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.

It is claimed that the honor of initiating ocean telegraphy belongs of right to Mr. F. N. Gisborne, F.R.C.S. Mr. Gisborne considered an ocean telegraph feasible before the idea was entertained by Cyrus W. Field. In 1847 Mr. Gisborne entered the service of the Montreal Telegraph Company. He was made superintendent of the Government lines at Halifax in 1849. While in the Eastern Provinces he saw that telegraph communication with Newfoundland was most desirable. He obtained a construction charter from the Legislature of Newfoundland, and went to New York to obtain the capital he required. In November, 1852, he laid, under circumstances of peculiar difficulty, a cable across the Straits of Northumberland, between Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick. This cable formed part of his Newfoundland system. During the same year he was employed in constructing a land line on the Island of Newfoundland. Owing to a disagreement with the projectors, work on this line was stopped. But Mr. Gisborne, though discouraged, was not beaten. He made a journey to New York in the winter of 1853 54. It was then he met Mr. Cyrus W. Field and his brother Dudley. The latter returned with Mr. Gisborne to St. John's, N. F., where when the legislature was prevailed upon, by representations by Mr. Gisborne, to cancel the old charter and to grant a new one to the new company. This was the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph company, among whose members were Moses Taylor, Marshall O. Roberts, Chandler White, Cyrus W. Field, and *Frederick Norton Gisborne.* Mr. Gisborne was appointed engineer of the company, but he resigned the position in a very short time, when it was filled by Mr. Matthew Field. After a time Mr. Gisborne consented to take charge of the company's line once more. He finished the line across Newfoundland to the satisfaction of the company. He afterwards went to England with Mr. C. W. Field and Sir Edward Archibald "to secure privileges and assistance for eastern extension, but on reaching London, becoming aware of Mr. Field's private negotiations with Mr. Brett, touching the trans-Atlantic scheme, he, for this and other reasons, threw up his mission and for a time abandoned telegraphy altogether."

Sir Joseph Howe gave Mr. Gisborne credit for the inception of the Atlantic telegraph scheme. In a letter to Mr. Gisborne he said: "I have reason to believe that you were the first pioneer of the enterprise as well as the original promoter of electric telegraphy in the Maritime Provinces." The Rev. Mr. Harvey, the historian of Newfoundland, and one of that colony's most distinguished literary men, also bears testimony to the part which Mr. Gisborne took in establishing ocean telegraphy.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

THE Mayor of Vancouver, when he comes here from an "infected city," would feel surprised when he landed, after having complied with the health laws both of the Dominion and the Province, if he were collared by a city constable and placed in quarantine fourteen days. Yet this is precisely how the Mayor of Victoria would be treated if he ventured to land in Vancouver, although Victoria is to-day, as far as danger from smallpox is concerned, a safer city to live in, by far, than Vancouver.

SOME touchy people in Vancouver have taken offence at some remarks which Mr. Justice Crease is reported to have made in Court a few days ago. Those remarks were reasonable and conciliatory, and when read by unprejudiced and unexcited persons, perfectly inoffensive. The learned judge is, when on the bench, as well as everywhere else, particularly urbane and courteous. Even when the occasion calls for sternness and severity, he evidently finds it very difficult to be stern and severe, and in the case under consideration he was particularly mild and kindly in his remarks. The word "insects," about which so much is said, was not used in anything like a reproachful sense, and there is surely nothing very wrong in saying that Victoria and Vancouver, when compared with the great cities of the world, must be considered as villages.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

jul1-d&w

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The Hotel Victoria

Is now open for the reception of Guests, on the

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

- THE CAFE -

Is an adjunct to the Hotel, and will be open from 6 a.m. to 12 p.m. Service and Cuisine unequalled in the city.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Will be served in the Cafe from 11.30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

TABLE D'HOTE DINNER

From 6 to 8 p.m.—$1.00, including wine.

P. T. PATTON,
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BALMORAL HOTEL

Douglas Street.

50 Newly-Furnished Rooms.

Large Parlor, Baths, and all the latest sanitary arrangements.

First-Class Accommodation for Commercial Travelers--Spacious Sample Rooms.

THE RESTAURANT

European and American Plan—Everything first-class.

F. W. GARLAND,
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COLONIAL - METROPOLE

31 to 39 Johnson Street.

Persons in want of a first-class moderate priced hotel will find this house the best in the city.

Private dining rooms for families. Baths, parlors and all modern improvements.

Electric cars pass the house every few minutes. Near all places of interest.

FREE 'BUS.

THOMAS TUGWELL
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OSBORNE HOUSE

Corner of Pandora and Blanchard

First-Class Accommodation at Moderate Rates.

Street Cars Pass the Door.

LARGE AND SUNNY ROOMS.

EVERYTHING NEW.

Special attention to the comfort of guests.

O. W. MONK,
jul Proprietor.

HOTEL JANION.

Look to the left on leaving train, for Hotel Janion. No need to hire hack. One minute will find you in a comfortable room, with first-class accommodation, at moderate prices. Rooms with or without board.
ap1 17 W. WALKER.

SYDNEY HOUSE

SYDNEY, NORTH SAANICH.

Fine Shooting, Salmon Fishing and Boating. Excellent accommodation and the best of everything in season.

W. A. BISSETT, PROPRIETOR.
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MISCELLANEOUS

PEMBERTON & SON,

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

House and Grounds on the Esquimalt Road; 10 Rooms; first-class Tennis Lawn, Orchard and Garden, good Stable and Paddocks.

Half-acre lots in the City, beautifully situated, best of land, for sale, from $650 upwards, on very easy terms.

P. O. BOX 246, mc26 VICTORIA, B. C.

DRS. VERRINDER BROS.
DENTISTS

Room 17, Five Sisters' Block, Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

R. F. Verrinder, M.D., D.DS., specialist, Oral Surgery. A. E. Verrinder, M.D., D.D.S., specialist, Orthodontia and Bridge Work. ju21

DR. POWELL

Has taken rooms in the building occupied by Dr. Duncan,

NO. 89 FORT ST.

Where he may be consulted daily from 9.30 a. m. to 12 m. jy19

MANCHESTER HOUSE

CLEARANCE SALE.

CLEARANCE SALE.

Special Bargains for this Week.

Blouses! Blouses! Blouses!

Ladies' White Muslin Blouses, - - -	65c. Each.
Ladies' White Muslin Blouses, - - -	90c. Each.
Ladies' Fine Tucked Muslin Blouses, - -	$1.15 Each.
Ladies' Flannelette Sailor Blouses, - -	90c. Each.
Ladies' Vassar Shirt Waists, - - -	90c. Each.
Ladies' Silk Vests, (Fine Quality), - -	90c. Each.
Ladies' Lysle Thread Vests, (Fancy Stitch) - -	90c. Each.

—A LOT OF—

Ladies' Mantles and Jackets

Your choice of them for $2 50

T. HAUGHTON & CO.,

88 YATES STREET.

AVOID DANGER

DRINK PURE WATER.

—BUY A—

FILTER FILTER

—FROM—

The SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO

FADED SOILED | BRIGHT CLEAN

The difference effected at

The British Columbia Steam Power Dye Works

OFFICE—52 GOVERNMENT STREET.
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EDUCATIONAL.

NOTICE.

THE MISSES KITTO

Will reopen school on or about the 14th day of September.

Having met with a large measure of success the temporary school house on Fort street is altogether inadequate for present requirements. Arrangements are being made to provide larger and more complete premises so as to accommodate the increase in the number of pupils.

A full prospectus will be issued shortly. Until such notice all communications may be addressed to Miss Kitto, at her residence, 157 Menzies street, Victoria. ap20

MR. W. MARTINS, Graduate of the Kullak Conservatory, Berlin, has come to Victoria highly recommended as an organist and teacher of the piano. He is prepared to receive pupils who earnestly desire to take thorough technical and musical instructions, at 10 Blanchard street. je26

GEO. W. FUGGLE

Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED

Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. P. O. Box 422. mc13 tf

FRANK BOURNE,

Practical Piano Tuner and Regulator.

Highest testimonials from England; also city references. 25 years' experience.

☞ Pianos examined, disposed of, also stored. Charges moderate Orders left at residence, 131 Fort street, or 45 Government St. ap30

A. F. OWEN,

PIANOFORTE TUNER

From J. & J. Hopkinson, London, and Lyon & Hall, Brighton, Eng.; also 3 years tuner for Goodwin & Jordon.

Orders left at Hibben & Co's bookstore, or at residence, 19 Gorge Road, will be promptly attended to. my26

ANNIE - WRIGHT - SEMINARY,

TACOMA.

A Boarding and Day School for Girls.

The ninth year begins September 18th, 1892.

Rt. Rev. J. A. Paddock, D. D., Rector.
Rev. John Dows Hills, M. A., Chaplain.
Mrs. Sarah K. White, Principal.

We provide a pleasant Christian home for girls who wish thorough, systematic instruction, combined with culture and refinement. For information apply to the principal. jy22

ANGELA COLLEGE

VICTORIA, B. C.

Boarding and Day School for Girls.
Principal, Mrs. W Green, assisted by Resident Governesses and an efficient staff.
Patron—The Lord Bishop of Columbia.

Term will Commence Monday, August 29th.

There will be each term courses of lectures on practical subjects, to which girls not belonging to the College will be admitted.

Special attention will be given to table and home comforts.

The principal may be seen daily between the hours of 12 and 3 p.m. after August 1st.

Address THE PRINCIPAL,
Angela College,
ap1 Victoria, B. C.

FRENCH. FRENCH. FRENCH.

THE INGRES-COUTELLIER SCHOOL

—OF—

MODERN LANGUAGES

Summer classes in French for Ladies and Gentlemen, either at the school rooms or at residence, by

Prof. Geo. Coutellier, M.A., LL.D., of Paris University.

For terms, particulars, etc., Prof. Coutellier can be seen at his office every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

86½ DOUGLAS STREET. my18

MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28 tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

ACME LODGE, NO. 14, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas street, at 7:30 o'clock. Sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.
S. W. EDWARDS, Rec. Sec.
W. H. CULLIN, N. G ja20-6m

L. O. L., NO. 1610—Meets first and third Fridays in each month, in Sons of St. George Hall, cor Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren invited to attend.
ap12 JOHN WALLACE, Sec.

NOTICE.

From and after date the brewery business of Loewen & Erb's Victoria Brewery will be carried on by the
VICTORIA BREWING & ICE CO. (LD.)
Victoria, B.C., 1st May, 1892. my1

PURITY

—THE—

Best Disinfectant

—IS—

CARBOLIC SOAP

For Toilet, Bath and Sundry Purposes.

USE PENDRAY'S

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Rice Lewis & Son,

(LIMITED).

SHELF AND HEAVY

HARDWARE

TILES, GRATES, MANTELS,

—FINE—

BRONZE - METAL - HARDWARE

RICE LEWIS & SON, LIM'D.

TORONTO

ONTARIO au28

ALL AROUND ATHLETES

Who Will Succeed Present Champion A. A. Jordan?

MANY CANDIDATES THIS YEAR.

Walter C. Dohm Thinks Morrell or Mooney May Win the Honor—Chances of O'Sullivan, Goff, Long, Schwegler and Pulvermiller—Hammer and Weight Standards Too High.

THE individual athletic all around championship of America, to be decided at Travers island, the summer home of the New York Athletic club, July 16, will bring together probably the largest field of competitors that ever contested the event. The all around competition consists of a series of ten events, for each of which there is a fixed standard. A first place in any event counts five points, second place three, and third one.

Should a competitor fail to reach the standard in three events, he is disqualified from further competition, and the scores of the other competitors are then rearranged as though the disqualified athlete had not contested. The events with their standards are as follows: 100 yards dash, 11⅕ seconds; 1 mile run, 5m. 40 s.; ¼ mile walk, 4m. 30s.; 120 yards hurdle race (10 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high) 20⅕s.; running broad jump, 18 feet; running high jump, 5 feet; pole vault, 8 ft. 6 in.; putting 16-pound shot, 32 feet; throwing 16-pound hammer, 95 feet; throwing 56-pound weight, 24 feet.

On the face of it this programme is not well arranged. Of the seven or eight athletes who will compete, probably not one will fail to qualify in the 100 yards dash, and it is equally probable that not more than three will qualify in throwing the 56-pound weight. In fact altogether too much prominence is given on the programme to weight throwing, and the standards for the hammer and 56-pound weight are far too high as compared with the standards in other events. Thus an athlete who could run 100 yards in no faster than 11⅕ seconds, who could jump not higher than 5 feet or vault but 8 ft. 6 in., would make laughing stock of himself to enter for any of those competitions even in ordinary company.

Such would not be the case with the athlete who could throw the hammer 95 feet or put the "fifty-six" 24 feet. Such a weight thrower would have a chance among good men in a handicap competition. For many years the standards for the hammer and weight were 75 feet and 18 feet respectively, and it is only this year that the increase has been made. Eighty-five feet and 20 feet would be much fairer distances.

Neither Alexander A. Jordan nor Malcolm W. Ford will compete this year. The competition therefore is more open than it has ever been. Those of the entrants who are likely to compete are Harry H. Morrell

THE RUNNING HIGH JUMP.

and George Schwegler, of the New York Athletic club; J. Mooney and M. O'Sullivan, of the Xavier Athletic association; E. W. Goff, of the Manhattan Athletic club; Daniel Long, of the Boston Athletic association, and Oscar Pulvermiller, the old Pastime Athletic club champion.

Who will win?

On paper it looks like a close competition between Morrell and Mooney, with all the others fighting for third place. Morrell will be the favorite with most of the spectators. He has shown form of a high class in sprinting, hurdling, shot putting and distance running. Recently, however, he has been ill, and this has caused him to fall off in his work. Money will be backed to win on account of his excellent showing last year. As is the case with Morrell, however, the increase in the standards for hammer and weight throwing may cause his disqualification. The same is true of Goff and Schwegler, both of whom are excellent all around men, but neither of whom is up to the high standard of 24 feet for the "fifty-six" and 95 feet for the hammers.

Long would be dangerous were he a better runner. As it is he is likely to be disqualified. O'Sullivan is a dark horse who may surprise the other competitors before the day's work is done. The big Irishman will score points in all three weight throwing competitions, and, should Long not qualify, has an excellent chance of scoring five points in each. O'Sullivan is also a good pole vaulter, and may take second in this event. He should score again in the high jump. For points in the other events he will have to rely on disqualifications of other competitors. What makes O'Sullivan a dangerous quantity in the contest is that he seems certain to qualify in eight of the ten events.

Pulvermiller is the best pole vaulter of the lot. Outside this event, however, he is not likely to score many points.

Under the best conditions of weather I do not think that more than three or four competitors will reach the standards in eight events. Should the weather be unfavorable, it would not be surprising if not a man qualified.

The following table will show the chances of the competitors in each event as they are figured out by experts:

	Morrell	Mooney	O'Sullivan	Goff	Long	Schwegler	Pulvermiller
100 yards dash	5	1	0	0	0	3	0
One mile run	5	3	x	1	x	0	0
Half mile walk	3	x	x	5	x	0	1
120 yards hurdles	5	1	0	0	0	3	0
Broad jump	0	3	0	5	0	1	0
High jump	0	0	1	3	5	0	0
Pole vault	x	0	3	1	0	0	5
Throwing 16-pound hammer	1	0	5	x	3	x	x
Putting 16-pound shot	3	0	5	0	0	1	0
Throwing 56-pound weight	x	x	3	x	5	x	1
Totals	22	8	17	15	13	8	7

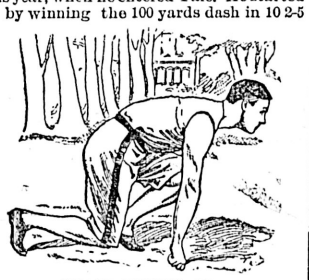
x disqualification.

SPRINTER WAGER SWAYNE, JR.

College Athletes Think He May Become a World Beater.

Wager Swayne, Jr., is only nineteen years old, but Yale athletes look upon the young sprinter as a possible world beater. Whether or not he will lower the great record of 9 4-5 seconds for the 100 yards dash, held by John Owen, Jr., of the Detroit Athletic club, the future alone will tell, but certain it is that Swayne is today one of the most promising sprinters in college athletics. He began his sprinting career when only fifteen years of age at St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H., and broke the two junior records of that school in the 100 and 220 yards dashes. He did the 100 yards in 10 3-5 seconds, and the 220 yards in 24 seconds.

The following year, 1888, he won the same events, doing them in 10 2-5 and 24 1-5 seconds respectively, on a curved track. Swayne's first regular training was done this year, when he entered Yale. He started in by winning the 100 yards dash in 10 2-5



WAGER SWAYNE, JR.

seconds in the freshmen games. Later in the 'varsity games he took the 220 yards dash in 22 3-5 seconds.

In the Princeton spring games he was first in the 100 yards handicap by the excellent time of 10 seconds, and at the subsequent Yale-Harvard games he won the 100 yards dash in 10 1-5 seconds and the 220 yards dash in 22 2-5 seconds. He captured the same events later at the intercollegiate games in 10 1-5 seconds and 22 seconds. Three watches on this occasion registered the 100 yards dash at 10 seconds, but the judges made it 10 1-5.

It is not improbable that the time was 10 seconds, the same made by Swayne in the Princeton games. Swayne's record of even time in the 220 yards dash was particularly creditable. At the games of the New York Athletic club in June Swayne defeated Harry Jewett, the crack runner of the Detroit Athletic club, in the 220 yards dash in 22 3-5 seconds on a curved track. It will be seen from the above that Swayne has lowered his record in the 100 yards dash 3-5 of a second, and in the 220 yards 2 seconds.

The Cocker Spaniel Fascination.

Canadians probably breed the best cocker spaniels in the world. The Dominion's dogs are of a much higher class than those reared in England, and take nearly all the valuable prizes yearly offered in America. Ontario is the province from which the spaniel kings come, and one of the best of them is the puppy Fascination. He was whelped in June, 1891, and made his first appearance at the Westminster

FASCINATION.

Kennel club's show in New York last February. A dog of any age must be a phenomenon to get into the challenge class, but Fascination, although only a puppy, won the challenge prize as well as first honors in the puppy class.

His success was continued at Philadelphia, Boston, Washington and other big shows, and before he was a year old this handsome son of Obadiah and Amazement had won ten first and four special prizes. He was bred by George Bell, of Toronto. Fascination's first season was a remarkable one, and probably no dog of the same age in America ever made so good a record.

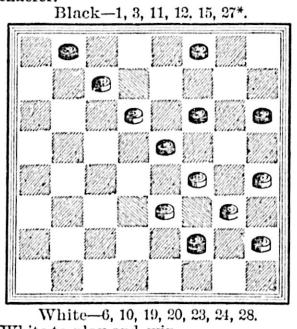
A Great Baseball Game.

The twenty innings game between the Chicago and Cincinnati clubs was a recent sensation in the baseball world. The game ended in a draw when darkness came. In August, 1882, Providence and Detroit clubs played eighteen innings before Providence got the only run of the game and won.

CHECKERS AND CHESS.

Checker Problem No. 174—By Dr. Schaefer.

Black—1, 3, 11, 12, 15, 27*.

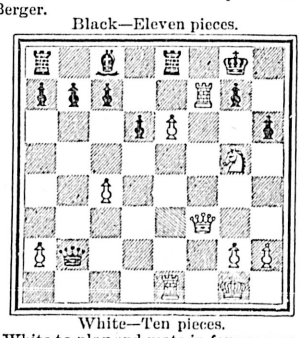


White—6, 10, 19, 20, 23, 24, 28.

White to play and win.

Chess Problem No. 174—By Professor Berger.

Black—Eleven pieces.



White—Ten pieces.

White to play and mate in four moves.

SOLUTIONS.

Checker problem No. 173:

Black.	White.
1..19 to 23	1..12 to 19
2.. 2 to 7	2.. 3 to 10
3..18 to 22	3..25 to 18
4..26 to 31	4..19 to 26
5..31 to 13, and wins	

Chess problem No. 173:

Black.	White.
1..P to K 7 dis ch	1..Kt takes Q
2..P—K 8 (Q) ch	2..B interposes
3..Q—K B 7 mate	

THE BLESSED BABIES.

SPECIMENS OF AMERICAN CHILDREN OF FOREIGN PARENTAGE.

Good Natured German Babies, Coquettish French Infants, Fair Italians, Dignified Spanish Senoritas and Cute Chinese Children.

[Copyright, 1892, by American Press Association.]

More than half the babies born during the year in the United States are of foreign parentage. But in spite of the fact that they are all members of the glorious republic, the land of the free and the brave, there is never one that does not betray its nationality either in feature, disposition or taste.

GERMAN.

Every fond grandmother or doting parent can point out innumerable and remarkable differences between their own tiny tyrant and every other in existence, their own being undoubtedly the cleverest, brightest and most beautiful baby ever ushered into a cold, unappreciative world. Notwithstanding these unbiased opinions nearly all children of the same race have many traits in common, and are more or less types of their nationality.

German babies are the prettiest in the world—they are so fat, so fair and rosy. They are good natured, easy going little creatures, with blue eyes like forgetmenots and flaxen hair. In appearance they are healthy, with firm, white flesh. They love music, which is as the air they breathe to them; but their enjoyment is calm and critical, as befits members of a philosophical race. Of German slumber songs there is no end, either to number or variety. Here is one of the most popular:

Sleep, baby, sleep;
Thy father guards the sheep;
Thy mother shakes the dreamland tree
And from it fall sweet dreams for thee.

Just look at this little Teuton, who was born in New York. Is he not a typical German and a lovely baby?

FRENCH.

French babies are lively and vivacious and have not the great rolls of white flesh that are characteristic of babies of German parentage. They are slenderly made and olive skinned, with just the faintest tinge of pink in either cheek. They are not shy—no, not they! But they will hang their heads and try to make you believe so. A French girl baby is a born coquette and is naughty and audacious just to tease. When scolded she tosses her pretty little head with the sauciest air imaginable until laughter brings the intended lecture to an abrupt end, as she intended; for all the while she was watching you with her sharp black eyes that snap with fun.

Under the ordeal of the camera she is as pose as her celebrated countrywoman, Sarah Bernhardt, herself. Raven black is the color of a French baby's hair, with never a "wave" or a "kink" in it—as straight as straight can be. The greatest delight of the small original of this portrait is when her father, whistling a lively operatic air, catches her up and dances her about on her own slim little feet. She is chic and fascinating, and she knows it.

The third picture is that of a baby girl whose ancestry is written in her face. Those dark eyes and that deep rich

SPANISH.

color unmistakenly betoken Spanish blood. Unlike her French sister, the senorita has all the proud reserve of her forefathers, and does not approve of the publicity of the photographic studio. The mere accident of having been born in the United States has not dispelled the native haughtiness of her race. From under her long black lashes she regards the artist and his assistant with an air of grand and lofty disapproval. Why should she, the descendant of proud hidalgos, be thus rudely exposed to the public gaze? And when the photographer dares to lay his sacrilegious hand upon her to change the pose, she raises her voice in amazed bewilderment at the indignity. Spanish babies are usually very shy and do not easily make friends. They are extraordinarily reticent for children and never indulge in the wild flow of chatter to which French babies are addicted.

At nightfall their dark eyed mothers hush them to sleep with lullabys from old Spain:

The moon shines bright
And the snake darts swift and light,
I see five baby bullocks
And a calf both young and white.

Italian babies look out upon the world with an air of deep solemnity. Rarely are they pretty, for though their features are regular they are generally a little too large for beauty. In manner they are calm and almost stately in their own comical little way. They seem rather overpowered by the responsibility of being descendants of the ancient Romans. Soft, melting brown eyes with an expression of melancholy are one of their greatest attractions.

The very young lady of the fourth portrait is that rara avis, a fair Italian with golden hair, and the pallor and purity of a marble statue. An even, gentle smile crosses her face as she waits for the artist to uncover the camera which he has deceitfully told her is full of "little birds" and various other curious things. Though her father and mother are Italian her solemnity is not as unrelieved as that of most Roman babies; perhaps the fact that she is a free born American citizen has modified somewhat the severity of her gravity. Her favorite edible is macaroni boiled in milk and flavored with onions.

ITALIAN.

Gentle, docile and shy, with a manner half timid, half confiding, Chinese babies are most attractive. A group of these children in their gay colored silk costumes lend a picturesque touch to the curious, dirty, narrow streets of the Chinese quarter in San Francisco.

The Chinese are very proud of their children and dress them very handsomely. When the baby is a month old the father gives a dinner to all his friends at one of the many native restaurants and the child receives its first name. If it is a young Chinaman, when it is old enough to go to school it will be given another—"Promising Advancement," "Rising Student," or some such ambitious reference to the progress it is hoped he will make. A Chinawoman has only one name until she is married, when she receives another.

Children though petted and indulged are never spoiled by Chinese parents, strict obedience being exacted from them. The Chinese baby in this portrait is always very well dressed. He wears a pair of pale green trousers, with a deep yellow band at the foot. His coat is of quilted magenta satin, and around his neck is suspended an amulet bag containing charms against evil spirits. He is fond of playing in a rather grave and serious way, but one of his

CHINESE.

greatest pleasures is to trot by his father's side through the streets as he goes from shop to shop peddling small commodities. He babbles in a mixture of Chinese and English and tries to walk by himself, tottering across the sidewalk almost under the feet of the other Chinese pedestrians, who carefully step out of his way. It is very pleasant to see how gentle and kind the men are to these little ones, playing with them and fondling them most affectionately.

Here is a song with which Chinese mothers sing their babies to sleep. Perhaps "sing" is not quite the right term to apply to extraordinary high falsetto admired by the Celestials, though it cannot be denied that to ears accustomed to it it seems to have a soothing effect:

Snail, snail, come out and be fed;
Put out your horns and then your head,
And thy mammy will give thee mutton,
For thou art doubly dear to me.

These children are all American citizens and will attend the public school, and later on cast a vote. They will be better men than their fathers, and their children, in turn, better than they, for each generation will have greater advantages than the preceding. All the babies mentioned here, though born of alien parents and types of their various nationalities, in reality form a large proportion of the rising generation of America.

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NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B. C. This branch is now open for business.
Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap5 W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

NOTICE.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following Rules of Court:

1. There shall be a vacation in the Supreme Court from the 13th day of July to the 1st day of October, 1892, both days inclusive, during which vacation no pleading shall be delivered or cause tried.

2. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the delivery of pleadings, or trial of causes triable, or proposed to be tried, elsewhere than at Victoria, New Westminster, or Nanaimo.

3. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with applications for judgment under Rule 75 of the "Supreme Court Rules, 1880."

4. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the pending sittings of the Full Court, nor with the right of appeal to the Divisional Court from any interlocutory order, or the refusal of any interlocutory order.

5. These Rules may be cited as the "Long Vacation Rules, 1892."

By Command.
ARTHUR CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
12th July, 1892. jy13

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, VICTORIA,
Thursday, the 14th day of July, 1892.

PRESENT:

HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

UNDER the provisions of the "Health Act" His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council of British Columbia, has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered,—

That there be created a Health District to be known as the "Wellington Health District," which shall comprise the following territory, namely:—

Commencing at the north-west corner of Wellington District; thence south along the western boundary of the said district, and of a portion of Mountain District, to the line between Sections 16 and 17 in the said Mountain District; thence east along the said boundary line between the said Sections 16 and 17, and along a continuation thereof, to Exit Passage; thence northerly and westerly along the sea coast to the place of commencement.

That a Board of Health be established in the said district, which shall be composed of Joseph B. Hugo, Alexander Sharp, Joseph Lewis, Murdock Mathewson, J. P., and William Tregoning, Esquires, and that the jurisdiction and powers of the said Local Board shall extend to all matters and things defined in the aforesaid "Health Act."

THEODORE DAVIE,
Attorney-General and Clerk of the Executive Council. jy15

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Benjamin C. Pettingell and Archibald H. McCallum, as saloon keepers, doing business at the Royal Hotel, corner of Fort and Douglas streets, in this city, has been dissolved this day by mutual consent, A. H. McCallum retiring. Mr. Pettingell will continue the business, assuming all debts and liabilities of the said firm and will carry on the business henceforth in his own name.

Dated this 18th day of July, A. D. 1892.

B. C. PETTINGELL.
A. H. McCALLUM.
Witness: W. H. MASON. jy19

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Land Agents, etc., has been dissolved by mutual consent, as from the 31st day of May, 1892.

The business will be continued at 42 Fort street, under the name of H. E. Croasdaile & Co., and Mr. J. H. Brownlee will for the present occupy an office at the same address.

HENRY E. CROASDAILE.
J. H. BROWNLEE.
31st May, 1892 je1

Special to THE COLONIST.]

M. QUAD'S HUMOR.

The "Arizona Kicker's" Contributions —An Artist's Predicament" in the New First Reader.

A Mule who Forgot Mistaken Charity —The First Newspaper in the Field.

[Copyright, 1892, by Charles B. Lewis.]

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

A NEW DEPARTMENT.—With this issue we establish a new department entitled "Sporting News." We do it to accommodate a baseball editor from New York who struck this town in a barefoot condition and offered to work for three dollars a week and his board. We don't know how it will pan out, but if he is willing to risk it we are. On three different occasions we have endeavored to establish a sporting department, but the sporting editor has either been shot or run out of town within a few hours after the paper came out. Our people are rather queer

"OFFERED TO WORK FOR THREE DOLLARS A WEEK.

about certain things, and a journalist must know their characteristics before he can please them.

P. S.—We stop the press after having worked off 600 copies to announce that our sporting editor has concluded to seek a different climate. He was somewhat assisted in this resolution by Dan Skinner, Jim Bebee, Abe Hastings and others whom he characterized as "one horse sports who had never seen a genuine dog fight." He was a mile ahead and gaining at every jump when they dropped the pursuit. "Sporting News" will probably not appear next week.

AN UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.—Friday last a stranger arrived here from Chicago with a view of opening an undertaking establishment. Unfortunately for him he went prowling about by himself and had nothing to say to any one. He came into The Kicker office about 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, and as he entered the door we thought we recognized him as Bill Wheatley, of Clinch valley, who sent us word two weeks ago that he intended to bury us in our own private graveyard. This recognition was strengthened by the fact of his reaching behind him as if for his gun. As subsequently explained, he was after his handkerchief, which in this town is always kept in a man's hat. We always get the drop if possible, and we got it on this man and bored him through the shoulder. When he came to give his name as Henry Briggs, and state his mission and prove his identity by numerous papers, no one could have felt more sympathy than we did. We agreed to pay the surgeon's bill and give him forty dollars besides, and we are now paying his board at the hotel for the week as well. Mr. Briggs has no hard feelings toward us. On the contrary, he realizes his mistake in not posting up on the rules and regulations of the town, and freely admits that he has no claim on us whatever.

HE FOUND OUT.—Jim Whitbeck, alderman from the First ward, has been aching for some time to find out if his honor the mayor (who is ourself) was well up in "Cushing's Manual" as president of the common council. Last Friday evening he learned all he wanted to know. He was indulging in a speech when there was no question before the house and was politely cautioned. He refused to heed the caution and planted himself on the broad platform of American liberty. His honor stepped down and took Jim and his platform and threw both down stairs in a heap. The platform didn't suffer any to speak of, but the alderman from the First had his shoulder dislocated and the funny bone of his elbow cracked in two places. If there is any other member of the council who doubts the mayor's thorough familiarity with "Cushing" he is free to experiment at any meeting.

NO RIOT ACT.—His honor the mayor (who is ourself) wishes us to announce the fact that his office has never been supplied with a copy of the riot act, and that in case of a mob gathering to do mischief no act can be read. It is well for our citizens to remember this matter. There will be no waiting on the part of his honor, as is usually the case, but within fifteen seconds after the mob has been commanded to disperse he will be right down on the ground with both feet and mowing right and left. We sincerely hope there may never be occasion for acting in an official capacity, but it is wise for our citizens to post up on laws and ordinances and be ready to act in accordance. His honor was not acting officially when he dispersed Jim Redfoot Saturday evening, but as editor of The Kicker and an eminent citizen of the town.

THE NEW FIRST READER.

"Ah! What have we here?"

"It is the United States sun rising on a farm—scene in New Jersey. The grass sparkles with dew, the songs of the meadow lark gladden the heart and the cows in the barnyard chew their cuds in peace as they wait for the dairy maid to appear with her pail."

"Is that the dairy maid tripping lightly down the path toward the bars?"

"Oh, no! That is an artist from New York who has arranged to spend two weeks on the farm to study animal life according to nature. He is going to paint a picture with seven or eight cows in it, and he will call it 'The Morning Milk Stool; or, How We Worked the Racket on the Innocent Cows.' It has been his ambition for years, but he has just got around to it."

"Why does he carry a pail and stool?"

"Oh, he's going to begin on the ground floor and work his way up. He never milked a cow, but he's always thought it would be romantic. He will carefully study the hind legs of bossy as he fills the pail. If any newspaper critic gives him a roasting on his painted cows he can get back at him by saying he's milked a cow and ought to know which way her hind legs crook."

"He seems undecided which cow to begin on."

"He's simply studying attitude and wishing he had his sketch book at hand. There is far more grace in a cow than he ever dreamed of. There—he finally approaches a cow and takes a graceful position on the milk stool."

"But why does the cow look at him so queerly?"

"Because she's farrow and is being fatted for beef. It's about a year since any one sat down within reaching distance of her hoof."

"I can no longer see the artist for the cloud of dust. Is he still there?"

"Oh, no! He left ten minutes ago and has just brought up against the old wagon box under the shed. He has a corn cultivator down the back of his neck, an old fanning mill jabbed into his ear and his legs are tangled up with a patent drag and a potato planter. He won't die, though. He will continue lying there until fully rested and then make a sneak for the bars and fall through."

"Will he ever be blithe and happy again?"

"Oh, yes, but not in the cow line. He will probably turn to mountain scenery and give cows the go by, and in due time he will get the porous plasters off and be able to approach a cow within half a mile without being seasick in the knees."

THE MULE WHO DISREMEMBERED.

A faded out old mule which looked to be fifty years old came crawling down the dusty street before a shacklety old wagon, in which was seated a colored man. As he drove up to the depot platform and stopped I inquired:

"Well, uncle, I suppose you'd sell that mule for money?"

"How much, sah!" he asked as he looked up.

"What do you think he's worth?"

"Wall, sah, I reckon de cash value of dat mewl—cash right down on de nail—hain't fur from seben dollars an a half, but I couldn't dun sell him fur dat. He hain't no common mewl, he hain't."

"Is he blooded?"

"No sah; but he's a reekolecksh un mewl, an dat's what makes him so waluable."

"What's a recollection mule?"

UNDECIDED WHICH COW TO BEGIN ON.

"Why, sah, he reekolects back to wah times. He was right around yere doin all de wah, an he hain't dun disremembered nuffin."

"What does he remember?"

"'Bout dem Yankees shells, sah. De Yankee dun fired cannons at him ebery chance dey got, but he allus dodged de shells. Would you like to see him perfo'm, sah?"

"I would."

"Would yo' be dun willin to put up fo' bits fur damages to de wagin? He's b und to smash things when he finks he h'ars a shell comin."

I gave him half a dollar and he stepped out and picked up a cobblestone and stood behind the wagon. The mule was leaning against the platform and apparently sound asleep. The negro puckered up his mouth and uttered a droning, moaning sound, like the flight of a shell, and gradually brought it closer and closer until an old soldier would have been deceived. Then he heaved the stone against the platform with a great bang and cried out:

"Fo' de lawd, Erastus, but dem Yankees has dun got de range agin—look out!"

The mule had pricked up his ears at the first sound. As the imaginary shell came nearer and nearer he began to pick up his feet and exhibit great excitement, and the words of the negro were not yet out of his mouth when Erastus made a break. He went off like a cyclone, struck a post and ripped two wheels off the wagon, and after a straight run of eighty rods up the street with the wreck turned a corner and was out of sight.

"Dat's what I dun toled yo', sah," said the man as he turned to me: "he's a reekolecksh un mewl. He's old an humbly an pore, an he hain't got no style, but he jest disremembers all about dat wah, an I couldn't sell him short o' fifty dollars. I said fo' bits befo' he dun started, but I put in an extra yell an he broke off two wheels, an I reckon you'd bettah make it a dollah, sah."

THE ELEVENTH MAN.

We stopped at a flag station to take up a couple of men, and as they came into the smoker all saw that they were handcuffed together. It was easy enough to identify the prisoner. He was a gaunt faced, long haired man of dejected demeanor, and he seemed much embarrassed at sight of so many of us.

"I reckon yo' can't run from me now," said the officer as he removed the irons. "Sorry to hev put 'em on ye at all, Jim, but I'm lame and can't take chances."

"Is the man going to prison?" was the natural inquiry of one of the passengers.

"A little wuss nor that, sah—he's goin' to the convict camp," answered the officer.

"For what crime?"

"It wasn't much of a crime. I believe he stole co'n to feed his starvin fam'ly on."

"And what is his sentence?"

"Well, the jedge fined him fifty dollars or two years. He couldn't pay of co'se, and so he'll serve out his two years if he don't die. He's feelin powerful pore, and I reckon six months will put him under the sod. Say, Jim, yo sot

HE WENT OFF LIKE A CYCLONE.

yere by yo'self while I go into the fur kyar to see Tom Jackson a minit."

He had no sooner departed than our spokesman stood up and said:

"Gentlemen, this is an outrageous shame. Here is a man being sent to a chain gang because he stole a bushel or so of corn to keep life in the bodies of wife and children! I'll give ten dollars toward paying his fine."

"So'll I!"

"So'll I!"

There were eleven of us in the car. Ten of the crowd finally chipped in seven dollars apiece, figuring to give the man a show after his fine was paid. The eleventh man brusquely refused to give a shilling. The officer soon returned, fifty dollars of the purse was given him and at the next station the pair got off. The prisoner thanked us over and over, and all felt amply repaid. The attitude of the eleventh man nettled us. He sat reading and paid no attention to the sly digs given him, but after awhile, when something pretty harsh was flung out, he closed the book, stood up to face us and calmly said:

"Gentlemen, I feel that I owe you all an apology. Every one but me sympathized with that poor man; every one but me contributed to that purse. My apology and my excuse is that I've met the same pair five different times this week on five different trains going in five different directions, and I thought they were making a big divide without my seven dollars!"

HE PULLED OUT.

We had camped at the mouth of a pass in the Bitter Root mountains, on the dividing line between Idaho and Montana, and for thirty-eight days we had not seen a human being outside of our own crowd. About 5 o'clock in the afternoon we caught sight of a pack train of five mules coming across the little vallley in our front. There were only two men with the train, and we were amazed to see them heave in sight in that wild and lonely spot. We kept wondering and wondering what the mules could be loaded with, but no one came within forty rods of guessing the right cargo. The leading man didn't look like hunter, miner, prospector or emigrant, and we were looking him over with all our eyes when he came up, halted and said:

"Good evening, gentlemen. Will you be kind enough to inform me if there is any town around here?"

"Town! Town!" repeated the captain. "Why, man, do you know where you are!"

"In the Bitter Root, I take it."

"Yes, and you are looking for a town?"

"I am."

"Well, the nearest town I know of, if you keep to the west, is Colfax, way over in the edge of Washington territory. It must be 400 miles from here."

"Only 400! Well, that's not so bad. Can we camp here to-night?"

"Of course. What ye loaded with?"

"Well, it was the Montana Weekly Observer ten days ago. In about ten days from this it will be the Washington Hustler, I presume. Got to be too many of us over in Gallatin, and so I pulled out for a new spot."

"You don't mean you've got a newspaper outfit with you?"

"You've hit it straight, mister—handpress, body type, chases, column rules, display type, half a keg of ink, a roller and everything else needed to set up shop and get out the liveliest sheet in the whole west. Jim, better get the packs off and prepare supper. I've got to write a salutatory and a column leader tonight!"

"Well, by gosh!" exclaimed every man in our crowd.

"Westward the star of empire and so-forth," replied the editor as he hunted in a bundle for paper and pencil. "The office of The Hustler is now open for business. Subscriptions two dollars a year in advance. One dollar for six months. Job work done on reasonable terms. All advertising considered cash unless otherwise agreed, and no specimen copies sent unless paid for!"

M. QUAD.

Seven Years' Suffering.

GENTLEMEN,—I have suffered very much from inflammatory rheumatism, which through wrong treatment left ugly running sores on my hands and feet. With these I suffered for seven years, during which time I had neither shoe or stocking on. I commenced using B. B. B. externally and internally, using the pills also, and I can say now that the sores are entirely cured, and have been for some time. I believe the bitters were the means of saving my life. MRS. ANNIE BARR,
Crewson's Corners, Acton P. O., Ont.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children when teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind
ul d&w-ly

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

jy28-t-t-su

"I AM entirely free from INDIGESTION Since I commenced using ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI AFTER MEALS."

Is the testimony of several millions of people. Recommended and endorsed by the highest medical authorities in the world.

A very interesting pamphlet on "HOW TO KEEP WELL" sent FREE by addressing—

ADAMS & SONS Co., 11 & 13 Jarvis St. TORONTO, ONT.

ju30

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store Street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice, RICE MEAL, Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour, Bran and Shorts

Nos. 64 and 66 Store Street, Victoria

a30

C. P. N. Co., (L'd.)

TILL further notice steamer for Vancouver will leave Victoria at seven (7) a. m sharp.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

fy16

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

LOTS 3, 4, 5 AND 6, BLOCK H, AND LOT 6, BLOCK K, HARBOUR ESTATE, VICTORIA CITY.

A CERTIFICATE of Indefeasible Title to the above hereditaments will be issued to John Herbert Turner on the 22nd day of October, 1892, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said hereditaments, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 20th July, 1892. jy22

CHAS HAYWARD ESTABLISHED 1867 FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER 52, GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA

BLANKETS, - PRINTS,

Sateens, Cottons, Sheetings, Shawls, &c., &c

WHOLESALE ONLY.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

VICTORIA. ap24

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

By mutual consent the firm of Fitzpatrick & Mackie, plummers, 68 Broad street is this day dissolved. The undersigned will carry on the business and assume all liabilities and collect outstanding accounts.

J. FITZPATRICK.

Victoria, July 7, 1892 jy8

THE GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures all diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion or overexertion. Six packages GUARANTEED TO CURE when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for the Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For sale and mailed by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria, B. C. jly12-d&w-eod

FREDRICK S. ROPER, Provincial Inspector of Contagious Diseases among Horses and other Domestic Animals. 24 Hillside Avenue, Victoria, B.C.

NOTHING LIKE THE

Blarney Tweeds and Serges

They are made only from the Purest Australian Wool and are most Fashionable for Light Summer Wear.

Being dyed in the wool, they do not fade like piece dyed goods.

Though they are the dearest goods made GEO. R. JACKSON is selling them at prices as low as any who sell only Canadian goods, simply to clear off his mammoth stock which is double that of any other in the Province. Prices Rock Bottom.

Two hundred suits must be sold.

SEE WINDOWS. fe19-1m 57 Government Street.

It is difficult to cater for Invalids,

They need strong nourishment,

But cannot eat solid food

A Food that supplies all the virtues of Prime Beef an easily-digested form is

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

It is easily prepared and palatable. It can be reduced to any strength. Taken either as Beef Tea or spread on thin Toast and Butter.

FIRE INSURANCE. PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO., Of Hartford, Conn., ESTABLISHED - - - 1854. Cash Capital, - $2,000,000. CANADA BRANCH: Head Office, 114 St. James St. MONTREAL.

GERALD E. HART, - - - - - - - - General Manager.

A share of your Fire Insurance is solicited for this reliable and wealthy company, renowned for its prompt and liberal settlement of claims.

J. J. AUSTIN, H. M. YATES, } Victoria Agents, 63 Government St.

fu29

COLUMBIA MILLS

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Pickets.

A million and a half feet of lumber to select from.

SHIP LUMBER

A general assortment always on hand and cut to order.

WHARF AND BRIDGE BUILDERS

Are especially invited to come and inspect our stock. We also make a specialty of

WELL SEASONED DRY CEDAR.

Prices as low as any,

D. F. ADAMS, PROPRIETOR.

Corner Bridge and David. Three blocks from bridge. P. O. Box 515. Telephone 428.

ap3 6m

British Columbia Express Co.

LIMITED.

LILLOOET SERVICE.

Stages of this line carrying H. M. Mails, Passengers and Express, make two trips a week each way, between ASHCROFT and LILLOOET.

Fast Time; Close Connections.

Leave Ashcroft on Mondays via Marble Canon, arriving at Lillooet same day. Returning to Ashcroft the following day.

Leave Ashcroft on Wednesdays via Clinton. Returning to Ashcroft on Saturdays.

Valuables and Express Packages of all kinds carried safely and at reasonable rates, and prompt attention given to all business entrusted to us.

S. TINGLEY, General manager.

Ashcroft, B. C., June 28, 1892. jy1

FROM AND AFTER this date I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.

Dated the 2d day of September, A.D. 1891.

sep3-tf

[L.S.] HUGH NELSON.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the Cariboo Electoral District:

WHEREAS a vacancy has happened in the Legislative Assembly by the death of the Honourable John Robson, a member for the Cariboo Electoral District, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made according to law, of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, for the Cariboo Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such election to be held on the day of next, and do cause the name of such Member when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 30th day of November next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly endorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia: WITNESS, the Honourable HUGH NELSON, at Our Government House, at Victoria, the twenty-first day of July, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

By Command HARVEY COMBE,

jy22 Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 16,

To take effect at 8.00 a. m. on Friday April 29th, 1892. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP.	No 3 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	Miles from Wolfn	STATIONS.	Miles from Vic.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.	No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.
	Ar 8.00	Ar 12.21	72	VICTORIA	1		P.M	Do 8.00 A.M
	7.56	12.10 P.M	74	RUSSELLS	4		3.04	8.04
	7.48	11.45	67	ESQUIMALT	11		3.08	8.14
	7.28	11.10	58	GOLDSTREAM	20		3.16	8.33
	6.59	10.56	50	SUMMIT SIDING	29		3.36	8.44
	6.57	10.47	47	COBBLE HILL	32		4.05	9.14
	6.15	10.27	43	MCPHERSON'S	36		4.37	9.34
	6.05	10.17	40	KOKSILAH	38		4.49	9.47
	6.00	10.11	38	DUNCAN'S	40		4.59	9.57
	5.52	10.02	32	SOMENOS	48		5.04	10.07
	5.32	9.38	26	CHEMAINUS	52		5.12	10.12
	5.15	9.15	19	OYSTER BAY S'G	59		5.32	10.22
		Do 8.10 A.M	6	NANAIMO	73		5.49	10.44
		Ar 8.0		WELLINGTON	74		6.22	11.00
							P.M	Ar 6.34

On Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt

my29

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO (NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers, Of Latest Equipment

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office this Company.

For full information concerning rates, times of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Ticket Agent, 32 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria

A. D. CHARLTON, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt., 121 First st., corner Washington, Portland, Or

feb11

Merchants' Steamship Company

S. S. WILMINGTON,

Connecting with the Canadian Pacific Railway between

Portland, Victoria and Vancouver.

Freight and passengers at lowest rates. For full particulars as to rates and sailings, apply to JOHN WILSON, AGENT, 28 Yates St., Victoria, B.C.

T. H. PHILLIPS, Agent, Portland. ap20

STEAMERS AND SHIPS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Royal Mail Steamship Line, —THE— IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE —TO— CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING, Subject to change and individual postponement

Steamship.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria
Empress of Japan	June 18	June 26
Empress of China	July 9	July 17
Empress of India	July 30	August 7
Empress of Japan	August 20	August 28
Empress of China	Sept. 10	Sept. 18
Empress of India	October 1	

Round trip tickets at reduced rates on sale at Company's office. Also through tickets to all principal points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

Tickets from Victoria Around the World, good to go in either direction, together with pamphlets, guide books, time tables and full information. Call on or address

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent, Government St., Victoria, B.C.

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Vancouver, B.C.

fe13

HO! FOR THE EAST!

THE UPTON LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

SS. PALMAS, DUE 16th JULY.

Good Passenger Accommodation!

$300! $300! $300!

Round trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges. Sailing monthly from Victoria.

Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board.

For further particulars and every information apply to F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., 131 Government St. Agents.

fly7

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m.

WALLA WALLA, - JULY 27.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

mar26

UNION : STEAMSHIP COMPANY, B. C., L'D.

Head Office and Wharf - Vancouver, B C

VANCOUVER AND NANAIMO

SS. CUTCH

LEAVES C. P. R. Wharf daily at 1:00 p. m. RETURNING from Nanaimo at 7:00 a. m. Cargo at company's wharf until noon.

Steamers and scows always available for excursion, towing and freighting business. Ample storage accommodation on company's wharf. Particulars on application to office.

WM. WEBSTER, Manager.

Telephone 94. P. O. Box 217.

fe14-1m

Puget Sound & Alaska Steamship Co

TIME CARD.

VICTORIA ROUTE.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON.

8.00 a.m....*Lv....Tacoma...Ar.... 6.15 a.m.
10.15 a.m....Lv....Seattle....Lv.... 3.00 a.m.
1.30 p.m....Lv. Pt. Townsend. Lv.... 11.45 p.m.
4.30 p.m....Ar....Victoria....Lv.... 8.30 p.m.

PORT TOWNSEND MAIL ROUTE.

STEAMER EDITH.

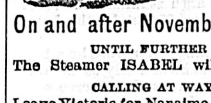
11.00 p.m....Lv....Seattle....Ar.... 3.00 p.m.
12.30 a.m....Lv..Pt. Madison..Lv.... 2.10 p.m.
3.00 a.m....Lv..Pt. Gamble..Lv.... 11.00 a.m.
4.00 a.m....Lv..Pt. Ludlow..Lv.... 10.00 a.m.
6.00 a.m....Ar. Pt. Townsend Lv.... 8.00 a.m.

* Daily ex. Sunday. † Daily ex. Saturday. ‡ Daily except Monday.

For further information apply to G. G. CHANDLER, G. F. & P. A., Tacoma.

ap15

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY



Steamer ISABEL J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, 1889, UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 5.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited

Time Table No. 17, takes effect April 1, 1892.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent ap

THE CITY.

Communication Restored.

The Carmanah-Victoria wire is once more in good condition, and the great pressure of commercial business has resumed its flow.

Board of School Trustees.

The regular monthly meeting of the board of school trustees will be held at the City hall on Tuesday, the 26th instant, at 8 p.m.

Not Even Related.

The Mr. Weiler whose name appears in the list of patients at the quarantine station is no relation to Messrs. Weiler Bros., the furniture dealers of Fort street.

A Grass Fire.

The rampant grass fire got in its work again yesterday. This time out on Blanchard street beyond Chatham. The whole force turned out, but "the chemical" proved sufficient to subdue the "devouring demon."

"Lifted."

The quarantine on the Clarence hotel was lifted yesterday afternoon, and for the first time in fourteen days the forms of the sad-eyed watchmen were missed from their accustomed places. The inmates naturally rejoice at their regained freedom.

Stopped Before Started.

Officer Smith had a lucky escape from injury, yesterday afternoon. A horse attached to Gordon's delivery wagon attempted to run away, but was seized by Smith, who, though thrown uncomfortably near the wheels, held on and brought the outfit to a standstill.

The Di-Oxide.

Dr. Macnaughton Jones yesterday telegraphed to Ottawa an estimate of the cost of fitting the steamer Earle with the Di-Oxide blast machine, and is expecting immediate instructions to proceed with the work. All preliminarys are practically settled, and these final instructions are all that will be needed before the work is commenced.

The James Bay Bridge.

A little more attention to this primitive structure would make those who are obliged to pass over it feel happier. The chain guards are down in several places, and the flooring projects to the danger of horses. The street car alone can pass over it in safety, but with an oscillating effect calculated to produce discomfort among passengers and pedestrians.

The Johnson Street Sewer.

Three years ago the first shovel of earth was turned on Johnson street for sewerage works, and since that date the pick and shovel have been seen on the street in constant operation. To-day the street is as completely blockaded as it was three years ago. The storekeepers on the thoroughfare are asking when they will see the last of sewerage operations.

The Motion Dismissed.

Mr. W. J. Taylor made another application yesterday to Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, C.J., to rescind the order made restraining Dr. Milne from acting or assuming to act as municipal health officer for the city of Victoria. The same ground was covered in argument as has previously been recited, but His Lordship could not see his way clear to make the order asked for, and the injunction therefore stands. The Attorney-General did not appear.

The Funeral Train.

A Winnipeg despatch of yesterday says: "The remains of the late Premier Robson passed through this city to-day on the express from Montreal. They were in charge of Mr. Joseph Hunter, M.P.P., son-in-law of the late Premier, who, with Mrs. Hunter, went from Victoria to Montreal to meet Mrs. Robson, her niece, Miss Lizars, and the funeral party from England. They proceed to Victoria, where, it is expected, the funeral will take place with State honors. The party is travelling in the private car Vancouver."

Death of Mrs. Colvin.

The remains of Mrs. Colvin, the wife of R. W. Colvin, of the Rock Bay shipyard, arrived down, yesterday evening, from Cobble Hill, where she died, on Friday, after a lingering illness. The deceased has resided in Victoria for a number of years, and will be widely mourned by her many friends, to whom she had endeared herself by her many estimable qualities. A husband and two sisters, Mrs. A. Rutherford and Mrs. Hendry, are left to regret the death of a kind and loving wife and sister.

Death from Suffocation.

When an employe of Messrs. Mann & Heron, the harness makers on Broad street, entered the shed in the rear of the store, yesterday morning, he was shocked to find the dead body of W. H. McMenemy, a workman who had been employed by the same firm. The corpse was lying face downward in a heap of packing hair, and investigation seemed to show that death had resulted from suffocation. The deceased came from Hamilton, Ont., where his parents still live, and for the past two years or more has been working at his trade with Mann & Heron. The friends of the dead man were informed by telegraph of his death. An inquest will be held by Coroner Hasell on Monday.

Not Going to Close Up.

A Vancouver dispatch published in Friday's Times that the B. C. sugar refinery had sold out its stock of raw sugar, has been construed to mean that the refinery is going to close down. The COLONIST is asked to make a correction. The Vancouver refinery company are in the business of dealing in sugar and when the market is favorable they buy raw sugar which they can sell to advantage when the market improves, provided, of course, they have more stock on hand than is necessary for their own immediate uses in manufacturing. Last year they were "short" and bought in the San Francisco market. This year they are "long" and sold in the same way, but so far as the idea of their closing down is concerned it is erroneous.

An Amusing Experience.

Captain Cowper and family had a rather amusing experience at Ladner's Landing the other day. They went up on the steamer Rainbow, and on attempting to land, were met by a man who told them that if they landed they would be quarantined. When asked as to the locality of the quarantine, the man pointed to an open shed and said that it was the best they could do as they had not made any arrangements for the purpose. The captain not liking the looks of the proposed quarters, pushed on with his family. Those present seemed non-plussed, some advising that the party be run in and others saying that it would be better to let them go. All seemed of one mind regarding the advisability of keeping away from the "dangerous" people from Victoria. While the matter was under discussion the captain and party escaped. An "indignation" meeting was afterward held and three columns of resolutions passed about something, but no one seemed to have any very definite idea as to their purport.

One More Unfortunate.

The Yosemite contributed one more occupant to the Vancouver quarantine, yesterday, the last unfortunate being X. Hosneder, a passenger from this city.

Wanted—Hymn Books.

The inmates of the Jubilee Hospital quarantine station will be very thankful to any kind Christian friends who will supply them with cheap hymn books, for use to-day.

A Beautiful Rainbow.

Lovers of the beautiful had a rare treat last night, when a most gorgeous rainbow, with blended colors, to which no artists' brush could do justice, formed with the heavens for a background. It was an omen of peace!

They Heep Sabee Now.

A couple of Chinamen who were experimenting in a Peterboro canoe had an upset at the Gorge, a day or two ago. Thinking that no one was around they got hold of a canoe, left tied up near a camping tent, and before many minutes elapsed, were both struggling in the water. Luckily, however, a couple of young men on the beath got out to their rescue just in time.

Over "Fan Tan."

Chinatown is getting rather lively of late. Another row occurred there, last night, a number of the devotees of the classic "Fan-Tan" indulged in a mixed squabble. In a few minutes about 20 whistles were blowing, in a way to make the musical engineer of Spratt's Ark green with envy. The arrival of the police officers on the scene caused the crowd to scatter quickly.

Game out of Season.

Numerous complaints are made of the destruction now going on of young pheasants and grouse. In many cases birds not larger than robins are shot, and at the present rate, there will be little or no game left by the end of the close season. One party lately returned to town was a witness of some of this illegal "sport" and it is to be hoped that a prosecution will follow.

Vaccination.

Dr. Wade was on hand, yesterday, at the departure of the Nanaimo train, and operated upon some seventy excursionists who had secured their ticket without having previously had an injection of the smallpox preventative. Among those vaccinated were several gentlemen who had rods and guns among their luggage, who protested that they were sportsmen, not smallpox disseminators.

Quite a Drop.

One of the men working on the new Adelphi building was badly shaken up, though not seriously injured, by an accident on Friday afternoon. A barrow load of bricks which he was wheeling along the basement wall ran off, pulling the man with it. A drop of 18 or 20 feet upon the load of brick was the result, fortunately not a serious one. The man was taken home and a liberal supply of arnica fixed him all right.

A Week of Years Together.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Topping celebrated the seventh anniversary of their marriage last evening, the occasion being duly honored by Mr. Topping's fellow workers, who presented him with a handsome and comfortable leather easy chair, and his estimable wife with a pretty little rattan rocker. Of course, the accompaniment of an address was not forgotten, and in this case the testimonial is said to have been a masterpiece of literary excellence.

Results of the Examinations.

The provincial board of examiners are now about through with their labors, and within the next few days the candidates for teachers' certificates will know how they have succeeded. Owing to the fact that the examinations were not concluded, it is quite probable there will be rather a shortage of teachers with high grade certificates in some localities, and those whose old certificates had not expired will, along with degree candidates, have a little the advantage.

A "Public Vaccinator" Now.

According to a sign on the entrance to Dr. Morrison's office, the ex-Coroner and erstwhile "Government doctor" has now a new title. He is a public vaccinator. The notice would seem to indicate that Dr. Morrison had been named by either the local health officer or the provincial officer to vaccinate the "public" free of charge, but the chances are it means nothing of the kind, for Dr. Morrison has, somehow or other, a peculiar faculty of getting appointed to various positions, no one knows by who. The latest assumption has been reported to the Attorney-General, and, if the law will cover it, a prosecution will ensue.

The City Police Court.

His Honor had a very light day's work yesterday, two cases only being disposed of. The first was that of Charles John Liapand, charged with being found drunk.

"Charles John," said Clerk Dowler, "what have you to say to the grave charge that has been laid against you?"

"Your Honor," replied Charles John, "I scorn the base imputation, and will explain. I am a poet——"

"A poet?" exclaimed the assembled peelers in accents of mild surprise.

"Yes, a poet—a professional poet, and when I am struggling with some mighty thought which is destined to shake the world of letters, even my giant brain sometimes grows dizzy from the whirl of lurid thought."

"Would you mind," whispered the nearest policeman, "giving us a sample of your powers."

"With pleasure," and a blush of conscious merit overspread the classic face, "listen!"—

The morning sun had risen
Out of his darksome prison,
And his round, red face, was shining in the mud,
When, from the Terminal City,
There came a plaintive ditty,
"How have the mighty fallen, with a dull and sickening thud."

This was quite enough, and Charles John took the usual medicine, $5 or five days.

When the court had somewhat recovered the case of Patrick Trundell, remanded from the 22nd, was called, and after some further examination Trundell was committed for trial.

Every Testimonial

In behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla is strictly true and will bear the closest investigation. No matter where it may be from, it is as reliable and worthy your confidence as if it came from your most respected neighbor. Have you ever tried this excellent medicine?

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend **Hood's Pills**. They should be in every home medicine chest.

32 Vol. Ed. of Appleton's Encyclopædia, pub. price $185, can be had for $100 from T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

THE CANADIAN WESTERN.

The Details of an Agreement Reached Between the Company and the Chicagoans.

Mr. Bakeman Thoroughly Pleased With the Outlook—Surveys to Begin Immediately.

Messrs. Frank Bakeman, F. B. Blackman and Col. Kane, on behalf of the Chicago syndicate, met Mr. R. P. Rithet, of the Canadian Western, and Mr. E. V. Bodwell, the company's solicitor, at Mr. Rithet's office, yesterday morning, to discuss the details of the agreement between the company and the syndicate. The conference ended most satisfactorily to all concerned, and the draft provisions of an agreement were decided upon. This will be prepared by Messrs. Blackman and Bodwell, and will be ready for signature on Monday or Tuesday, as Mr. Rithet leaves for San Francisco on Wednesday next.

It is understood that the guarantee to the Government for the expenditure of $50,000 in one year, from the 1st August next, will be immediately placed with them, so satisfied are the Chicago gentlemen with the character and feasibility of the project. Arrangements have also been entered into with Mr. Croft, C.E., M.P.P. for Cowichan, to start out with a party to make preliminary survey and inquiry into the character of the country on the old Island railway route, *via* Sooke and Alberni to Comox, so that full information of the same may be shortly at hand for presentation to the Chicago capitalists.

Mr. Bakeman's party also had a conference with Premier Davie on railway matters, and were pleased with the encouragement given them that the railway would be aided in every reasonable way by the Provincial Government.

The party are still the guests of Mr. H. Croft and, yesterday afternoon, that gentleman drove them through the surrounding districts. On Monday Mr. Rithet will take them in hand, and drive them to his stock farm, on the Saanich road, and through points not visited yesterday. Mr. Bakeman will remain here during the present week, and will then leave for Chicago direct and form the construction company, which will enter as quickly as possible into the task of building the line. Before leaving, some agreement may be entered into for the leasing of the present Island railway.

Mr. Blackman, the Chicago solicitor, will remain in Victoria for some time, to look after the legal interests of the company at this end, and during his stay will probably visit San Francisco, where he has some old friends.

Both gentlemen are excellent specimens of their professions, Mr. Bakeman being a shrewd, far-seeing man of business, who readily grasps the situation and is strictly business; while Mr. Blackman is a courteous and clever lawyer. They have made a friend of everyone they have met, and are delighted to find the universal unanimity of Victorians in favor of the enterprise.

Although Frank Bakeman & Co. are unknown in Victoria, the firm has a high standing in Chicago, and are credited with being competent to carry to completion any scheme they may undertake. Mr. Bakeman regretted that pressing business compelled Mr. Cooley, C. E., from being a member of the party. He is at the head of his profession in the United States, and is especially eminent as a railway engineer. Mr. Cooley will, in all probability, become chief engineer of the Canada Western railway line.

Mr. R. P. Rithet, who has conducted the negotiations on behalf of the Canadian Western, was seen by a representative of the COLONIST yesterday after the conference was completed. He expressed himself as well satisfied with the arrangement which had been entered into, and also with the standing and ability of Mr. Bakeman and associates to finance and build the railway. The matter was now in the hands of the two companies' solicitors, and the agreement would be prepared and signed before he left for San Francisco. The necessary bonds to the Government for the required $50,000 expenditure would be entered into and the fact that a survey party would at once enter the field was good evidence of the *bona fides* of the new company. He was of course well pleased that the negotiations had reached a satisfactory conclusion. They had occupied a large amount of his time, but that counted nothing with him so long as he had been successful in securing the commencement of a railway line that will make Victoria the first in importance of all the cities on the North Pacific Coast.

Will be Here To-Day.

It is expected that the steamer Comox, with Mayor Cope, Halth Inspector Huntley and City Solicitor Hammersly on board, will arrive here this evening, and the case will probably be heard before Mr. Justice Crease on Monday.

The Last Sad Journey.

The body of Miss Bertha Jay, who was under such unfortunate circumstances drowned near the Matsqui prarie on Thursday evening, arrived here last evening on the Yosemite. The bereaved family have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community in their most deplorable loss. The funeral takes place to-day at 2:30 p.m. from the family residence, No. 255 Cook street, and from Christ Church Cathedral at 3 o'clock.

A Turn of the Wrist.

Officer Walker succeeded in suddenly putting an end to a lively little row in front of the Vancouver house, yesterday evening. A white man, struggling with a dizzy "jag" was offering, in the spicy language of the water front, to devour a "colored gemman," who evidently had no desire to have his anatomy damaged. The crowd was taking in the fun, when Officer Walker appeared upon the scene, took in the situation at a glance, picked up the aggressive white man and tossed him into the house, and heaved a blatant backer after him. The "coon" was told to amble, which he did. Exit the crowd.

A Grass Widower.

The Chinese civil marriage which took place the other day, has developed a point of interest other than the fact that it was the first of the kind to be performed in this Province. While the happy couple are revelling in the sweets of a genuine Oriental honeymoon, one person, at least, is the most unhappy Chinaman in the Province. His story, as related in pathetic "pigeon," is enough to wring the most obdurate heart with anguish at such an exhibition of perfidy.

"You sabbee me," said he. "One time I makee plenty money, I go China, see one heap fine glirl, I say, how muchee? Him fadler say $800, I buy him, bling him ovel by me. I spend plenty money for him, one year I keep him, den come one Chinaman, he makee heap love my wife, bymby he go mally him, all same white man. I no care for him wife, alle same I no likee loose him $800. You tinkee I make him pay me back him money?"

On being assured that it was scarcely probable that he could recover the amount paid for the fickle fair one, the disconsolate grass widower walked off vowing by all the "Joss" in Chinatown, me "fixee him plenty."

UNPROFESSIONAL AND UNCALLED FOR.

TO THE EDITOR:—Would it not be well for certain members of the medical profession (save the mark!) to attend to their business and leave scribbling alone. The smallpox scare would have died out long ago if it had not been for a certain few who appear to be inflicted with an intense itching to see their names in print, and who only prolong the agony by senseless recrimination. If they must write, for goodness sake let them beware of assassinating the "Queen's English."

DIOGENES.

A DECIDED CHANGE.

Patients From Albert Head Moved to Jubilee Quarantine Station for Treatment.

Only Five Patients Remaining, Three of Whom Are to be Moved at Once.

Since Dr. Wade's report on the condition of the Albert Head quarantine station has been made public, the Provincial Health authorities have been making every effort to rectify the unfortunate condition of affairs that existed out there. Yesterday Mr. Decarte, who was a most capable nurse at the Jubilee Quarantine station, was sent down to Albert Head to take charge, and he will see that proper precautions are taken with the few patients that will remain. All but five have been removed to the Jubilee Hospital quarantine station. To-day three others will be taken to the same place, but there are two patients in so dangerous a condition that it is thought it would be unwise to remove them.

There can be no doubt that the Albert Head station has been most thoroughly mismanaged, from the time the first patient was sent out there. No doubt, the nurses did the best they could, but it is said the medical attendance was not what it should have been, and as for the general management—there was simply none of it.

One of the principal reasons which actuated the authorities in moving the convalescent patients from Albert Head station to the Jubilee Quarantine station was that no proper guard has ever been stationed at the former place, and the patients might almost go and come as they pleased. They were practically free to spread the disease throughout the entire district surrounding, but very fortunately none of them left the grounds, perhaps thinking them more perfectly guarded. As a fact there was only one man on guard. He was stationed in the woods, nearly a quarter of a mile distant towards the city, and, having to do night and day duty as well, could hardly be expected to "cover the situation" as fully as it should have been covered. Now with only a few patients in the station a change has been made, and three guards are on duty to prevent ingress and egress.

The change in the "system" will be a most acceptable one, and it is hoped that within the next few days all the patients will be housed under one roof, and the double stations may be done away with. In the meantime every arrangement for the comfort and care of the patients has been made.

ST. LAWRENCE SMUGGLERS.

Excitement at Isle aux Coudres—The Customs Authorities After Buccaneer Bouchard.

BAIE STE PAUL, July 23.—(Special)—There was great excitement at Isle aux Coudres, when the "McNaughton," with a detachment of "B" Battery, R.C.A., and Customs officers arrived, early yesterday morning. Those who were about showed surprise, and it was evident that they were not in a very amiable mood. It was late in the day before the news of the arrival of the soldiers spread over the island. The news caused some of the smugglers to take to cover, but most of the inhabitants drove down to the scene of operations to see what was going on and to amuse themselves at the expense of the soldiers. The Customs people appeared to be very well informed about the Island, and numbers of places which were evidently used as store houses for the "contraband" were searched, but most of them were empty, the smugglers having evidently succeeded in recovering most of it, or having hid it in a place where the officials cannot locate it. The most important find was a cache of 20 barrels of liquor hidden near Bouchard's house. The liquor was at once seized and put under guard. Bouchard was detained. He had evidently not anticipated this, and was surprised when placed under arrest. Bouchard's famous schooner, the Busy, was found at anchor in the same cove as she lay in when the customs officers from Quebec were repulsed by the smugglers on Thursday. This morning she was taken in tow by a tug, which started up the river, evidently bound for Quebec. Rev. Mr. Pelletier, cure of Isle aux Coudres, informed the authorities, yesterday, and it was shortly after his departure that Customs Officers Laurin and Cameron left on board the Lillie H., and it is understood that they have good information as to the whereabouts of the whiskey. There are nine schooner owners at Isle aux Coudres, which has a population of 800. Bouchard is about fifty years old and 5 feet 11 inches in height. Her crew was composed of natives of St. Pierre Miquelon and Quebec.

A dispatch received at Quebec says that the tug McNaughton is on her way to that port with Smuggler Bouchard's schooner in tow and himself a prisoner on board. Thirty barrels of whiskey are reported to have been found near his house.

Wires Down.

Owing to a disarrangement of the telegraph wires, east of Sudbury, the COLONIST cable and telegraphic dispatches are not as full as usual, this morning.

Characteristics of Hood's Sarsaparilla: The largest sale, the most merit, the greatest cures. Try it, and realize its benefits.

A Canadian Favorite.

The season of green fruits and summer drinks is the time when the worst forms of cholera morbus, diarrhœa and bowel complaints prevail. As a safeguard Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry should be kept in the house. For 35 years it has been the most reliable remedy.

Superior of Notre Dame Dead.

MILWAUKEE, July 22.—Mother Caroline, mother superior of Notre Dame and commissary general of the order in America, died to-day, aged 71.

Warships Delayed.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.—Work on the cruiser New York is being delayed because of non-receipt of armor from the Carnegie works. The boat will be launched next week, but without side armor, the Carnegie works having this contract also. There is no armor for the Massachusetts here, Carnegie being the contractor.

The Platinum Pen.

Is a smooth writer, never sticks. Try one at KERR & BEGG'S, 45 Government street. *

Nice line of Baby Carriages, at Weiler Bros., with wood or wire wheels.

IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injuriant.

MUCH BETTER, Thank You!

THIS IS THE UNIVERSAL TESTIMONY of those who have suffered from CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, OR ANY FORM OF WASTING DISEASES, after they have tried

SCOTT'S EMULSION

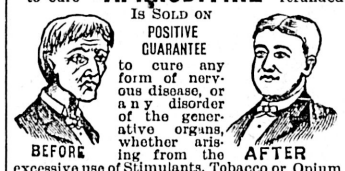
Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES —Of Lime and Soda.—

IT IS ALMOST AS PALATABLE AS MILK. IT IS A WONDERFUL FLESH PRODUCER. It is used and endorsed by Physicians. Avoid all imitations or substitutions. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded

IS SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE



to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which, if neglected, often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

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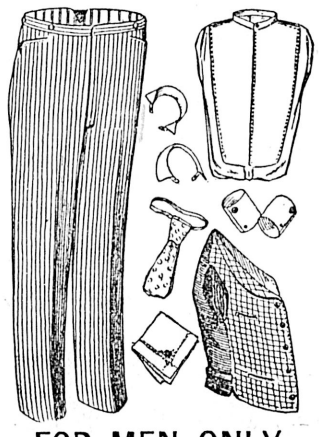


FOR MEN ONLY.

This title does'n "go" any more, as the ladies have adopted about everything shown above, unless it be the pants But the lords of creation are forced to plod in the beaten track, and there is little change this season in men's apparel.

The "change" is fairly rapid with us, however, as we are making a splendid drive in neckwear and furnishings this week.

GEO. T. SHERET,

Gents' Outfitter, - 88 Douglas St.

jy5-t-t-sa

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

SALE! SALE!

We will continue "The Arcade" Clearing Sale during the present week.

125 Valises and Gladstone Bags

60c., 75c., $1.25, $2.50, Etc. These are less than half regular prices.

Ladies' Bead Capes, - - $1.50 to $2.50

Regular prices, $5.00 to $18.50.

JACKETS, - - $2.50 AND $4.50

Regular prices, $5.00 to $22.50.

REMNANTS

REMNANTS

OF ALL KINDS.

No Goods Sent Out on Approval.

NO GOODS EXCHANGED.

Therefore customers may rely that no infection is carried by goods coming from The Arcade.

D. SPENCER

GOVERNMENT STREET

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

The "Invincible McLean" Lowers His Crest to an Amateur Unknown to Fame.

Riflemen Organize and Adopt Strict Range Rules—Closely Contested Cricket.

THE RIFLE.

A party of riflemen, some 16 in number, put in yesterday afternoon at the Clover Point butts. Notwithstanding the rather high wind some very good scores were made. In future a record of the scores will be kept, and furnished for publication. In making comparisons with other scores the fact must not be overlooked that the Clover Point range is a very hard one, owing to the almost constant wind and the peculiar formation of the ground to be shot over. A number of carriages passed during the practice, but in every case the firing was suspended until they had crossed the line of fire.

RIFLEMEN MEET.

A meeting of the riflemen of the city was held last night at the office of Messrs. Flint and Williams. There were present representatives from the three batteries of artillery, as well as others not yet connected with that organization. It was unanimously decided that, as the city seemed to require a guarantee that the practices at Clover point would be conducted with proper precautions, the officer of the brigade be asked to appoint a range committee to draft a set of regulations for the guidance of those using the range, and see that such rules are strictly carried out. A resolution was framed and forwarded, asking that the officers of the artillery take over the range, paying the already accrued expenses, and arrange for the payment of a fee for the use of the range by those not connected with the brigade. It was also resolved to ask the co-operation of the officers in the formation of a rifle club in connection with the three batteries in Victoria, with a view of preparing to join the Canadian Rifle League next year.

TWO NOT A MAJORITY.

"Old Subscriber" draws the attention of Mr. Williams and also of the sporting editor to the fact that "the Council" have made no attempt to deprive the rifle boys of the use of Clover Point range. Two aldermen do not make a Council, any more than two swallows make a summer, a fact which it is always well to remember.

B. C. RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The council of the B. C. Rifle Association has decided to postpone the annual prize meeting this year until August 10, and following days, by which time it is hoped the quarantine against Victoria will have been raised so that all who desire to come here may be free to do so and go home again without restriction. The date fixed, August 10, is the latest date to which the meeting can be conveniently postponed in fairness to those who may compose the team at the Dominion Rifle Association meeting in Ottawa, to open August 29. The council will have every preparation made for a pleasant gathering. The competitors from New Westminster and Nanaimo have been duly advised of the postponement by mail.

THE OAR.

DIGNAN PLAYS WITH MCLEAN.

NANAIMO, July 23.—(Special.)—The Dignan-McLean boat race came off this evening. The start was made at 7 o'clock, and immediately after Dignan's sliding seat got out of gear, delaying him a few seconds, McLean getting a considerable advantage. Dignan, however, soon overtook him and took a lead, coming in over three hundred yards ahead. After passing the turning buoy he stopped rowing two or three times.

THE GUN.

A special meeting of the Victoria Gun club will be held at the Victoria Hotel tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

LACROSSE.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Victoria Lacrosse Club is called for noon to-morrow in Foster Macgurn's office Business of importance requires consideration.

The seniors turned out for another exciting practice yesterday. Macnaughton, the new arrival from Montreal, is showing up strong, and his services will be of great value to the team.

The new rules of lacrosse and constitution of the B. C. Amateur Lacrosse Association, as revised and adopted April 9, 1892, were distributed in this city last evening.

CAPITALS CONQUERERS.

OTTAWA, July 23.—The Capitals beat the Shamrocks, four goals to two, in the championship lacrosse match to-day. Four thousand people were present.

THE WHEEL.

W. J. Jeffree, captain of the Wanderers, who started out, on Wednesday, with the intention of riding to Nanaimo, returned home, yesterday. He got as far as Duncan's and there caught train for Victoria. Although he did not complete his tour he had a rare good time, and that was what he was looking for.

STILL A LITTLE LOWER.

At the league of American wheelmen meeting, on Thursday, one of the world's records was broken. W. Dornge and W. H. Penseyers, of the Buffalo Athletic club, in a tandem safety five-mile race against time, made the distance in 12:14 4 5, blotting out the former record of 12.56, which was made by Zimmerman and Bradbury, in England, during the present week.

BASEBALL.

J. E. Huxtable, catcher of the V. A. C.'s, has retired from the baseball field, having sent in his resignation as a member of the club. The V. A. C.'s, by his retirement, lose a cool-headed and competent man behind the bat,—a useful player in any part of the diamond.

YACHTING.

In company with the yacht Ada, Capt. Corson has taken a party out for a cruise on the Scout, his crew being Messrs. Rogers, Higgins, and Leask. The Scout also flies the colors of the Victoria Yacht club.

CRICKET.

THE SENIOR CLUB.

It speaks well for the Victoria Club when the second eleven can make such a good showing with the senior team, as they did yesterday afternoon. It proves that the club has excellent material upon which to fall back, and this, too, in a season when the first eleven is stronger in every branch of the game than it has been for some years. With the exception of N. P. Snowden, who, unfortunately was unable to play, Mr Pooley played the full strength of the club, and yet, after an exciting finish, the second eleven were only beaten by seven runs Perhaps the luck was a little in favor of the second eleven, and on another occasion they may not dispose of Messrs. Irving, Morley, Holt and Ward, for an average of one run apiece, but they deserve every credit for the confidence with which they played the three best bowlers in British Columbia, Morley, A. T. Goward and Perry. The fielding of the first eleven was rather loose, Ward, even, so far forgetting himself as to misfield several balls, whilst Smith was hardly up to his usual form, but most of the crack men are suffering from the effects of vaccination. The long array of byes in the score of the second eleven reflects no discredit on that admirable longstop, P. Æ Irving, as, in order to exercise a paternal mentorship over the rest of the eleven, he vacated the position of longstop, to assume another where there was nothing to do. By arrangement with Mr. Rhodes the eleven went to the bat, and, after Irving had put one carefully into the hands of slip, Pooley and Smith played good cricket, till a lumpy ball caromed from the captain's funnybone onto his wicket. Morley was promptly yorked by Goffin, and Holt was unlucky enough to receive a shooter from Loewen, which he failed to stop. Foulkes managed to get into double figures, and would doubtless have played out time but for a magnificent catch by Rhodes. Ward, as usual, played a faultless innings, but was completely beaten by one of Goffin's yorkers. Perry and Goward made a short stand, and after the former had been bowled by B. Goward, A. T. played excellent cricket, only to fall a victim to the same bowler. The innings closed for 86. The second eleven did not commence well, Perry scattering Goffin's wickets in his first over The next two batsmen, however, treated the bowling with great contempt, scoring so fast that, with the score at 35, A. T. Goward went on at the Quarantine Station end. He bowled Wootton with his second ball, the retiring batsman having really played very careful cricket. Loewen pursued the even tenor of his way, and, with the score at 48, failed to connect with a half volley from Morley, and retired for a freely hit 29, including four threes, five twos and several singles. Luxton was well set, when he, too, was surprised by one of Morley's slows, and the chances of defeat for the second eleven looked ominous. Wickets fell quickly and, with nine down for 64, it hardly seemed possible that the only "Bob" would save the match. Rhodes, however, ran every possible run, and, ably assisted by "Mr. Byes," fifteen runs were added before Foster was foolish enough to hit at a straight ball, to pay, of course, the usual penalty, the innings closing for 79.

First Eleven.

C. E. Pooley, b Loewen	12
P. Æ. Irving, c Goffin b Loewen	0
A. G. Smith, b Goffin	9
S. F. Morley, b Goffin	2
J. F. Foulkes, c Rhodes b Loewen	10
G. S. Hall, b Cowen	3
W. A. Ward, b Goffin	1
B. J. Perry, b Goward	20
A. T. Goward, b Goward	17
R. H. Pooley, not out	2
C. M. Roberts, b Goward	0
Extras	10
Total	86

Second Eleven.

C. A. Goffin, b Perry	0
S. Y. Wooton, b Goward	10
C. A. Loewen, b Morley	29
R. H. Swinnerton, run out	4
B. J. Goward, b Morley	0
A. P. Luxton, b Morley	8
E. E. Cracknell, c Morley, b Goward	0
H. F. Mytton, b Morley	3
A. Toller, run out	2
C. W. Rhodes, not out	4
R. Foster, b Goward	5
Extras	14
Total	79

FIXTURES FOR NEXT SATURDAY.

On Saturday next an eleven composed of Q C's, attorneys, solicitors, articled clerks, etc., will meet "C" Battery, on the Battery grounds. The lawyers have retained an eminent barrister as umpire, and will either win or make a draw of the match.

On the same day the following team of bachelors will meet the dockyard eleven on the canteen grounds: W. A. Ward (Capt.), J. F. Foulkes, B J. Perry, G. S. Holt, C. Loewen, H. Pooley, A. T. Goward, S. Y. Wootton, E. E. Cracknell W. H. Pegram, and B. J. Goward.

ROYAL DOCKYARD V. "C" BATTERY.

This game, played on the canteen grounds, yesterday, resulted in a win for the dockyard by seven wickets, the finish of the first innings being remarkably close, the dockyard only gaining by one run. McAnally and Goepel for the dockyard, and McNeil and Taylor for "C" Battery, bowled well, while the batting honors were carried off by McAnally and Medway, and Shaw and McNeil for their respective sides. The following is the score:

Royal Dockyard.

1st Innings.		*2nd Innings.*	
Clayards, b McNeil	3	b McNeil	12
Harding, c Body, b Taylor	0		
Innes, b McNeil	0	c Bridgford, b Swinyard	0
Medway, c and b McNeil	8	not out	16
McAnally, c Shaw, b Taylor	0	not out	23
Goepel, c Davis, b Taylor	2		
Fuller, not out	3	b Swinyard	2
Mullington, b McNeil	0		
Glen, b McNeil	1		
James, b McNeil	0		
McKnight, b McNeil	1		
Extras	3	Extras	0
Total	21	Total	53

"C" Battery, C.C.

1st Innings.		*2nd Innings.*	
Carnegie, c Fuller, b Goepel	1	b McAnally	0
Shaw, b McAnally	11	b McAnally	1
Body, b McAnally	0	run out	2
Davis, c and b Goepel	0	c and b McAnally	8
Bridgeford, b McAnally	2	c Fuller, b McAnally	9
Slade, run out	1	c Goepel, b McAnally	2
Ogilvie, b McAnally	2	run out	3
McNiel, c Innes, b Goepel	1	c Goepel, b Mullington	16
Swinyard, b Goepel	0	b McAnally	2
Burke, not out	2	b McAnally	1
Taylor, b McAnally	0	not out	7
Extras	0	Extras	4
Total	20	Total	49

The Albions first eleven administered a crushing defeat to the "all-comers" of the club yesterday, making 119 for 5 wickets down, while the scrubs only totalled up 38 at the fall of the 17th wicket. The best scores of the day were Maltby's 54, H. J. Martin's 19, and C. Schwenger's 16, while for the vanquished, Danby's 5 was the top figure.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for August.

The Midsummer (August) number of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly has an appropriately breezy and outdoor tone throughout. The leading article, "Summer Outing by the Midnight Sun," by Anna M. Reed, is admirably written in this spirit, and occupies fresh fields by describing the voyage to Norway's wonderland and the North Cape. In another charming descriptive article, "The Tuscan Coast," is visited. This paper, with its rich and profuse illustrations, has a peculiar timeliness, inasmuch as it was off this same Tuscan shore, between Leghorn and Spezzia, that the poet Shelley (the centennial anniversary of whose birth is being celebrated in England this summer) was drowned, in July, 1822.

Mathematical Instruments, T. Sqrs., Set. Sqrs., etc., etc., at T. N. HIBBEN & Co's.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

FANCIES FOR THE FAIR.

New York has a Great Outbreak of Goodness in the Christian Endeavor Society.

Ribbons and Laces are the Favorite Materials of the Hour—About Sleeveless Jackets.

NEW YORK, July, 1892.—For a good time we seem to have been living in an atmosphere of "Christian Endeavor," actually steeped in it. So satiated have we been with the sound of revivalist hymns and burning addresses, with the surrounding atmosphere of religious push, and unsophisticated sight seeing that we began to think that we really might have too much of a good thing. New York has seldom experienced such a prodigal outbreak of goodness. It is as though a band of rather "fresh" and ostentatiously fervent angels had been let loose in Sodom or Gomorrah, angels that had been but recently put in possession of new pairs of wings and also bran new harps which they made rather a big display of. Giddy Gotham feels an almost Gomorrah-like distaste for goodness when it is overrun with these raw, fervent, excited creatures who by their appearance and manners publish that inevitable truth

This Redfern sketch shows a pretty light cloth costume with braided vest and revers of a different colored cloth, which match the lower portion of the sleeves, and also the band. This makes a very pretty travelling costume.

that goodness is not always attractive. There has been a warm and irresistible flood of enthusiasm however, which in spite of the mass of greenness and uncultivated material from whence it emanates, could not fail to make it's way into the metropolitan heart in a manner that enthusiasm (that sign of a young and pure heart) never fails to when it gets a fair chance. It got the chance this time. New York may be depraved, but it is depraved with the natural headlong depravity of buoyant youth, and is not too iniquitous to recognize in a coarse nut the kernel of real worth. It recognized that there was some good strong material among these modern revivalists, many a John Wesley, and George Herbert. Some of the speeches contained pithy epigrammatic passages, which embodied thoughts only thought by earnest rapid thinkers. New York listened to the burning words and felt no inclination to jeer. It contented itself with casting an amused eye at the motley appearance of the crowd, and decided that although some-

Redfern's are noted for yachting gowns which are always pretty and serviceable and in the one that they present to us here of navy blue serge white braid and anchor decorations, a charming creation will be seen. It has the famous fit, elegant style and originality that the firm is noted for.

what lacking in style, it's badges covered verdant and true hearts.

And what about style. Well, just now this. That gowns are being made long enough to touch the ground. The train has been found quite incompatible with sports. Ribbons and laces are the two favorite materials of the hour: they are on every gown. Lace is wonderfully becoming. It casts a softening shade over angles and has a generous way of hiding embonpoint. Long cloaks are made with a picturesque looseness, and have large sleeves of a different material. Those of crepe de chine studded with jet are the most fashionable. The sleeves are of velvet as a rule. Linen dresses bear off the palm in the matter of washing gowns. Those made with sleeveless jackets and plain skirts worn over colored blouses say white linen over a yellow silk shirt are the prettiest.

LE BARON DE BREMONT.

MINERVA AND YUCCA.

Each Claims to Be the World's Strongest Woman.

There is a difference of opinion between Miss Josie Wohlford, who styles herself Minerva, and Miss Fanny Gorman, whose professional sobriquet is Yucca, as to which is the world's strongest woman. In February, 1893, they will decide the momentous question at New York by participating in a match for $500 and the world's championship. Minerva is only twenty-four years old, but she weighs 165 pounds, and one of her ordinary feats, it is said, is lifting 700 pounds with a single hand. She breaks horseshoes and strong chains with her hands, lifts 250 pounds with her shapely but powerful neck, and catches big cannon balls fired at her from a cannon thirty feet away.

MINERVA.

Yucca is a strong woman whose teeth have brought her notoriety. She thinks nothing of lifting a chair containing a 170-pound man or a 300-pound anvil with her ivories, while one of her ordinary feats is to balance a pyramid of heavy chairs in the air by catching one of them between her teeth. Perhaps the most difficult feat of this fair athlete is to elevate a 600-pound barrel of water by means of her iron jaw. She can also hold a 56-pound weight at arm's length in each hand, put up a 130-pound dumbbell and lift a dead weight of 700 pounds.

YUCCA.

The winner of the match for world's honors must perform at least eight out of fifteen feats prescribed by Referee W. E. Harding.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC NOTES.

It is said that Thomas H. Pratt, proprietor of Barrymore's opera, "The Robber of the Rhine," has lost $10,000 on the venture. The piece was withdrawn recently.

Rudolph Aronson has gone to Europe, and there is a rumor abroad to the effect that his object is to try to induce Geraldine Ulmar to return to this country and become the prima donna of the Casino.

Roland Reed may purchase "The Fabricator," the play in which Robert Hilliard was recently seen as a star.

While neither of the New York roof garden entertainments amounts to much, they are both making a great deal of money.

"All the Comforts of Home" is another American play which will be toured in the English provinces next season.

Nellie Farren is still an invalid in London. Her friends hope, however, that she may be able to return to the stage before long.

Joseph Ott, the comedian, was recently married to Florence Wood.

William Broderick, the late Emma Abbott's famous basso, will create an important part in Marie Tempest's new opera, "The Fencing Master."

It almost begins to look as though "The Little Tycoon" will never die. It will go out again next season.

Van Dyk, the Belgian tenor, has been engaged to sing twelve times in the United States. He will be paid $2,000 a performance.

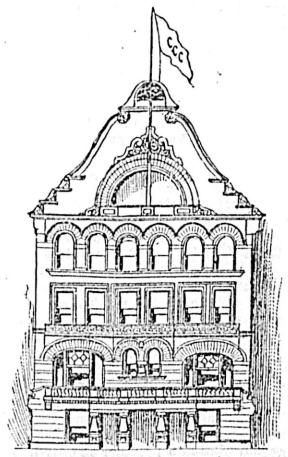
Robert E. Graham will star next season in his new operetta, "Larry the Lord."

"Arcadia" will be revived next fall. Corinne will of course play the part of Tom Tom.

Augustin Daly will produce "Saucy Kitty Clive," by Fitzgerald Molloy. Ada Rehan will play Kitty.

New Home for Chicago Wheelmen.

One of the most thriving wheeling organizations in the World's fair city is the Chicago Cycling club, which has just purchased a valuable site on Washington avenue and will soon erect a handsome $30,000 clubhouse. The building will be



THE CHICAGO CYCLING CLUB'S HOME.

designed with a view to the entertainment of many of the wheelmen who will flock to the fair, and it is expected that the new structure will be completed and ready for occupation Oct. 1.

Among the many attractions of the clubhouse will be a well appointed gymnasium, swimming bath and bowling alleys.

The club, which was formed by the amalgamation of the Owl, Kenwood and Fort Dearborn clubs, has about 325 members, among whom are such well known bicyclists as W. Fay Tuttle, the club's president; N. H. Van Sicklen, W. C. Thorne, Arthur Lumsden, George K. Barrett and Charles E. Randall. Governor McKinley, of Ohio, also belongs to the organization.

KASLO CITY

KOOTENAY LAKE.

Since the opening of navigation many hundreds of people have poured into Kaslo City. The discoveries of last fall have proved as rich as expected, and many new ones, fully as important, have been located this spring. The Kaslo-Kootenay Land Company have built roads and trails into the important mines, and surveys have been completed for the railway. The contract for clearing the right-of-way for the latter will be let in a few days. Many substantial buildings have been erected so far this year, and a large number will be begun immediately, includin a handsome hotel.

A large number of business and residential lots have been sold, and many have changed hands at a good profit. In a short time the Company will advance the price of all lots.

Now is the Time to Invest.

For prices, terms and full particulars, apply to the undersigned.

IRVING & HAYWOOD

GENERAL AGENTS,

Williams Building, Broad Street, Victoria,

—OR—

THOMAS NORQUAY,

RESIDENT AGENT,

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LADIES' SHOE
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Ice Cream Freezers from 2 to 10 Quart, Inlaid Linoleums, Tile Patterns, very durable new line of Art Silks and Silkannes, Ostrich and Turkey Feather Dusters all sizes, White Enamelled and Grey Agate Iron Ware, Printed and Enamelled Dinner Sets, Baby Carriages in great variety.

SHOWROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

INVESTORS

Carefully enquire into the merits of the

CITY OF KOOTENAY

As a place for profitable investment.

Lots Range in Price from $50.00 to $350.00.

TERMS—One-third cash, one-third in 3 months, one-third in 6 months.

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LEE & FRASER, 11 Trounce Avenue.
C. G. BALLENTYNE, 59½ Government St.

CITY OF KOOTENAY LAND AND IMPROVEMENT CO.

Notice to Architects, Builders & Others

THE
PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
Is prepared to lay
Gravel Roofing at $5 per Square.
All work guaranteed.
PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
J. E. CRANE, sec.-Treas. ap27

NOTICE is hereby given that in 30 days after date, application will be made by the undersigned to the Governor in Council and to the Minister of Public Works for permission to extend the wharf situated on Lots 218, 219, 220, 221, 222 and 1264, Victoria City fronting on Victoria Harbour and Rock Bay. Plans of the situation of the proposed extension have been deposited with the Honorable the Minister of Public Works and at the Registry Office, Victoria. Dated this 2nd day of June, 1892. W P. Sayward. jy1

NOTICE.

The Conservatory of Music, 95 Douglas St. will be closed until the first of August, for Summer vacation.
my29 MISS L. ADAMS, Principal.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WALL PAPER.
ROOM MOULDINGS.
The finest and most select stock in the Province at
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Call and examine our stock of
New and Beautiful Rustic Lawn Furniture
Fancy Woodwork, Cupboards, Wardrobes, Tables, Footrests, etc., made to order.
CHRISTIE BROS., 109 Fort St.
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LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR
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A Good and Mild Smoke. Choicest Brand of Manilla Cheroots.
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Full line in regular articles.
T. S. FUTCHER, - 41 Fort St., Victoria, B. C.
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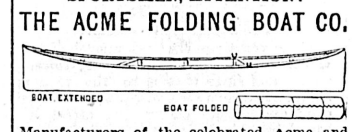
SPORTSMEN, ATTENTION!
THE ACME FOLDING BOAT CO.



Manufacturers of the celebrated Acme and Eureka Folding Boats; safe, light, handsome, compact; unequalled for fishing, shooting and cruising; weight, 35lbs. up. Prices from $25.00. Collapsible Canvas Decoys—two dozen carried in coat pockets. Send for catalogue 1892.
R. L. & J. W. KIRKUP,
Sole Agents for Canada,
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NOTICE.
Any person afflicted with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, (Toothache, Hollow Tooth, cured in ten minutes,) Weak or Inflamed Eyes or Eyelids, apply by post card or otherwise to
PROFESSOR TOTTENHAM.
and you will receive immediate attention.
DOMINION HOTEL, VICTORIA, B. C.
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HAGYARD'S
"YELLOW OIL"
Cures Rheumatism.
Freeman's Worm Powders
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

PUBLIC NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the office of the Registrar of Births, Deaths and Marriages at Victoria has been removed to the Room in the "Law Courts," opposite the Land Registry Office.
C. J. LEGGATT,
jy14 Registrar.

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Special to THE COLONIST.

NYE ABOUT ROADS.

He Thinks Something Ought to be Done to Make Them Better.

Efforts to Rear a New and Attractive Mule and How They Succeeded.

[Copyright, 1892, by Edgar W. Nye.]

Every friend of good government and civilization will welcome with a shrill cry of delight the news that we are going to have better roads in this otherwise well groomed republic. For over a century we have vied with each other to see which state and which city would excel in its parks, its living wild beasts, its jails, its schools and its churches. Ever since the invention of the locomotive merchants, mechanics and farmers have fallen over each other in their efforts to see who could be first to franchise, grant, bond, mortgage and otherwise give land, right of way, easement, conveyance and general hospitality to railroads, yet in the meantime driving into town on three wheels with the tarred axle of the fourth one riding on a tamarac pole.

Every industry has preceded the civilizing influence of practical roadbuilding. The time has come for emancipation. We have really overdone the building of railroads, and constructed them through space, hoping that agriculture would overtake the buffet car, but it cannot, because its wagon roads are impassable except to Seraphim.

ON THE ASHEVILLE ROAD.

Men of prominence throughout the country have been receiving for some time well penned letters from the typewriter of Albert A. Pope, of Boston, who has discovered, no doubt, that the reason we crowd into the cities to live is because we can get from one store to another without getting mired.

It is now proposed to make a road department in the exposition at Chicago, wherein may be seen all manner of roads, roadbuilding material, tools, machinery, etc., from a right of way with a rut in the center of it to a sprinkling cart that will wait for the man with the fresh duck vest and the linen trousers and newly polished boots before it will squirt.

As originally designed, the roadmaking machinery and material, as well as cross sections of roads, were to be so scattered over the ground, being in fourteen groups, that the visitor must look through five immense buildings, covering 79 3-10 acres of ground, in order to see what the world is doing in the way of making roads.

We have very often home grown products, I know as a farmer, which would yield something if we could take a profitable load to our nearest town, but where we can only draw 500 pounds and take off a wheel en route we find that we had better lose the goods than try to market them under such circumstances. Referring to home grown horses, I will add that we need, if we could afford it, a strain of the better class of blood, such as the Percheron, the Norman, and well known English families dating back to William the Conqueror.

I was never more mortified than last week. I had endeavored on my stud farm at Buck Shoals to rear a new and attractive mule, and in May we were blessed with a little bunny mule of the clay bank variety, sired by a Kentucky papa and dammed on the place.

For years I have not been cursed by pride. Since the artist has been practicing on me with a view to some day illustrating a book called "Life Among the Lowly; or, Eighty Years on the Door for Mephistopheles," I can truly say that I am not proud, but a week ago I went to town with the mother of the new mule Marguerite, as I deemed it time to wean her. So we left Marguerite moored to the well curb and I drove on to Asheville to market a bunch of fat pine.

The day was beautiful. The odor of clover and the sweet, seductive smell of the azalia seemed to lift me off the seat. A small black hornet also assisted in the great work.

"Oh, joy! oh, joy!" I said; "what a gladsome day. Is it not indeed a plumb honey?" as we say in Hooper township. The air was impregnated with ozone, and now and then we could hear the neigh of my palfrey neighing.

She neighed for her absent child with a mother's neigh. The fact that bitter things had been said about her and social ostracism had come with the little stranger did not steel her warm mother heart toward the little one. True, she could not remember any of her folks who ran so freely to ears as Marguerite did, but she reeked not.

When I had marketed my fat pine kindling wood at the Kenilworth inn and bought hay with the money, for I have to buy hay in order to feed my stock on the farm, so that they can cultivate my farm, so that I can look forward to the time when I can buy more hay to feed my team, so that they will feel strong and well enough to cultivate the soil, so that I will be cheered on to buy more hay for the same purpose.

As I stood at the porte cochere of the hotel, looking down into the eyes of a bright young girl from Tuxedo, who is here for her father's asthma, though he is not here yet, I heard, borne across the beautiful bosom of the Swananoa, the mellow bray of Marguerite. She came with a famished snort, and Sheridan some twenty odd miles away was nowhere. There was a rattle of tiny hoofs on the gravel drive, a little glad cry of recognition from the mamma, and the clay bank mule Marguerite was monkeying with what is called the maternal font.

The reader can readily understand how the mule Marguerite, by connecting herself with my palfrey, had hurt me socially at Kenilworth inn, and how the young lady who came here to try the balsam and the healing of the North Carolina mountains for her father's asthma excused herself to get a heavier wrap, thereby intimating that there was a coolness between us, also that I needed a heavier rap. Anyway, I have never seen her since.

To return to our national roads, it is a wonder that we have, as Americans, so long submitted to the savage and dangerous ruts over which we haul our empty, wabbly, worn wagons. The reason is, doubtless, that we generally select our choicest and densest ass to superintend the building and repair of our roads, and in many cities our streets also. He works on the roads in summer and sits on the jury in winter. He is generally a man who is selected because he has never been outside of the county. He is noted for his gravity, gloom and the opacity of his mind.

Another reason is the same that has been fatal to most all farmer movements, though started with the most holy and honest motives, viz., that we farmers cannot, like the residents of cities, see each other every twenty-four hours and plot against other trades. When we have done over nineteen hours of work and another hour's wholesome thought interchange with our calf kindergarten, and then mutton tallowed our bunion, we must needs rest in order to be up and combating with the early bird for the ill advised worm.

Still, somehow the foreign peasant in several European countries, far inferior to ours otherwise, has a road over which he hauls a carload as compared with the silly little convention jag which we see so often here.

I am patriotic, I had almost said to a degree. I shot away two solid hours of fireworks here this year, sent to me by the manager of Pain, the international pyrotechnicker and faller of Sebastapol, Peking, Rome and other cities that had formed the habit of falling; did it, too, where the celebration of the Fourth of July has so long remained unobserved that the best bird dogs here tried this year to retrieve the common crackers, and looked thoroughly ashamed when they thought they had flushed a three pound rocket; and yet I say that, patriotic and enterprising as we are in other things, in education for instance, and the ambition to have about eight more churches than we can support in each village, together with other real evidences of advancement, we have got the worst country roads that have been permitted since the days when the earth was a vast hot, steaming ball of mud, fit only for a mighty lizard farm.

Some states have by nature a delightful country road. Kentucky was born with good roads. So were Colorado and Wyoming. In the very heart of the Rocky mountains these last two states have a natural roadbed wherever it is needed. Forty and fifty miles per day with an ordinary team is the rule rather

SAMPLES OF THE NORTH CAROLINA ROADS.

than the exception, while in the spring, when the frost is coming out of the ground and the new milk cow is a burden in the land, the rich, deep, black country road of Iowa and Illinois cannot be passed even by a two-thirds majority.

But what are we to do?

We may laugh over it if we choose. Some people have a wonderful control over themselves in their grief. Once there was a young man on board our steamer, coming from Queenstown homeward bound, who was the life of the party. When others were ill and had gastritis quite a considerably, he was always our bit of sunshine. He could tell stories—funny stories—tell them, too, so that they sounded like reading from a large leather covered tome, never failing to put in the "said he," or the "oh, she replied," just as the book did. He could play the tumberonicon and a voluntary on the mouth organ. He was like a bottle of champagne, ever fizzing and the life of the party all the way over.

When we got to Sandy Hook he broke off suddenly in the midst of a joke and said softly to a passenger whom he led aside behind the smokestack:

"I am gay, as you see; gay to the age. I spread joy among the passengers wherever I go. I am a ray of sunshine—here, there and everywhere. People cluster about me to get a hearty laugh and catch the contagion of my merry atmosphere and enjoy my inexhaustable fund of anecdote, but my heart is really sad on the inside.

"I am going home to bury my young wife. She died in Chicago and will be buried in Brooklyn on my arrival. Have you any idea what it costs to bring a remains from Chicago to New York over the Pennsylvania road!"

Again returning to the matter of wagon roads, let every one who reads this letter resolve that he or she will not rest content till our roads shall be equal in every respect to our boundless enterprise in other respects, instead of being at the everlasting tail of barbarism. They are inhuman for one thing. We form societies for the prevention of cruelty to animals and then beat our dumb beasts through swamps and muck holes, over roads that it would bother a peri with eleven foot wings to go over lightly.

Let every one with an idea on roads go to Chicago with it, taking also a change of umbrellas and a scrip containing the price of two weeks' board and credit at the home bank.

Mr. Pope also suggests that cross sections of wagon roads be shown at the exposition.

I am collecting a few in North Carolina, and am getting cans made to put them in.

I have not decided yet whether to filter them or not.

BILL NYE.

HOW MINES ARE SALTED.

An amusing story is told by the famous geologist, Clarence King, of an investigation which he made of an alleged silver mine in Utah. He undertook the task at the instance of certain capitalists who proposed to buy the property, which was represented to be of enormous value. Appearances were certainly very much in its favor. On the way down the shaft the walls on every hand gleamed brightly with shining ore in the light thrown by the lamps, and the sides of the drift were equally beautiful to the eye of the observing expert. However, while examining the rock more critically he noticed by chance a coarse thread hanging out of it. Ordinarily threads do not grow in rock, and the finding of this one led to the discovery of the whole swindle, for the fact was developed that the owner of the mine had taken a great quantity of galena, reduced it to powder, made it with water into a plaster and carefully stuccoed the entire walls of shaft and drift with the material. The plaster was carried for this purpose in gunny sacks, a thread from one got mixed up with it.

Perhaps even funnier was the salting of a mine in Colorado which was bought by ex-Senator Tabor by order from some friends of his in Denver. Chicken Bill, a prospector of rather disreputable notoriety, did the job, performing it so successfully that $40,000 was paid over to him for the property without any question. He was so elated over the transaction as to be unable to keep the secret, communicating to a number of intimate friends. In this manner the news reached Denver, and the people who had employed Tabor as their agent in the matter refused to receive the mine. So Tabor, finding it left upon his hands, determined to make the best of the situation and proceeded to dig further into the hole. He pierced the rock ten feet further and came upon a body of ore which proved to be one of the richest ever found in the State.

The gullability of persons who buy mines has passed into a proverb. It is said that such properties have actually been salted with half-melted silver dollars and sold to investors, who did not realize that the precious metal was not found in nature with the stamp of the mint upon it. Undoubtedly the most scientific method of accomplishing this sort of swindle is to apply the silver in the shape of a nitrate solution. When it is ready for use some salt is put into it and it is squirted over the rock, the salt causing an immediate precipitation of the metal in a manner that is equally conspicuous and deceptive to the eye.—Kansas City Times.

The City Pulpits.

No special services for to-day are announced, the only "novelty" in church work being the arrangement to hold services in the open air at Cadboro Bay, both morning and evening. Mr. John Calvert and Mr. S. M. O'Kell are the preachers, and there will be good music. In Calvary Baptist church, Rev. A. B. Winchester, Presbyterian missionary to the Chinese, will preach both morning and evening. The services in the Episcopal churches are thus announced:

Christ Church Cathedral—At 8 a. m., Holy Communion; morning, the Lord Bishop; evening, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven.

St. James' Church—Morning, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven; evening, Rev. Canon Beanlands.

St. John's—Morning and evening, Rev. Percival Jenns.

St. Barnabas—Morning and evening, Rev. E. F. Lipscomb.

St. Saviour's—Morning and evening, Rev. W. D. Barber.

St. Paul's, Esquimalt — Morning and evening, Rev. S. C. Scholefield.

St. Mark's—Morning and evening, Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

St. Luke's, Cedar Hill—Morning and evening, Rev. M. C. Browne.

Caligraph to rent at T. N. HIBBEN & Co's.

Ladies are saying O'Kell & Morris' Jams are excellent.

Rapid Relief.

DEAR SIR,—I had for years been troubled with dyspepsia and sick headache, and found but little relief until I tried your Burdock Blood Bitters, which made a perfect cure. It is the best medicine I ever had in my life, and I will never be without it.

HATTIE DAVIS, Clinton, Ont

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

Last Session Not a Fruitful One for British Columbia—Mara for Governor.

Chinese Restriction—West India Trade More of Erastus Wiman's Political Manoeuvring.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, July 10.—The guns have boomed from Nepean Point, the Cavalry has trotted out of the Eastern gate of the Parliament grounds, escorting the Governor-General back to Rideau Hall, and at the time of writing, everything is deserted about the Parliament Buildings. Parliament is prorogued. For the last three or four days the exodus has been going on. The Manitoba, North West and B. C. contingent left last evening, all the Eastern men have fled and, this afternoon, there was but a corporal's guard in the Commons when the summons of Black Rod was received. The members who were here are chiefly residents of Eastern Ontario and Western Quebec, and who, by taking the train this afternoon can reach their homes before midnight. Everybody is heartily thankful that the session is over. Three or four weeks ago when the Redistribution Bill was introduced, it was not expected that members would be freed from their parliamentary labors by the 9th of July, as there were threats of prolonged obstruction on the part of the Opposition. The obstruction has "fizzled out" and despite the kicking which the Opposition made over the express desire of the Government to put the Criminal Code through that measure has become law. So far as British Columbia is concerned the session has not been very fruitful. The representatives from your province have been assiduous in attending to their duties, but I question whether they are quite as well satisfied with the treatment they have received as they might have been. The province only obtained what was its due in regard to the two railway subsidies, but there was a deficiency in the appropriations for Public Works. Some allowance, however, may be made for the Government this year. The abolition of the duties on sugar last session, aggregating annually three millions of dollars, has disarranged the course of public business in the matter of revenue and expenditure. Mr. Foster has been compelled to keep a tight grip on the purse strings, and until he gets the expenditure well in hand in view of changed circumstances, perhaps he may be pardoned for cutting down the appropriations for Public Works to the finest point. British Columbia is not the only province which has had to complain of meagre appropriations. Every province has been treated alike; there has been no discrimination. Next year, if the revenue picks up and the expenditure is kept well in hand, there may be a possibility of some substantial grant such as Vcitoria has been demanding. Your citizens will have a good opportunity during the recess, of enforcing their views upon the ministry as four, and possibly more, members of the Cabinet will visit the Pacific coast this fall.

It was doubtless with mixed feelings that the members for B. C. said good bye to their friends at the Capital. They were anxious to get home, but still when the hour of parting from their friends arrives, there is always a pang of regret awakened. Perhaps in Mr. Mara's case this was felt more keenly than with regard to Mr. Earle and Mr. Gordon, as the general impression around the House is that for a number of years, at any rate, this will be Mr. Mara's last session at Ottawa. Before many weeks are over I hope to have the pleasure of informing the people of B. C. through the COLONIST of his selection as Lieutenant Governor of B. C.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

Chinese Immigration has been well to the fore in both Houses this week. Mr. Gordon's Bill to further restrict Chinese immigration has undergone considerable modification. The Government would not permit the clause limiting steamships to the carriage of one Chinamen for each 100 tons of the vessel, but left it as it appears in the old Act, namely to one Chinese immigrant for every 50 tons of the vessel's tonnage. In regard to the return certificates, respecting which there had been so much complaint of forgery, an important change is made. Section 13 of the old Act, has been repealed and the following substituted therefor: Every Chinese person who wishes to leave Canada with the intention of returning thereto shall give notice of such intention to the controller at the port or place whence he proposes to sail or depart, in which notice shall be stated the foreign port or places which such persons wishes to visit, and the route he intends taking both going and returning, and such notice shall be accompanied by a fee of $1, and the controller shall thereupon enter in a register to be kept for the purpose, the name, the residence, occupation and description of the said person, and such other information regarding him as is deemed necessary under such regulations as are made for the purpose by the Governor in Council.

2. The person whose name and description is so registered shall be entitled on his return, which shall be within six months after such registration, and on proof of his identity to the satisfaction of the controller, as to which the decision of the controller shall be final, to receive from the controller the amount of the entrance duty paid by him on his return."

Mr. Bowell, upon whom fell the duty of taking charge of the bill in the absence, through illness, of the Minister of Customs, explained that this provision meant when a Chinaman leaves Hongkong, or any port in China, he will have to deposit with the Steamship Companies a fee of $50, in order to indemnify the steamship companies against pecuniary loss, in case he should not be the person who left China upon the certificate. This fee is paid over to the controller before the Chinaman is allowed to land in Canada, but immediately upon his identification having been established, the fee will be handed back to him. If he be not the person represented in the certificate, or if he be a Chinaman who has not been in Canada before, the $50 will be retained by the controller. During the course of the discussion Mr. Mills (Bothwell) expressed the opinion that the law had been violated by the steamships in bringing over more Chinese on a single trip than the Act allowed them. Mr. Gordon intimated that 531 Chinese were brought over in April on one steamer, and Mr. Mills held that this was five or six times as many as the steamer could carry without a violation of the law. This observation led to Mr. Bowell mentioning an interesting point, namely, whether or not a Chinaman who had been in Canada and had paid his $50 entrance fee and had left Canada with a certificate, was an immigrant when he returned. The Minister did not pretend to give any opinion upon the matter himself, but said that if the legal interpretation of the clause was that a Chinaman who had been in Canada and had left with his certificate had a right to return without the payment of the $50 provided for in the law, then he was not an immigrant. He presented his certificate in Hongkong in order to obtain a passage and when he arrived in this country, the Steamship Company took the ground that the man having presented his certificate, it was not for the C. P. R. to enquire whether the certificate was legal or a forgery. That was the reason given by all steamship companies for bringing in more than they should, if every Chinaman coming to Canada was considered an immigrant. Eventually the Government's suggestions were adopted. Mr. Gordon sought to procure that all the duties, pecuniary penalties and other sources of revenue accruing under the Act should be paid to the province in which they were collected, but it was ruled out of order as it proposed to appropriate certain sums of the public treasury. The great and only Nicholas Flood Davin who claims to have had something to do with the existing Acts suggested that the clause should be so amended as to allow no more money to go into the Consolidated Fund of the Dominion than would reimburse the Federal authorities for the cost of dealing with this class of immigration. He could not agree with Mr. Gordon that the whole fund should go to the Provincial Government, but he thought the Dominion Government should reimburse the Province the balance remaining after deducting expenses and this was all that Mr. Gordon said he wanted. The matter was left untouched, and if your people are anxious to procure the change doubtless it will require a little agitation.

MOST FAVORED NATION TREATMENT.

The action of the Government in adding a clause to the Customs Act giving power to the Governor-in-Council, when it is deemed in the public interest to do so, to suspend certain provisions of the Act in-so-far as they provide for the payment of duty or otherwise on sugar, molasses, and tobacco, is generally commended. As your readers are aware, during the past two or three years, under the guiding hand of Mr. Blaine, the United States Government has entered into a series of reciprocity treaties with the countries of Central and South America and with Spain, the latter treaty, of course, bearing more directly upon trade with Cuba and Porto Rico. With these latter islands Canada for some years past has been doing an excellent trade, fish and lumber finding a ready market there. According to the announcements made by Mr. Foster, this week, Spain has two tariffs, a minimum one and a maximum one. Pending the trade negotiations now in progress between Great Britain and Spain, Canada obtains the benefit of this minimum tariff in the two West Indian Islands mentioned, but this tariff, it is said, is somewhat higher than the one now in force with the United States under the Reciprocity Treaty. It will thus be seen that Canadian products entering those islands are at a disadvantage as compared with those of our neighbors. Sugar, molasses and tobacco are the staple products of the West Indies, and by the power which Parliament has given to the Governor-in-Council, this week, the duties on these articles may be suspended when imported from any country which accords to Canada the most favored nation treatment. In other words, this will place a powerful lever in the hands of the Government to induce the Spanish West Indies to accord to us most favored nation terms. The general impression is that the Government has acted shrewdly in suggesting the insertion of such a clause in the Customs Act. The British West Indian Islands have entered into a reciprocity treaty with the United States, but have made no distinction as regards Canada and Canadian products of the same kind as are scheduled in their arrangement with the United States. This is tantamount to most favored nation treatment in our case, and therefore the British West Indies will obtain in our market similar treatment. This will be a still greater factor in bringing Spain to time.

MR. WIMAN'S MANOEUVERING.

Whether it be true or not that Mr. Erastus Wiman was largely instrumental in securing the defeat of Sir Charles Tupper's motion in faver of preferential trade within the Empire, at the recent Imperial Trade conference, Canadians cannot conceive that on going to London to attend the conference, Mr. Wiman was entirely disinterested. His own organs claim that he takes great credit to himself for the defeat of the motion. They say he did not speak in the conference, but he exercised great influence among the delegates. It is intimated that he conveyed to some of the delegates the information that the United States were just on the point of offering Great Britain reciprocity of trade, and it is said that this Wimanite falsehood turned the votes of three or four British Chambers of Commerce Despite these falsehoods industriously circulated, 33 out of the 90 Boards of Trade represented, voted for Sir Charles Tupper's resolution, and of the majority three, at least Hamilton, Brantford, Ont., and Woodstock, N.B., did not represent the opinions of the electors in those towns. Mr. Wiman may just as well try to stem the current of public opinion in favor of Imperial free trade as Mrs. Partington tried to sweep back the waves of the Atlantic with her broom. Erastus has been caught in the act of serving Canada a dirty trick, and the electors of the Dominion will not forgive him.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A Child Saved.

My little boy was taken very bad with diarrhœa, he was very delicate and got so low we had no hope of his life, but a lady friend recommended Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and although he could only bear a few drops at a time he got well. It saved my child.
MRS. WILLIAM STEWART, Campbellville, Ont.

Pongee Art Draperies.

In the newest shades and patterns, just received at The White House—Price 25c a yard.

s-s-w HENRY YOUNG & Co.

GOLD LACK SEC CHAMPAGNE

(Duetz & Geldermann's

Two hundred cases of this famous Wine just received per Steamship "Kerweider."

Same quality and high standard as that supplied to the markets of England and Russia.

Price per case

QUARTS, PINTS.

W. H. REDMOND,

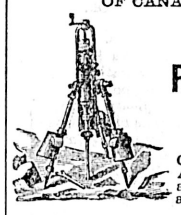
VICTORIA, B. C.

jy3-su-w-f

INGERSOLL ROCK DRILL CO.,

OF CANADA, LTD.

MONTREAL.



ROCK DRILLS

Air Compressors.

General Mining and Quarrying Machinery. A full stock of Drills and Duplicate parts always on hand.

WM. GORDON, Agent for B. C.

OFFICE: GALPIN BLOCK,

P. O. Box 787. 49½ Government St., Victoria.

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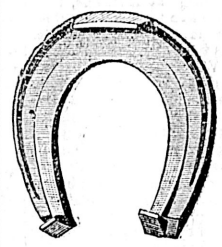

SEND YOUR HORSES

To my shop if you want first-class

Horse Shoeing

DONE.

WM. HODGE, 92 Johnson St.

PROPRIETOR. w-f-su

BRANDY.

ROUYER, GUILLET & CIE.

COGNAC, FRANCE.

Proprietors of 122 Distilleries, and Largest Shippers of Bulk for Ten Years.

jul1-su-th

CITY OF VICTORIA.

COURT OF REVISION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the assessment of 1892 as made by the assessor of the City of Victoria, will be held at the Council Chamber, City Hall, Victoria, on Monday the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

July 21, 1892. jy22

NO DELAY

E. A. McEACHERN has made arrangements by which all orders for fruit can be sent immediately to the Jubilee Hospital for any patients or attendants. Cheer the confinement of your friends by sending them fruit that will give them pleasure in eating and aid them to recover.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

44½ GOVERNMENT STREET.

jy1

By Auction or Private Sale.

IF you want to sell your farm, stock, house, furniture, business, or property of any kind, any where, Johnson & Co., the Auctioneers, are the ones to do it. Get their terms. Auction Rooms 40 Broad street. jy22

HUDSON'S BAY CO.,

VICTORIA,

Dealers and direct importers of

THE FINEST

European and English Groceries,

ETC.

ap21

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Far

Victoria, Dec. 11, 890. de18

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received up to noon, Tuesday, 26th inst., for the erection of a two-story frame residence facing Esquimalt road, adjoining the residence of Commander Jones, R. N.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE,
16th July, 1892. jy17 Architect.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES.

SEALED TENDERS endorsed "Tenders for Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned on before Saturday, the 20th August, 1892, at m, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $185,000 or thereabouts, in sums of $2,000 each, payable in 25 years from date of issue, and bearing interest at 5 per centum per annum with principal and interest payable in currency either in Montreal, Canada, or New York, U.S.A.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The City of Victoria Act, 1892."

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

(Sig. WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., July 13th, 1892. jy14

NOTICE:

Bankrupt Stock for Sale

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until 6 o'clock p.m. on Wednesday, July 20th, 1892, for the store, stock and book debts of the estate of A. D. and E. F. Campbell Sardis, B. C.

This stock, which is all new and in good condition, consist of dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, and hardware. This is a good opportunity for any person wishing to start a business, as there is no other store at Sardis, which is situated five miles from Chilliwhack, in the centre of the best farming section in B. C. Stock lists, book debts and all information may be had by applying to the undersigned, and the stock may be seen at the store. Terms, ½ cash, balance in two equal payments at 3 and 6 months, on approved security.

S. H. RIGGS,
Assignee.
jy9 New Westminster, B.C.

NAVAL CONTRACTS.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until Noon of Monday, 1st of August next, for supplying such quantities of Salt Beef, Soft Bread, Lime, Lumber, Coffins and Graves, as may be required for Naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, etc.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, July 1, 1892. jy1

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS.

THE Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works hereby invites Architects to submit on or before the 30th September next (competitive) plans and estimates of cost for the construction of certain Provincial Government Buildings.

Particulars of competition and further information can be obtained from the undersigned.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 16th June, 1892. ju18

NOTICES.

AMENDED NOTICE.

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1892.

SPRING ASSIZES.

(On Vancouver Island.)

Victoria	Monday	16th May
Nanaimo	Tuesday	7th June

(On Mainland.)

New Westminster	Wednesday	1st June
Kamloops	Monday	6th June
Clinton	Monday	13th June

FALL ASSIZE.

(On Mainland.)

Richfield	Monday	12th Sept
Clinton	Wednesday	28th Sept
Kamloops	Monday	3rd Oct
Lytton	Monday	10th Oct
New Westminster	Wednesday	9th Nov

(On Vancouver Island.

Victoria	Monday	28th Nov
Nanaimo	Tuesday	6th Dec

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Examiners, acting under the provisions of section 20 of the "Provincial Land Surveyors' Act, 1789," has for good cause suspended Mr. S. P. Tuck from practising as a Surveyor of Lands within the Province of British Columbia for the period of six months from the date of this notice. Any surveys made by him during that period will be illegal.

TOM KAINS,
Secretary Board of Examiners.
Victoria, B. C., June 4th, 1892. je28

GEO. A. SARGISON.

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

ap27

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JULY 24, 1892.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, B.C., July 24.

Sun rises.....4.25 a.m. | Sun sets.....7:47 p.m.

Moon sets at 8.52 p.m.

Day of the year, 207th.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, July 23, 1892.

Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m.,	54°	Mean 57°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m.	43°	Highest 65°	1 a.m.—Calm.
9 a. m.,	58°	Lowest 48°	5 p.m.—20 miles south.
1 p. m.,	62°		9 p.m.—12 miles south
5 p. m.,	63°		Rain—.00
9 p. m.,	57°		

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer YOSEMITE from Vancouver:—J R Costello, Miss McLaughlan, Mrs Edwards, Thos Nesbitt, J W Henderson, Jno A Lumsden.

Per str. NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound—Wm Robertson, Miss Wilson, Thos Gibbs.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer YOSEMITE from Vancouver—Rev Archdeacon Scriven, T B Pearson, Langley & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Naval S Keeper, M W Waitt, C Strous-s, B C Cattle Co, Jno Barnsley, E B Marvin, Turner, Beaton & Co, Weiler Bros, Skene Lowe, Christ Church Cathedral Col Ind Rev, H Saunders, J Tucker, W H Redmond, Ames Holden, J H Todd & Son, A B Winchester, McCauley & H, Bk B N A, Alice & Co, Cowan & Wilson, Russell McDonald, Carmichael & P, Jackson & M, McL & McF, C Hayward, G Doughty, G A T Caton, Jas Maynard, Simon Leiser, R Lettice, Waller & Downer, D G McKenzie, Ledingham Bros, Western Milling Co, E J Salmon, Geo Powell, Hudson Bay Co, Jin Fook Yuen, Johns Bros, L G Burns, Myers and Blomquist, Mr. Appleby, Pete Browe, Sehl, Hastie, E Co, Dom Exp Co. Braden & Son, H Bornstein, Nicholles & Renouf, R H Jamieson, Spratt & Gray, H Bay Co, J H Todd, C & W, H Saunders, R P Rithet, Thos Earle, Dom Exp Co.

Per str. NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound—P McQuade & Son, Creamer & L, Phœnix Brg Co.

DIED.

JAY—At Matsqui, B. C., on the 21st instant, Bertha, only daughter of George and Katherine E. Jay, aged 20 years.

The funeral will take place to-day (Sunday) at 2:30 p. m., from the family residence No. 255 Cook street, and at Christ Church Cathedral at 3 o'clock. Friends will please accept this intimation.

BIRTH.

ABELL—In this city, on the morning of the 23rd inst., the wife of Police Officer Abell, of a son.

PERSONALS.

T. Aitken left for England, via San Francisco, Friday. Mr. Aitken is a mining expert, who has been here examining some mining claims, and his trip is being made for the purpose of directing the attention of English capital to some of the properties, amongst which are the Sooke iron mines.

Charles Hayward is to-day the guest of Mr. C. W. Jenkinson, of Craigflower Road, next to Mr. Dunsmuir.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lally's selected Lacrosse sticks at Fox's.

Lawn mowers and rubber hose at Cheapside. *

Washing Machines at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas Street.

Guaranteed razors, at Fox's 78 Government street.

Carpenter and Gardening Tools, at CHEAPSIDE. *

John Bull Ranges, at CHEAPSIDE. *

Wringers in great variety, just received at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas st. *

Curling Irons and heaters at Fox's.

Labor and money saved by using Pendray's Electric Soap. *

Pocket knives, table cutlery, &c., at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Lawn Mowers, Scythes, Children's Garden Tools, etc., just received at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

A few elegant French China Dinner Services at Weiler Bros. *

Furnished room to let. Car line, 5 min. from P. O. "P.", Colonist office. *

Young Bros'. Bakery.

Messrs. M. & L. Young have removed to the corner of Broad and Pandora streets, while their new building on Government street is being erected. e16 3m

THE INFANT'S APPEAL!

Though Unuttered or Unexpressed, It Should Touch the Mother's Heart!

What a time of distress, pain, agony and suffering for the weak and helpless babe!

You recognize the fact, mother, that this is July weather—the heated season—when the sun pours down its fiercest rays on things animate and inanimate! You are sweltering, hot and uncomfortable! Have you ever thought of baby's condition?

If you have not, mother, let us draw your attention to the fact that baby is a terrible sufferer just now! Look well on the little face as you have baby on your lap, or while it tosses in its cot; and, if you cannot discern restlessness, trouble and suffering, you are no judge of baby nature.

The true mother should easily understand that appealing look—that craving for something that baby's life depends upon.

That mute appeal calls for a satisfying diet—a digestible food during the terribly hot weather. Baby has been fed on cow's milk or a very poor quality, which hardly appeases the pangs of thirst, much less satisfying its hunger. Baby, perhaps, from three to five times a day, is fed on some of the common artificial foods. It is more than likely that these articles of diet—stale milk, skimmed milk and poorly prepared foods, have caused some intestinal derangement, perhaps irritation of the digestive organs or inflammation of the stomach.

Baby's mute appeal calls for relief from these troubles that lead on to death and the grave. Baby asks for a food that it can relish, a food that will strengthen and invigorate during the depressing heat of summer. In short, baby silently appeals for Lactated Food, in order that it may live and thrive.

Will you respond to this desire of the baby, dear mother, or will you see it withering away with disease? If baby is fed on Lactated Food, it surely escapes every summer complaint, and becomes bright and happy.

It will be well to remember the words of one of our best Canadian Physicians who regularly prescribes Lactated Food. He says:—

"Mothers in Canada should bear in mind, that Lactated Food is meat and drink for the young infant; it is a blessing to all tender children during the heat of summer."

Mothers and Nurses.

All who have the care of children should know that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry may be confidently depended on to cure all summer complaints, diarrhœa, dysentery, cramps colic, cholera infantum, cholera morbus, canker, etc., in children or adults.

STILL ENCOURAGING.

State of the Smallpox Patients in the Albert Head and Jubilee Quarantine Stations.

Patients Removed From the Government Quarters—A New Case Discovered at Hastings.

Reports of the smallpox outbreak are more encouraging day by day, and the chances are in a short time all danger will be over—with reasonable precautions there is now no danger. Most of the patients are doing well, as the following bulletins show:

PROVINCIAL HEALTH OFFICE,
Midnight, July 23, 1892.

NANAIMO—No cases in city or district.

NEW WESTMINSTER—No report; last report, two cases in city and two in district.

MOODYVILLE—One case.

VANCOUVER—Nine cases.

HASTINGS—One case in Buse's mill; all hands in mill quarantined.

VICTORIA—Albert Head quarantine station, 13 miles from Victoria, 5. Mr. Decaute, formerly a patient at the Jubilee hospital quarantine station, who has been discharged as cured, has taken the superintendence of the Albert Head station. Jubilee hospital quarantine, 51 cases, inclusive of 7 convalescent patients transferred from the Albert Head station. Two new cases, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Ball (suspects who have developed the disease), both mild cases, removed from city to Jubilee quarantine hospital. No deaths. With the exception of Miss Annie Bull and Mr. H. Walter, all patients progressing most favorably.

(Sgd.) J. C. DAVIE, M.D.,
Provincial Health Officer.

ENJOYING THEMSELVES.

There are many disadvantages in being quarantined in the Ross Bay station, but those who are popularly supposed to be "imprisoned" are allowed plenty of room for exercise and, in fact, some of them are having a rare good time, desporting on the ample grounds, while others of them yesterday even formed baseball teams and had a good practice. The "suspect" team is open to play a match for fun, money or marbles, against any other organization in the city, the firemen or printers preferred.

NO FOURTEEN DAYS' QUARANTINE.

The Vancouver newspapers are endeavoring to make it appear that any passengers from steamers landing at Hastings, Port Moody, etc., would have to be quarantined for 14 days. Such is not the case. Dr. McGuigan, who has been appointed medical health officer for Vancouver and district, has explicit instructions on this subject. He will carry out the Provincial and Dominion Government regulations, and will not make "laws unto himself," as Vancouver has done. All passengers landing at either of these ports will be subject to the rule providing for the presentation of a clean bill of health, and proof either of successful vaccination or of insusceptibility to the vaccine disease. At either of the two ports named, passengers from Victoria, or any where else, can land on complying with the regulations.

THEY ARE ALL WELL.

About as indignant a man as there was in town, last night, was Mr. C. Williams, who had his wrath aroused at reading a Vancouver dispatch to the effect that the Terminal City papers still refused to believe that the cargo of the Phra Nang did not bring the smallpox to Victoria.

"If it wasn't that they are so bitter over there against Victoria one might wonder at their lies, but when we know that they want to knife us at every point, no one need be surprised at anything they say. You may give them the lie direct. Not only did not a pound of sugar, for Victoria, come here on the Phra Nang, but not one of the men that was working discharging the cargo, has been taken sick with smalipox or any other disease. There were 47 of us in all discharging the cargo, and if there were any infected goods on board the chances would be strongly in favor of one at least having been infected. That they are all well now is proof positive that there was no disease on board. So far as I am concerned personally, I was over the whole ship and looked through the cargo fore and aft, and if there was any smallpox I didn't catch it.

"You can't make what you say any too strong. What the Vancouver papers are trying to do is to injure the trade of this port, and too forcible language cannot be used to express what we think of their dirty tricks."

A SATISFYING ANSWER.

In reply to a query from the Tacoma Board of Health, U.S Consul Myers forwarded the appended dispatch to that city yesterday:

VICTORIA, B.C., July 23, 1892.

J. M. Bell, Tacoma, Wash.:

I think danger from smallpox contagion in this city is entirely past, and intelligent citizens generally concur in this judgment. All cases now in this vicinity are in the hospitals, which are from two to ten miles from the business centre, and all are convalescent. There are no new cases and no deaths for several days. There is no source of contagion by which the air, streets or people could be infected. Business is resumed, all classes and conditions freely intermingle on the streets, and a sense of security is felt by all. Smallpox is considered a thing of the past. This is the actual situation in Victoria to-day, and your good city of Tacoma, it seems to me, with perfect propriety and safety might suspend the quarantine against this city at once and open business relations with it.

(Sgd.) LEVI W. MYERS,
U.S. Consul.

VANCOUVER'S NEW CASES.

VANCOUVER, July 23.—(Special.)—According the Inspector Huntley's report, two new cases of smallpox developed yesterday evening. The suspects mentioned in the COLONIST of Thursday are, A. McDonald and the daughter of Mr. Stickels, who had been constantly near her father since his illness. This makes nine cases that have developed since July 1.

ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN.

REGINA, N.W.T., July 23—Lieut-Governor Royal and his secretary returned this morning from Calgary, where His Honor went to investigate the smallpox matter and take necessary steps to prevent the disease spreading in the territories.

FEAR IN MANITOBA.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 23.—(Special.)—Alarming rumors are circulated on the streets, to-day, to the effect that smallpox has developed at Gretna. It is impossible to secure confirmative information. The story is that a party of Chinamen, recently from the East, and destined for points in the United States, but who were prevented from crossing the line by the American customs officers at Neche, on account of some irregularities in their papers, were given shelter in a small house at Gretna, and had not been there many days ere the loathsome disease showed itself. Everything was done for the patients, and precautions were taken to quarantine the patients and the inmates of the house.

CABLE NEWS.

Wounded on the Streets.

BERLIN, July 22.—Three men named Lukas, Schmidt and Neuman attacked and wounded three gentlemen, last night, in a house, to which the victims had been lured, in the Steinitz strasse. One of the injured men is dying. The assailants have been arrested.

Rebellion in Upper Congo.

BRUSSELS, July 23.—The Arabs in the Upper Congo district have rebelled against the authority of the Congo Free State.

Deacon Divorce Case.

PARIS, July 23.—Edward Parkes Deacon, serving a year's sentence at Grasse for shooting and killing M. Abeille at the Hotel Splendide, has opened proceedings against his wife for adultery with M. Abeille. This action is taken by Deacon in consequence of Mrs. Deacon's application summoning her husband to permit her to have access to the children.

The Queen.

LONDON, July 22.—Recently increased precautions have been taken for the safety of Queen Victoria. As a rule no sovereign goes about with less real precaution than she. She resembles George III in her domestic duties and in her dislike to anything that tends to diminish the royal authority. She is opposed to home rule, and is confident it will never be granted.

The Destruction of Sangir.

THE HAGUE, July 22.—Official telegrams received here to-day from Batavia confirm recent accounts of the awful destruction on Great Sangir Island, belonging to Holland, caused by a volcanic eruption June 17. The advices are to the effect that the whole northern portion of the island was destroyed and 2,000 inhabitants killed. No Europeans were among the victims.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Eight Men Killed.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 23.—A frightful explosion occurred at the York Farm colliery, shortly before noon, to-day, by which eight men are known to have been killed outright, and it is believed that three more have also suffered the same fate. So far the known killed are: John Harrison, Thomas Jones, Harry Jones, Wm. Wryman, Jas. Hartzell, and Anthony Stock, a boy. There are believed to be three more among the killed, Geo. Bright, Herman Werner, Anthony Ooutchlavage. Six others are badly injured.

Pacific Coast Failures.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The Bradstreet mercantile agency reports 12 failures in the Pacific Coast States and Territories for the week, as compared with 17 for the previous week and 17 for the corresponding week of 1891.

The Ring.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Word was received at the Police Gazette office yesterday that Jack O'Brien, the Welsh champion, who was matched for September 6, with Bob Fitzsimmons, had got into some trouble with a policeman and had suddenly disappeared. This means that Fitz will have to go without a match in September unless some good man can be found to take the Welshman's place. Captain Frank Williams of the Olympic club, who came North to meet O'Brien, was not greatly surprised by this information. He was not over-confident that O'Brien would come over. "Those English fighters are altogether too slow for Americans," he said to a World reporter, "and they are afraid of our fighters. O'Brien is probably afraid to take a whipping. He would surely get it if he came over."

Aquatic Champions.

WASHINGTON, July 23. — Hanlan and O'Connor defeated Ross and Hosmer in the double shell race, on the Potomac River, this evening.

Dan Dougherty Ill.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.—Daniel Dougherty, the famous lawyer is dangerously ill, at his residence, 2,027 Spruce street, city. Although he has been suffering for nearly two months, his condition has been known to but few friends, and even they were not informed of the dangerous character of the malady. Mr. Dougherty is suffering from enlargement of the liver, and his illness is due chiefly to over work.

Democratic Organization.

NEW YORK, July 23—At a meeting of the Democratic National Committee, Mr. William F. Harrity, of Pennsylvania, was elected chairman; Mr. S. P. Sherrin, of Indiana, re-elected secretary, and Mr. Robert B. Roosevelt, of New York, re-elected treasurer. No action was taken on the proposition to establish branch headquarters of the committee at Chicago. The committee adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

May Run to Portland.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—When President Clark, of the Union Pacific, was here, last week, he conferred with Third Vice-President Stubbs, of the Southern Pacific, relative to giving Portland a steamship service to the Orient in place of the defunct Upton line. It is said that Clark informed Stubbs of an offer made to the Union Pacific by the Dodwell syndicate, that is now giving Tacoma Oriental service in connection with the Northern Pacific. Tacoma's trans-Pacific service is a monthly one, but if the Union Pacific accepts his offer, Mr. Dodwell proposes to alternate service between Portland and Tacoma, running a vessel to and from Portland one month and to and from Tacoma the next month, and so on. Mr. Dodwell is very anxious to perfect this arrangement in order to shut out any possible competition against his line in the Portland Tacoma region, and it is very probable that Mr. Clark will accept his offer. Just what the offer of Mr. Dodwell is, however, is not known. It is known, though, that the Dodwell steamers will not cut rates against the Pacific Mail and Occidental & Oriental companies in case the offer is accepted.

Ice Cream Freezers, at Weiler Bros.

Reduction in Milk.

Owing to the high price of milk, ask your grocer for Highland Brand Evaporated Cream and dilute to taste. It makes a delicious, rich cream for half the price of ordinary cow's cream. *

Unmounted Photographs of C.P.R., Victoria and surroundings at T. N. HIBBEN & Co's.

BRITISH POLITICS.

Speculations as to the Policy of the Respective Parties at Home.

What Will Salisbury Do?—Personnel of the New Membership.

LONDON, July 22.—The Post this morning contained a leader headed "Why Resign?" It says: "Assuming that the opposition has a slender majority on a motion that the Government does not possess the confidence of the country, why should the ministers immediately resign, in view of the fact that they have not to deal with a compact opposition, but only a disjointed horde of factions?" "The Ministers," the article concluded, "should not act beyond advising the sovereign to prorogue parliament until the normal period of assemblage arrives." To inquiries addressed to Douglas, the chief Conservative whip, to-day, as to whether the government, if defeated on a "no confidence," would persist in remaining in office, he responded: "The government will act in accordance with precedents and the constitution." As the balance of precedents is distinctly toward immediate resignation on defeat the whip's reply can be taken as opposed to the report that Lord Salisbury will challenge the validity of Gladstone's majority and try to govern with a minority. The article in the Post making the suggestion does not carry much weight. The Post is not an inspired organ, and the result of research made to day in official quarters by a representative of the Associated Press confirms the previous statements of both Conservative and Liberal Unionist leaders that the ministry has decided to resign on the first vote in which the majority is against them.

The result of a meeting of a small group of Radicals at the House of Harcourt, yesterday, has been the introduction of the first note of discord in the party. After the meeting several members of the commons who were present appeared at the National Liberal Club, where they announced that a memorial would be sent to Gladstone, urging him to put the leading planks of the Newcastle programme to the forefront and Home Rule in the background. Although the general feeling at the club is distinctly in favor of this course, yet the desire there to leave Gladstone unfettered is stronger, and the proposed Radical protest, as likely to embarrass him, is disapproved. The movement is causing an internal row. The reserved attitude of the Irish leaders is in contrast with this premature activity of the Radicals. Dillon and O'Brien and other McCarthyites will not be interviewed for the present.

An analysis of the personnel of the new house shows that seats are held by persons of these vocations:

Lawyers	164	Gentry & landown'rs	83
Merchants	65	Shipowners	19
Army and navy offi's	53	Brewers	18
Office suppl'ry force	52	Farmers	10
Journalists	35	Labor representati's	15
Manufacturers	57	Railroad directors	50
Peers' sons and bros.	35		

The Graphic says a meeting of Liberal leaders Thursday provisionally agreed on part of the composition of the new Government. Lord Herschell will be lord chancellor, Lord Roseberry foreign secretary and Labouchere postmaster general. The Queen will be asked to confer a dukedom on Lord Spencer and a barony on Arnold Morley. The first measure introduced will be a "one man one vote" bill, and next the Home Rule bill.

The Times asserts that the Government will resign immediately after a vote of no confidence.

Electric Storm in the East.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Severe thunderstorms, with wind and rain, visited this State and portions of New England and Pennsylvania this evening. So continuous were the flashes of lightning that the heavens were illuminated almost to the brightness of day. Almost a total prostration of telegraphic communication followed in the wake of the furious elements, and at midnight the wires are but slowly regaining their normal condition. No casualties have yet been reported.

Eyesight Saved

After Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Pneumonia and other prostrating diseases, Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled to thoroughly purify the blood and give needed strength. Read this:

Clifford Blackman.

"My boy had Scarlet Fever when 4 years old, leaving him very weak and with blood poisoned with canker. His eyes became inflamed, his sufferings were intense, and for 7 weeks he could not even open his eyes. I took him to the Eye and Ear Infirmary, but their remedies did him no good. I began giving him **Hood's Sarsaparilla** which soon cured him. I know it saved his sight, if not his very life." ABBIE F. BLACKMAN, 2888 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

—FOR— DYSPEPSIA | —FOR— INDIGESTION

DRINK

ST. ALICE WATER

BOTTLED FRESH FROM THE

Harrison Hot Springs, B. C.

ANALYSIS.

Chloride of Potassium	1.722
Chloride of Sodium	31.297
Chloride of Lythium	.002
Sulphate of Soda	33.061
Sulphate of Magnesia	.147
Sulphate of Lime	11.810
Sulphate of Strontia	.001
Bi Carbonate of Lime	6.259
Silica	4.634

THORPE & CO.
SOLE AGENTS.
my21

TO DEPOSITORS.

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Ld.

SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

de19

TOWN * LOTS * FOR * SALE

NELSON, B. C.

THE EASTERN TERMINUS OF THE COLUMBIA & KOOTENAY RAILWAY.

Present Prices will by Advanced on 15th July.

Choice business and residence property for sale in the TOWN OF NELSON, Kootenay District, the mining and business centre of the finest mineral portion of British Columbia. Communication by rail and steamer daily.

TERMS—One-third cash, one-third in 6 months, one-third in 12 months, with interest at 6 per cent. on deferred payments.

Town lots for sale at ROBSON, the Western Terminus of the Columbia and Kootenay Railway. Lots in the town of Robson will be sold on the same terms as Nelson lots above specified. For Maps, Price Lists and full information apply to

FRANK FLETCHER, Land Commissioner for the Columbia & Kootenay Railway. NELSON, B. C. my31

Flaming Headlines are not always Vile Distortions calculated to Deceive and Disgust and especially when

ROWBOTHAM

"THE GROCER,"

advertises is this the case. He believes he

TELLS THE TRUTH

when he says he is the best man in

VICTORIA

to do business with.

TRY-HIM-AND-SEE.

"No goods sold at cost." "No premiums given away." "The choicest lines of goods kept and sold at closest living prices."

Tele. 108. } Corner Yates and Broad Sts. { P.O. Box 476.

KOFF NO MORE

WATSONS' COUGH DROPS

WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM

je14 6m

PROVINCIAL

Royal - Jubilee - Hospital

(INCORPORATED 1890.)

TO CONTRACTORS FOR SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received for supplying the above institution for 12 months to 30th June, 1893, for the following articles to be delivered free: Meat, Vegetables, Bread, Milk, Drugs, Medical Appliances, Wood and Groceries, each article to be of the best quality.

All tenders to be marked for the special article tendered for therein, and directed to the undersigned not later than 3 p. m. on the 1st day of August, 1892.

H. M. YATES,
jy23 Secretary.

NOTICE.

The undersigned dry goods firms have agreed to close their places of business on Saturday afternoons from 1 to 6.30 p.m, during June, July and August:

FIRMS.	PROPRIETORS.
Spencer's Arcade	D. Spencer
White House	H. Young & Co
Westside	J. Hutcheson & Co
Albion House	E. White
Victoria House	Shears & Page
City House	Wm. Wilson & Co
Stanley House	W. S. Hampson & Co
Lansdowne House	J. M. Partridge
Manchester House	Thos. Haughton & Co
Vancouver House	A. m. Cruft
Argyle House	John Horner & Co.
Somerset House	H. Bickford
Whitlaw Estate	T. Fowlis

my31

Burdock Blood Bitters

REGULATES THE Bowels, Bile and Blood. CURES Constipation, Billiousness, all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Scrofula, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

WATFORD, ONT.

My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctors bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. tts MRS. HOPPERON

The Westminster Slate Co.,

LIMITED,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

ROOFING SLATE

New Westminster, B. C.

above Company are now prepared to receive and fill orders (March delivery) for Roofing Slate of all sizes, from 24x12 downwards. Our Slate is of the very best quality and our prices moderate. All orders sent to the undersigned promptly filled.

A. G. GAMBLE,
Secretary.

New Westminster, B.C. de1

THE WESTSIDE

The Dry Goods House Of

VICTORIA, B. C.

The Plain Truth Tells We are

SELLING CHEAP

July 2nd, 1892. fe25

VICTORIA

REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS

OF

JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

TO GROCERS.
Don't buy old pickles from the East, because you can buy after August 15th, Choice New Pickles from British Columbia Vegetables in quantities from a dozen pails to car load lots, put up in pints, quarts and pails. at
Falconer's Victoria Vinegar Works.

SIMON LEISER...
IMPORTER AND
WHOLESALE GROCER

LENZ & LEISER
Wholesale Dry Goods.
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

California Wine Co.
WHOLESALE
WINES AND LIQUORS
64 Douglas Street.

H. R. FOOT & CO.,
BUILDERS OF
YACHTS, BOATS and CANOES
Warren's Wharf, James Bay.

STEMLER & EARLE
Pioneer Steam Coffee and Spice Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
Coffee, Spices, Cocoa, Cream Tartar, Mustard and Baking Powder.

BOUCHERAT & CO
IMPORTERS OF
WINES AND LIQUORS

THE GREAT FRUIT SEASON IS HERE.

GEO. POWELL & CO.

"CHEAPSIDE"

OFFER

Fruit Kettles Very Cheap, Mason Jars all Sizes.

JELLY GLASSES, FRUIT KETTLES.

The best Stoves, Crockery, Hardware and General Household Furnishings.

Don't forget the address:

CHEAPSIDE—127 GOVERNMENT STREET